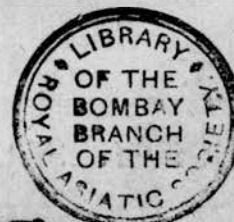


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Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXII NO. 22

BOMBAY FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1934

TWELVE PAGES

THOUSANDS PERISH LIKE FLIES IN CHINA!

Many Villages Washed Away Yellow River Bursts Through Dykes & Continue To Rise

LONDON Jan. 25.

SHANGHAI:—Floods on the borders of Honan and Chihli caused by the Yellow River bursting through the reconstructed dykes continued to rise, but the extent of casualties and damage is not yet obtainable.

According to Chinese reports many villages have been washed away, while thousands marooned on house-tops fell into the swirling waters like flies and perished.

No deaths are yet reported as the result of the earthquake yesterday between Shansi and Shiyuan, but scores have been injured when the straw thatched dwellings collapsed leaving the inmates exposed to the rigorous of the bitter winter.—Reuter.

London Mayor's Fund For Bihar GOVT. PLAN FOR REBUILDING HOUSES

PATNA, Jan. 25.

It transpires that the problem of rebuilding ruined houses and towns was among important matters discussed at a joint meeting of both halves of the Government last evening. It appears that a survey will soon be made of the houses damaged with a view to determining which of them are safe and which, being unsafe, require to be pulled down. An expert staff will be detailed for the purpose. On receipt of the report the question of funds needed for rebuilding on a moderate plan is to be settled. Presumably proposals to make the buildings earthquake-proof will be considered.

LONDON MAYOR'S FUND. A report has been received here that the Lord Mayor of London is organising the collection of funds in England for Bihar Relief. A similar report has been received from Paris. Subscriptions so far received by the Provincial Branch of the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund amount to Rs. 24,031. Subscriptions to the Rajendra Prasad Central Relief Committee amount to over Rs. 80,000.

YELLOW RIVER TRAGEDY

LONDON, Jan. 25.

Shanghai: One hundred and seventy-five men, women and children were drowned following an explosion fire on the steamer "Weltung" on the Yellow River. The steamer grounded on a sandbank near Hankow, listed heavily and part of her cargo of tallow flowed into the engine-room causing the explosion fire.

Only 10 crew and 24 passengers could be rescued.—Reuter.

WRECK AND RUIN SEEN FROM AIR

PATNA, Jan. 25.

An exclusive story of the first aerial reconnaissance made with a view to finding out the extent of the damage to standing crops and the amount of silting and flood-

ing caused by the earthquake over certain areas in North Bihar has been obtained by a special representative of the Associated Press who toured is parts of north Bihar.

Mr. W. Fairweather of Muzaffarpur who was one of the aerial reconnaissance party in the course of an interview said:

LAND MADE USELESS. "With Mr. Mathews of the Bengal and North Western Railway, I made a cross country flight to Sitamarhi crossing the Tatariah factory. From Tatariah factory and towards Belsund factory land has been badly flooded and has left sand deposit on the ground with numerous blow holes everywhere. This sand deposit is very serious as land will be unfit for cultivation as the alluvial soil in this district is only about twelve inches deep over sand and by bringing this sand deposit to surface it would be difficult to get it back into good cultivation again.

BADLY SILTED. Onwards from Belsund factory another tract on the right is badly silted with sand and is nearing Raga Sugar factory. Flooding is worse, but silting does not stem so bad. From Riga to Sitamarhi the ground is still wooded and a portion of the town itself is looking a very bad wreck from the air especially the main Street. From Sitamarhi we proceeded to Sursand and again this flooding and sand upheaval occurred about three miles out but gradually improved nearing Sursand. In Sursand itself we noted that government buildings had collapsed, except the buildings built lately and we also noted that Mr. Gordon the Government Manager, was safe and camping in the compound.

PLANE SCARE. From Sursand we took a direct compass of the course across to Mandhabari and here again the route was badly wooded.

As people here had never seen an aeroplane before, it was rather pitiful to see women covering together in fields and others running in all directions thinking it was some other (Continued on page 5.)

"WE ARE ALL ANXIOUS"

Pt. Malaviya's Wire To Maharajah Of Nepal

CAN WE HELP?

Information As To Actual State of Things Asked For.

BENARES, Jan. 25.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, President, All-India Seva Samiti sent to-day the following telegram to His Highness the Maharaja General Yuddh Shamsher-jung Rana Bahadur:—

"We are distressed to hear of the destruction of life and property caused by earthquake in Nepal and beg respectfully to offer to the King of Nepal, Your Highness and the people of Nepal our profound sympathy in this heartrending national disaster. Here the people of Bihar have also suffered most terribly. The Government and the public are organising relief. The news from Nepal is meagre and we are all anxious. May I request Your Highness to help us with information on the state of things in Nepal and also whether we may send any relief for sufferers.—A.P.

M. S. ANEY RELEASED

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, January 25. Bapuji Aney, ex-Congress President, was released from the Nagpur jail this evening. He is staying with Mr. Ogale, Editor of the "The Maharashtra" and leaves for Wun (Wun) to-morrow en route to Yeotmal.

Japanese Menace To British Trade

Runciman Says Govt Will Fight Inroads On Market

LONDON, Jan. 25.

"You may rely on Government support being given unstintedly in every direction," declared Mr. Walter Runciman, President, Board Trade, in ringing tones referring to the necessity of meeting the inroads of some foreign competitors in the British markets.

Mr. Runciman was addressing the Chamber of Commerce Manchester, where he is spending two days investigating the growing Japanese commercial menace. He said: "Our greatest industries must employ the best brains and adopt the most searching methods of production and distribution." He urged that cleverest young university men should be put to commerce instead of processions "some whereof were only parasitic."

Particularising Japan, Mr. Runciman said: "We protest against the foreign political and other influences to render our best competitive efforts illusory." While he knew that the Indo-Japanese textile settlement was not what Lancashire wanted it was better than what had been.

He forthrightly showed the possibility of Government action if the British representatives were unable to arrive at reasonable terms with the Japanese in the impending negotiations. The Board of Trade would be satisfied with nothing less than a word market. While he deprecated the application of American principles to British commerce and industry,

BIHAR IN AGONY CALLS FOR SUCCOUR

Pt. Malaviya Appeals To Nation To Observe Sunday As Relief Day

BENARES, January 25.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya to-day issued the following statement appealing to the country to observe Sunday, January 28th, as Bihar Relief Day.

Behar's Agony

"The agony of Bihar is heartrending. It is crying out for help. We cannot bring the dead back to life, but we can prevent further deaths from starvation, disease and exposure to cold by contributing whatever we can towards the relief of sufferers from the earthquake. But to be effective help must be immediate.

Relief Day

Towards this end I appeal to the country that Sunday next, 28th January be observed as "Bihar Relief Day" throughout the country and parties of trusted public workers be organised to make house to house collections in each ward and mohalla on that day.

Programme

The day's work should end with public meetings in suitable centres where donations or articles contributed should be announced and further donations collected. These should be remitted as expeditiously as possible to the Bihar Central Relief Committee, Kadamkuan, Patna, from where they will be sent to the place where they are most needed. I trust everyone, who can, will help forward the work of relief with promptitude and vigour.—A.P.

FRESH AIR AT LAST!

Chittagong Order Expires

CHITTAGONG, Jan. 25.

Ban of Hindu youths below the age of 25 restricting their movements for one week to normal residences expired to-day when all the schools and colleges re-opened and the town assumed normal appearance.—United Press.

E. I. R. UNION AND ECONOMY

Wire To Agent For Interview To Discuss Alternative Schemes

LUCKNOW, January 25.

A meeting of the Railwaymen's Union considered the situation created by the refusal of the Agent to stay orders of discharge on the four hundred employees pending negotiations with the Union. The meeting telegraphed to the Agent urging him to grant an interview to discuss alternative schemes of economy. In the event of refusal of an interview the Union requested the Agent to join their application for a Conciliation Board under the Trades Disputes Act.

The meeting also supported the resolution of Mr. Joshi which he will be moving in the Assembly on January 30, regarding the policy of wage-cuts, retrenchments of the lower paid employees.

The Union requested the Government of India to introduce State Unemployment Insurance scheme. The meeting decided to invite a representative conference in the second week of February with the object of amalgamating the different E.I. Railway Unions into one and opened a relief fund for the relief of the Jamalpur Railway workers.—A.P.

STOP PRESS

RELIEF PARTIES.

BENARES, Jan. 26.

Sri Prakasa, a prominent Congress-man has left for Patna to assist Babu Rajendra Prasad in organising relief work. A second batch of relief workers on behalf of the Local Seva Samiti headed by Dr. Mangalsingh of the Hindu University with Rs. 1,500 and blankets, medicines and other necessary articles has started for Muzaffarpur and the third batch on behalf of the Seva Samiti with Rs. 500 and blankets and cloth has started for Manghyr. The Government has issued an order that the homeless people of Bihar will be sheltered in the building of the Kasbi Vidyalaya which is under Government control.

Assembly Turns A Market Place Battle Of Temple Bill Leads To Vulgar Talk

DILATORY TACTICS AND BORING SPEECHES

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25. By indulging in long speeches involving dilatory tactics over the Anti-Untouchability Bill, Mr. Gayaprasad Singh was deprived of the opportunity of getting his Khaddar Protection Bill which had the support of the Government taken up to-day.

ORTHODOX VIEW.

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachari and Pandit Sen vied with each other in expounding the objections of the orthodox party against the anti-untouchability measure. Both wanted Mahatma Gandhi's Harijan Movement and his present all-India tour to criticisms which certain benches in the House appeared to relish. There had also been provocation for this by the remarks of Mr. Jadhav against Brahmins and Brahman women.

LOW TALK.

In fact the standard of discussion had been very much lowered until Raja Bahadur Krishnamachari, by his clever though lengthy performance, lifted it up only to be lowered again by certain expressions indulged in by Mr. Ranga Iyer. Unmentionable, at any rate unprintable expressions were used and there was also exchange of words in the House.

INCIDENTS FROM RELIGIOUS BOOKS.

For his part he refused to be side-tracked and regaled the members to incidents from religious books which were apt for his point of view that no element of coercion by legislation should be involved in a purely

social reform programme. Mr. M. C. Rajah is the Secretary of his own Party (Centre Party) and so he endeavoured to make out with out offending Mr. Rajah's feelings, that he was a great friend of the depressed classes.

AN EXAMPLE. Some impression was sought to be produced by Raja Bahadur Krishnamachari when he referred to Peter Paul Pillai who, originally a depressed class man, became a convert to Christianity and then called to the Bar did not practise but dedicated his life to the uplift of the depressed classes saying that it was not a social question, but an economic question.

A STRAIGHT QUESTION.

The debate itself was not concluded as the adjournment motion of Mr. B. Das which, unfortunately for him (Mr. Das) had been allowed without objection from Government had to be taken up. Mr. Das put one straight question: "Did the Government of India ask the British Government for plenipotentiary powers to sign the treaty with Japan in India?"

There was no answer to this from Sir Joseph Blore. On the other hand he maintained what he hinted yesterday that though the treaty would be signed in London, it did not affect the present constitutional position, nor would it alter by one jot or tittle the substance of the agreement.

MOTION WITHDRAWN.

By affirming that India's representatives have concluded for the first time with a foreign power an epoch-making agreement the Commerce Member obtained such applause from the House that Mr. B. Das withdrew the motion.

DAS WITHDRAWS ADJOURNMENT MOTION

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

The Assembly met to-day and the President announced the adjournment motion by Mr. B. Das "to discuss the Government of India's proposal that the Indo-Japanese treaty to be signed in London which would reduce the constitutional status of India to that of a subordinate branch of the British Administration and dishonour the Fiscal autonomy Convention".

As no objection was taken the President fixed four p.m. for discussion.

This being a day for non-official bills the House took up the further consideration of Mr. Rajah's Anti-Untouchability Bill. Pandit Sen who had not finished his speech in the Simla session, resumed his arguments and opposed the Bill. He also maintained that as the subject matter of the Bill was sub-judice before the Poona Court, the Bill should be ruled out in the same way as the late Mr. V. J. Patel did against the Public Safety Bill.

The President asked Pandit Sen to read the plaint which he did to show how the matter was sub-judice.—A. P.

The President said that the case was instituted after the bill was introduced and added that

it would be an impossible position for any legislature if Bills could be held up, because some one filed a case before a court of law and made the matter "sub-judice" to prevent certain measures being passed.

Pandit Sen thereupon raised another point taking his stand on section 84 of the Government of India Act and said that the Indian legislature being subordinate to the British Parliament could not pass a measure contravening unwritten laws.

SUBORDINATE TO PARLIAMENT.

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachari intervening helped to explain Pandit Sen's point and said that the freedom of worship and conscience were inherent rights conferred on the people of Great Britain and Ireland under "magna charta" and petition of rights and recognised as an unwritten law. The Indian legislature being subordinate to Parliament, had no right to interfere and present a bill, which was "ultra vires."

PRESIDENT'S RULING

The President ruled that the Bill did not make inroads on the freedom of worship or conscience and did not contravene the unwritten laws.—(Continued on Page 10)

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The 'Bombay Chronicle', Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Mahomoud Bey, the Famous Egyptian Spiritualist, who has astonished the world by his wonderful powers and his remarkable predictions, now is in Bombay at 3rd Floor, Lansdowne House, behind Regal Theatre, Apollo Bunder, Bombay. His Fee is Rs. 5 for 3 Questions to be spiritually solved in your presence. (1861).

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted Silent Mythological Films "Ramayan" preferred. Send synopsis, prices. A.H. Naser & Co. Princess Street. (1860).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch	Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0.	
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-3-0.	
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0.	
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0.	

Motusli Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTENTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MARUTI KUNDLIK WAILOJI, of Bombay Maratha Hindu Inhabitant, a Hay Merchant, residing at Dinku Parbhau's Wadi Ghorapdeo, Byculla, outside the Fort of Bombay. Deceased.

ANANDRAO MARUTI WAILOJI, of Bombay Maratha Hindu Inhabitant, a Hay Merchant, residing at Dinku Parbhau's Wadi Ghorapdeo, Byculla, outside the Fort of Bombay. Deceased.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovesaid deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, before said this Eighteenth day of January in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-four and in the Twenty-fourth Year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL, Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 18th day of January, 1934. Messrs. SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT, Petitioner's Attorneys.

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & CO.
Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT NAOPADA BANDRA.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Thakorda, Daru Hemany & Co., Attorneys for the Presidency Provident and General Insurance Company Limited the Transferees of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of Alimohamed Ahmed Chumawalla the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale reserved under an indenture of Mortgage dated the 20th January 1932 between the said Alimohamed Ahmed Chumawalla of the one part and Hajirabai widow of Hajir Vallimohamed Motil and another of the other part and in the Transfer of Mortgage dated the 5th April 1933 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on FRIDAY, the 26th January 1934 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Gaonhan land together with the buildings standing thereon admeasuring 513 square yards or thereabouts and being at Naopada Bandra, bearing part of City Survey No. 37 and bounded on the North by the Road on the South by open Government land on the East partly by City Survey No. 38 and partly by the remaining portion of City Survey No. 37 and on the West by City Survey No. 38.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Thakorda Daru Hemany & Co., Attorneys for the Transferees at 65, Esplanade Road, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

MENESSE & Co

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1998 TONS COTTON (MOGLAI, KHANDESH AND BENGAL COTTON)

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 31st January, 1934, at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at the Cotton Depot Sewree opposite Wadia Gardens on the Post Trust Plot by order of the Insurance Offices concerned the abovesaid cotton damaged cotton that arrived from the late fire that occurred in the godown of Messrs. Kanjee Shivjee and Co.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers Tons Arrive Leave
Tottori Maru 5973 18 Jan 27 Jan
Nagato Maru 5901 23 Jan 3 Feb
Tango Maru 6893 30 Jan 12 Feb
Maybashi Maru 7005 17 Feb 27 Feb

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services 450 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers Tons Leave
Hakone Maru 10500 8 Feb
Suwa Maru 10700 30 Feb
Fushimi Maru 11000 6 Mar

COLOMBO MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers Tons Leave
Hakusan Maru 10500 31 Jan
Haruna Maru 10500 14 Feb
HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers Tons Leave
Tatsuta Maru 17000 21 Feb
Asama Maru 17000 7 Mar

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers Tons Leave
Hiye Maru 11600 19 Feb
Helan Maru 11600 10 Mar
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Phone No. 202791
Telegrams: "YUSEN".

THE ASIAN POULTRY FARM

11, CONNAUGHT ROAD, POONA

25 BREEDS LIST PRICE

25 BREEDS LIST PRICE

Under the kind patronage of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

at the ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

SATURDAY, the 27th January At 8-30 p.m.

KANHOPATRA

Kanhopatra: Master KRISHNA-RAO

SUNDAY, the 28th January At 3-30 p.m.

SWAYAMVAR

Booking at the theatre daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

Royal Opera House TO LET

from 1st January 1934.

Apply: ARYAN ELECTRIC COY., Portuguese Church Naka, Girgaum. Tel. No. 24725.

EXCELLENT IN EVERY RESPECT!

Going Strong

SHREE MAHALAXMI CINE-TONE'S MASTERPIECE:

RADHA-MOHAN

OR

NAND-KE-LALA

WITH

Screenland's Most Popular Stars, Master MODAK, Miss ZUBEDA BANOO and DINKAR.

IMPERIAL CINEMA

TIME: 5-15, 8, 10-30 P.M.

Screenland's Most Popular Stars, Master MODAK, Miss ZUBEDA BANOO and DINKAR.

KOHINOOR CINEMA

DADAR (B.B.)

(The Pet Theatre of Cine-fans from Bombay Suburbs)

Shows the Tale of Romance with the Romantic Star of the Screen:

RAMON NOVARRO

IN

"A NIGHT IN CAIRO"

DELIGHTFUL MUSIC, SPICY DIALOGUES, HE WILL CATCH YOU BY YOUR HEART.

also showing a rollicking Comedy of those funny fellows

LAUREL & HARDY IN MURDER CASE.

DAILY at 5: 7-30 & 10-30 P.M.

MATINEE at 2-30 P.M. on SAT. SUN. and HOLIDAYS.

THE CARLTON

Daily 3 Shows at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY

The Adorable Musical Comedy.

ADORABLE

JANET GAYNOR and HENRY GARAT

FROM TO-MORROW:

LARCENY IN LOVE!

The Lively Tale of a Beautiful Girl Detective set on the Trail of a Romantic Rogue.

"DANGEROUSLY YOURS"

with

WARNER BAXTER MARIAM JORDAN.

but she bound him with shackles of love!

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.
January 25.
Goldengate, Fagerland, Rangoon.
Haideri, G.H. Colombo.
Pendeen, Miles, Cardiff.

DEPARTURES.
January 26.
Shyogen Maru, Sekai, Karachi.
Deftford, Loster, New York.

LOADING.

January 25.

Steamer Havre Maru for Kobe.

Steamer Naldera for London.

Steamer Barpela for Busrah.

Steamer Varela for Busrah.

S.S. Goldengate:—The Scindia S. N. Coy.'s steamer Goldengate arrived in harbour on Thursday from Rangoon with a general cargo and rice.

S.S. Haideri:—The Eastern S. N. Coy.'s steamer Haideri, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Colombo with a general cargo.

S.S. Pendeen:—The Messrs. Ralli Bros.' steamer Pendeen, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Cardiff, with ballast.

S.S. Shyogen Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Shyogen Maru, will sail to-day for Karachi, with same bottom cargo and passengers.

S.S. Deftford:—The Messrs. Lewis Drefuse Coy.'s steamer Deftford, will sail to-day for New York, with a cargo of linseed.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, January 25.

S.S. Naldera for London:—103 bales coffee Thos. Cook and Son; 9 cases animal skins I. P. Levy; 4 cases animal skins Gindlay and Co.

S.S. Mundra for London:—65 bags groundnut kernels S. M. Rajgor and Co.

S.S. Sonnenfels for Hamburg:—235 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 77 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd.; 55 bales cotton raw K. Deychand and Co.; 2500 bags groundnut oil cakes Swastika Oil Mills Ltd.; 7010 bags groundnut oil cakes H. Rawji and Co.; 3000 bags groundnut oil cakes H. V. Omerbhoy; 10800 bags groundnut oil cakes H. V. Omerbhoy; 1204 bags linseed and 9500 bags groundnut oil cakes Strauss and Co.; 125 bags gum oilpanum E. Valmahomad and Co.; 24 bales cotton fly Textile Products Ltd.; 40 bales cotton yarn Sassoon J. David and Co.

For Antwerp:—2805 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 40 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd.; 232 bales cotton raw S. Karamshi and Co.; 605 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.; 49 bales wool Ralli Bros.; 1400 bags groundnut oil cakes H. V. Omerbhoy; 2375 bags groundnut oil cakes H. V. Omerbhoy; 470 bags kardi seed, 248 bags linseed and 129 bags mustard seed Amin and Sons; 1400 bags groundnut oil cakes Strauss and Co.

For Rotterdam:—110 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 220 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.; 4000 bags groundnut oil cakes H. V. Omerbhoy; 3405 bags groundnut oil cakes H. Rawji and Co.; 1000 bags groundnut oil cakes M. Hussein and Sons; 2000 bags groundnut oil cakes H. V. Omerbhoy; 1332 bags kardi seed T. S. Thadani and Sons.

For Passages:—75 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Gyeilna:—55 bales cotton raw K. Deychand and Co.

For Stockholm:—2000 bags groundnut oil cakes J. Travers and Sons; 3505 bags groundnut oil cakes H. Rawji and Co.

For Malmo:—1405 bags groundnut oil cakes H. Rawji and Co.

For Bremen:—425 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 220 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Varberg:—1333 bags groundnut oil cakes J. Travers and Sons.

S.S. President Polk for New York:—6 bales animal skin Grindlay and Co.; 23 bales animal skin D. Abraham and Sons; 4 pots palma rosa oil Volkart Bros.; 3 pots palma rosa oil S. Nowroji and Co.

For Boston:—30 bales animal skins D. Abraham and Sons.

For Genoa:—3 bales animal skins D. Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Springbank for New York:—67 bags vegetable seed A. Virji and Co.

S.S. Havre Maru for Kobe:—200 tons iron scrap G. Gabriel.

S.S. Nagato Maru for Kobe:—400 bales cotton raw S. Karamshi and Co.; 400 bales cotton raw N. Naghi and Co.

For Osaka:—125 tons iron scrap M. Jirraj and Co.; 200 tons iron

scrap A. Popatlal and Sons.

For Haiphong:—2000 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S.S. Totori Maru for Kobe:—2000 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha Ltd.; 200 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co., Ltd.; 500 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.; 100 bales cotton raw Breu and Co.

For Osaka:—800 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd.; 400 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.; 500 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokohama:—200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd.

For Yokkaichi:—500 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S.S. Totori Maru for Kobe:—700 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 1000 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

From Moji:—300 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, January 25.

S.S. Kaiser I. Hind, agents M. M. and Co. from London:—87 cases provision; 50 cases medicine; 64 cases wine; 45 cases glue water; 55 cases castor oil; 1000 cases roofing felt; 1210 drums paint; 56 drums calour; 138 drums varnish; 42 drums disinfectant fluid; 427 drums oilumen; 50 drums tyres; 176 drums whiskey; 320 drums cycle rims; 54 drums soap; 1050 drums cement; 150 drums gin; 130 drums milk powder; 55 drums chalk; 176 drums whitening; 50 drums cordials; 71 drums oil stores; 115 drums cheese; 51 drums tubes; 130 kegs lead; 89 cases biscuits; 72 cases preserves; 58 drums lub oil.

From Bordeaux:—106 cases brandy.

From Copenhagen:—50 cases beer.

From Basle:—30 bris aniline colour.

From Marseilles:—40 cases cotton goods with artificial silk embroidery; 36 cases silk yarn; 100 cases cement; 30 cases mineral water; 91 cases motor-car covers; 34 cases tyres; 40 cases cases of oil and 112 cases bolts and nuts.

From Alexandria:—51 bales cotton.

From Aden:—35 bags gum melbi.

S.S. Moldavia, agents M. M. and Co. from London:—130 cases provision.

From Port Said:—225 bales cotton.

From Port Sudan:—10 cases canvas shoes.

S.S. Vauova, agents M. M. and Co. from Busrah:—111 cases Co. from Busrah:—111 cases animal skins; 109 bags brains; 1038 bags mash; 294 bags barley; 6354 bags dates.

From Karachi:—125 cases dry fruits; 19 pkgs. brass scraps; 19 bags fish manure; 863 bags bags fish manure; 865 bags wheat; and 369 bales cotton.

Death Sentence For Dismissed Constable

CALCUTTA, January 24.

The Additional Sessions Judge, Alipore sentenced to death Chaturbhuj Singh, a dismissed constable, on charge of murdering Sub-Inspector Chaudhry of the Sibpore Police.

According to the prosecution, the constable bore a grudge against the deceased, who he believed was instrumental in his dismissal from the force. It was stated that the accused ambushed and attacked Sub-Inspector on the night of 9th June, 1933, the day he was dismissed.—A.P.

EXPLORING GIR FOREST REGIONS

AHMEDABAD. (By Mail).

Mr. Vinayak B. Mehta, who took part in the Himalayan expedition of 1933, started to-day on an expedition to explore the unexplored regions of the Gir forest. He is accompanied by two other Gujarati youths and seven more will join him at Jamnagar.

Mr. Vinayak and his companions hope to join the Himalayan expedition in May and hope that the training that they will receive from the present expedition will stand them in good stead for the Himalayan expedition.—A.P.

Laby Asmanjagh, mother of Nawab Moln-ud-Dowla Bahadur, whose team is at present engaged at Steudersabad in a match against the M.C.C. died on Wednesday night of paralysis, says a Hyderabad (Deccan) message.

SEE and HEAR

The Queen Supreme of THE INDIAN SCREEN

SULOCHANA

IN

"SULOCHANA"

OR

"TEMPLE BELLS"

IMPERIAL'S Greatest Production of all times

With

D. BULLIMORIA ZILLOO CHANDRA JAMSHEDJI LADI GULAM MOHAMED

Director: CHAUDHARY

Commencing on SATURDAY, the 27th January

MAJESTIC

CINEMA

GIRGAUM — BOMBAY.

WHO ARE THE "DEPRESSED"?

Govt. Interpret Term "Untouchables"

A Bill further to amend the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1925, called the Bombay Primary Education (Amendment) Act 1934 has been published. In the course of the statement of objects and reasons, it is mentioned:—

The Depressed Classes and Aboriginal Tribes Committee, appointed by Government in 1928 in pursuance of a resolution moved by Dr. P. G. Solanki and passed by the Legislative Council recommended, in paragraphs 8 to 12 of their report published in 1930—

(1) that the term "untouchables" as describing the classes to which it is applied at present is offensive and that they should henceforth be officially designated as "Depressed Classes" a designation which will be in consonance with the existing practice; and

(2) that, as the term "Depressed Classes" used in Schedule A to the Bombay Primary Education Rules, 1924, made under the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1924, has given rise to confusion of thought inasmuch as it has assumed a much wider meaning than it bears in common parlance and includes, in addition to the untouchables, the Aboriginal Tribes, the Criminal Tribes and other wandering and backward castes, the nomenclature of the classifications hitherto adopted in the Bombay Primary Education Rules, 1924, should be changed, the classes therein shown as "Backward" and "Depressed" being re-named "Intermediate" and "Backward" respectively.

Government have accepted these recommendations of the Committee and have decided that the revised nomenclature should be adopted for all purposes, including the grant of educational privileges and representation on public bodies.

DADABHAI'S STATUE

Opened By Gaekwar At Navsari

CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Hindu: Magh Shud 11, 1930.
Muslim: Sha'awal 10, 1352.
Parsi: Amardad 22, 1303.
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 29m.
High tide: 8-19, 25-29.
Low tide: 4-19, 25-26.

K. F. Nariman's lecture on "Students and Economic Swaraj" under the auspices of Swadeshi League, at 6 p.m. (S.T.), Marwadi Vidyalaya, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to preside.

Public meeting to protest against Terminal Tax, 6 p.m., Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

S. S. Communion with English mails of January 11, due at 7 a.m.
Western India National Liberal Association: Public meeting, Association's Hall, 107, Esplanade Road, Fort, 6 p.m.
Barrows Lecture on "Christianity and Internationalism", Wilson College Hall, 6-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, January 27.
Bombay Races: First Day of Big Meeting.

Annual meeting of Senate of Bombay University, Convocation Hall, 2 p.m.

SUNDAY, January 28.
All-India Textile Workers' Conference, D. T. Hall, Maidan, at 3 p.m.

MONDAY, January 29.
Bombay Art Society: Annual Exhibition, Town Hall, 4-45 p.m.

THE REGAL

The Theatre Magnificent
LAST TWO SHOWS AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.

Of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
SPECTACULAR PRODUCTION

RASPUTIN AND THE EMPRESS

Starring

JOHN • ETHEL • LIONEL
BARRYMORE

Vividly Depicting The Machinations of The MAD MONK of History.

TO-MORROW
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

GIRLS! ROMANCE!! TROUBLE!!!

ALL IN A HILARIOUS
MIXTURE OF MUSICAL COMEDY

MEET THE BARON
WITH THE CROWNED HEADS
OF COMEDY IN A JOY-RIDE
OF MERRY-MAKING

JIMMY DURANTE
ZASU PITTS-JACK PEARL
EDNA MAY OLIVER

And The M. G. M. Dancers
ADDED ATTRACTION
The Latest Rib Ticker By

LAUREL AND HARDY

Book Now Phone 22323

Your Final Opportunity To Enjoy
OUR 6TH ANNIVERSARY HIT

THE CAPITOL

Bombay's Leading Talkie House.
3 SHOWS TO-NIGHT AT 4, 6-30 AND 10 P. M.

KING VIDOR'S MUSICAL
Bird & Paradise

Starring The Exotic Belle
DOLORES DEL RIO
RADIO'S HAWAIIAN ROMANCE

BY INSISTENT DEMAND
COMMENCING TO-MORROW
WARNER BROS.'
ENDORSED & ACKNOWLEDGED
SCREEN SENSATION

Gold Diggers of 1933

The World's Greatest Musical
THERE IS NO NEED TO SPECULATE THE FACT THAT IT RAN TO PACKED HOUSES FOR TWO WEEKS AND IS STILL IN DEMAND SPEAKS FOR ITSELF

Therefore Book Right Now
BOOKING FROM 9-30 A. M.

BHARAT KALA MANDAL
A concert of the above Art Union will take place to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. at the Royal Opera House.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY
The monthly meeting of the Society will be held at the Maratha Tuberculosis Hospital to-day (Friday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

EARTHQUAKE RELIEF
A meeting of South Indian will be held at the South Indian Association Hall, Matunga, to-day (Friday), at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.) to concert measures for the collection of funds for the above relief.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION
Mr. Ardesir N. Billimoria, Editor, "The Cheraj" of Navsari, will give a lecture in Gujarati at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, (French Bridge, Chowpatty) to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. on "Ceremonies of the Dead."

W. I. NATIONAL LIBERAL ASSN.
Under the auspices of the Western India National Liberal Association a public meeting will be held in the rooms of the Association, Opp. University Office, 107, Esplanade Road, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Messrs. D. G. Dalvi, A. D. Shroff, M. D. Adekar and B. N. Gokhale will speak on "The Results of the Macraes Session of the Liberal Federation." Sir Chimanlal Setalvad will preside.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS
His Imperial Persian Majesty's Ships "Palang" and "Babr" are due to arrive in Bombay at 8 a.m. on the 29th instant and will anchor at the Government Moorings. They are at present.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

VIRBAJI NUSSEERWANJI CAMA.
—Widow of the late Mr. Nusservanji Muncherji Cama, daughter of the late Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw Petit and mother of Muncherji, Pirojbal Temurasp Cama, Ruttonbal Rustamji Gandhi and Shera, died this morning of heart-failure.

The funeral took place yesterday at 4 p.m. at Framji Hall, Warden Road.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S HEALTH DAY—Under the auspices of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee, School Children's Health Day organised by Dr. Bhaoorath will be celebrated on Sunday Jan. 28 at 3-30 p.m. (B.T.) in the Glider Tank Municipal Hall near Grant Road Station under the presidency of Dr. Mrs. Malini-bai Sukhtankar J.P.

PROF. KARVE'S VISIT TO WOMEN'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.
Prof. D. K. Karve of the Women's University, Poona paid a visit to the Industrial School for women at Parel of the Social Service League, on Tuesday. He was shown round the Class by Mr. K. P. Taskar, the Organising Secretary and the Head Master. He was pleased with the work and remarked that he was "exceedingly happy" to visit the institutions and hoped that the want for more accommodation for the growing number of students would soon be met.

G.I.P. RAILWAY WORKERS' UNION
Under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the G.I.P. Railway Workers' Union a public meeting of the workers will be held in Goal Maidan opposite Matunga (G.I.P. Rly.) station to-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. when President of the A.I.T.U.C. Harinath Shastri and Messrs. Rukar, Jhabvala, Alwe, Maniben Kara and other Labour Leaders will address the meeting.

MAYOR'S 'QUAKE RELIEF COMMITTEE.
A meeting of the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund Committee appointed at a meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held in the Corporation Hall to-day (Friday), at 4-39 p.m.

Nadiad, Jan. 24.—The Street-Shakti Karyalaya of Surat has decided to compile a directory of the institutions started in Gujarat and Kathiwar for the benefit of

"STUDENTS AND ECONOMIC SWARAJ"

Mr. Nariman's Lecture

Under the auspices of the Bombay Swadeshi League an inaugural address on "Students and Economic Swaraj" will be delivered by Mr. K. F. Nariman to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

Prof. D. R. Gadgil (of Gakhale School of Economics and Politics), Poona, will deliver the second lecture of the series on "Cotton Trade Conferences" on Sunday, January 28, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

H. O. H. FETE

Cheap Railways Return Tickets

In connection with the H.O.H. Fete, the Railways are issuing cheap return tickets at a fare and a half combined with reduced entrance to the Fete from all Suburban Stations up to Kasara and Karjat.

Panchgani Parsi Ex-Student's At Dinner

The fifth annual dinner of the Panchgani Parsi High School Ex-students Association was held on Sunday last at Mongin's when a hundred covers were laid including guests. The parents and guardians of the present students were also invited. The toast of the school was proposed by Mr. S. H. Kapadia and responded to by Mr. B. N. Billimoria on behalf of the Principal. The President of the Association, proposed the toast of the Guests of the evening in a few interesting words and Mr. J. R. Dalal a teacher responded on behalf of the guests.

After a pleasant evening the function came to an end.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR: "Cabin in the Cotton". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL: "Rasputin and the Empress". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL: "Bird of Paradise". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON: "Adorable" with Janet Gaynor and Henry Garat, at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE: "King of Jazz". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10-30 p.m.

WELLINGTON: "Emperor Jones". at 6-30 and 10-30 p.m.

GLOBE: "Gaffi Musafer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC: "Bhakta Pralhad". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

ROXY: "Looking on the Bright Side". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

KRISHNA: "Surya-Kumari". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MINERVA: "Yahoodi-Ki-Larki". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KOHINOOR: "A Night in Cairo". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

7-0 a.m. Time signal and commercial bulletin.

12 noon, Indian music.

12-30 p.m. European music.

1-0 p.m. Market opening rates and close down.

6-0 p.m. Music from Pathe Cinema.

6-20 p.m. Miss Lakdawalla in light Indian music.

7-30 p.m. Market prices. (Interval).

8-15 p.m. Empire relay.

9-0 p.m. News, weather and cotton rates.

9-15 p.m. Film chart.

9-30 p.m. Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra.

11-0 p.m. Close down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben, News Bulletin.

7-45 p.m. Light music.

8-30 p.m. Time Signal from Greenwich. The John MacArthur Quintet.

8-50 p.m. Old Highland Aire.

9-40 p.m. Music and the Ordinary Listener, a talk by Sir Walford Davies.

10-0 p.m. Hotel Metropole Orchestra.

10-30 p.m. News Bulletin.

10-45 p.m. Troise and his Mandoliers.

11-45 p.m. B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.

Secret Of Health

The Real Secret of Good Health is the title of a pocket size booklet issued by Messrs. Casophene Manufacturing Co. (India). The booklet contains information on health, and hygiene, recipes for cleaning household articles, rules of first aid, digestion tables, etc.

It contains some geographical information also. The booklet can be had free on application from Messrs. Casophene Manufacturing Co., Bunder Road, Karachi.

"A HORE OF BARBARIANS"

Bombay Chinese Consul Denounces Kashghar Government

DETERMINATION TO FIGHT REBELS

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.

"The Chinese Government will fight the Kashghar rebels till the end," said the Chinese Consul in Bombay to a representative of the Associated Press, "and foreign Governments must tarry awhile before according recognition to the so-called new government."

He said that the reported despatch of a "mission" from Kashghar to Kabul with a view to securing the recognition of the new Government was an act of presumptuousness of which only rebels and upstarts could be guilty. The Afghan and British Governments were bound by treaties of friendship to China and could not, consistently with their obligations, recognise the Government of a horde of "barbarians."

REPORT INACCURATE?
Questioned as to whether he had received any information from China about the new turn of affairs in the province of Sinkiang he replied in the negative and added that he was inclined to be sceptical about the accuracy of the message from Tashkend.

"Tashkend," he said, "is about 500 miles away from Kashghar and there are no communications except very primitive ones which in these days of snow and frost and biting winds must have completely broken down. How then could Tashkend know anything about the state of affairs in Kashghar? It becomes doubly difficult to lend credence to the Tashkend message when one realises that India with its outposts much nearer Kashghar and with much better communications has heard nothing whatever about the new Government."

—A.P.

ECONOMY OF MODERN ARCHITECTURE

Uncommon Art Exhibition

(By Our Art Critic.)

The exhibition of architectural designs and will decoration now open at the Durbar Hall, Town Hall arranged by Mr. Muthesius who has been responsible for the planning and designing of the new Manik Bagh Palace at Indore is of uncommon interest to students of modern architecture and craftsmanship. Mr. Muthesius is of opinion that the universal demand post-war economy has involved styles of modern architecture which are positively helpful to the climatic conditions of India. Mr. Muthesius inherits the skill of the artist-builder. For his father, Mr. Hermann Muthesius was considered as one of Germany's front rank architect at the beginning of this century. He is the author of several books on architecture. Most of the space at the present exhibition is occupied with Mr. Muthesius' architectural work at Indore. But there are photographs, drawings and similar exhibits which demonstrate particularly his ideas for small country houses in the city suburbs and the moorland. Along with these drawings and photographs are arranged the exhibits of decorative work executed by Mr. Messiamidt. A Berlin artist. His treatment of wall surfaces, ceiling and decorative work has elements of ingenious novelty and charm. The exhibition is free to all interested in modern architecture and workmanship. It will remain open till Sunday the 28th, from 11 in the morning to 6 in the evening. It should not be missed.

MR. SHASTRI ARRIVES IN BOMBAY

The President of the All-India Textile Workers Conference, Mr. Hariharan Shastri of Cawnpore arrived in Bombay to-day.

Bandra Variety Entertainment

On Sunday, the Chimal (Bandra) Dramatic Union held their 2nd annual entertainment at the St. Andrew's Church grounds. The programme consisted of a variety of items, in which popular songs in English together with songs in Marathi and Hindustani composed for the occasion and depicting current topics were well rendered and greatly appreciated and applauded by the audience. A humorous drama in Marathi sketching the evils of Drink played an important part in the programme.

Mr. J. G. Pereira, solicitor, who presided congratulated the Union on their good performance and encouraged them to continue on the lines they had started.

CHIRNER CASE APPEAL ADMITTED

But Judge Rejects Bail Application

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Jan. 25.

Mr. N. N. Master, the Sessions Judge of Thana, admitted yesterday an appeal preferred by Mr. Waman Anant Rega, pleader, on behalf of seven Hindus, of Chirner, who were convicted on January 11 last by Mr. S. A. Tannadi, first class Magistrate of Panvel, on charges of rioting and assault on two police officers (in uniform). Four of the appellants were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default two months' additional jail, while the remaining three were awarded three months' hard labour and a fine of Rs. 30 or in default one month more.

PROSECUTION STORY.

According to the prosecution story in the trial Court, 12 accused (of whom one is absconding and four were discharged) went in a party on August 13 last to the out post at Chirner, where Deshmukh and Achekar, two police officers, were on duty. After making a "demonstration" by beating drums, the accused left the place on receiving a coconut according to the custom, and went towards other part of the town. Fifteen minutes later a woman came running to the outpost and complained to the police that some persons were abusing her and pelting stones at her house. The policemen went with her, and on seeing the police, the party stopped. One man, who offered liquor to the police, was arrested. Thereupon the party attacked the policemen with stones. The police party were rescued next morning by the Sub-Inspector of Panvel police, who came with a party, on receiving a report from the police pathi.

In all 21 witnesses were examined on behalf of the Crown, while the defence did not adduce evidence.

The Sessions Judge, after hearing the appellants' pleader yesterday, admitted the appeal. The Judge, however, rejected an application for bail in view of the serious nature of the charges.

CITY EUROPEAN ARRESTED

Alleged Rash And Negligent Driving Of Car

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, Jan. 25.

Mr. H. M. Sevelberg, a European merchant of the Messrs. Haverro Trading Company, Ballard Estate, was arrested by the Ghatskopar police on a charge of driving his motor car in a rash and negligent manner and subsequently let out on bail.

He was charge-sheeted yesterday before the Resident Magistrate of Kurla. It is alleged that one Umarsi Dalvi Shah was knocked down by the accused on the morning of January 22 last as a result of which he had to be removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, where he is detained for treatment.

Jailed For Receiving "Satta" Bet

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, Jan. 25.

Shankar Yeshwant Karpatkar, who was arrested by the Kurla police on a charge of receiving "satta" bets on public road, was convicted yesterday and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25 or in default seven days' hard labour.

CLERKS CHARGED WITH CHEATING

Story Of Missing Cheque Book

Sallies of wit and humour by Mr. Justice Blackwell enlivened the proceedings of the Sessions Court to-day when the case was resumed in which Joachim Alphonso and Leo Michael Dies, both Goans are charged with cheating Mr. Philip Godinho, Advocate, of Rs. 3,500 by means of forged cheques.

Both the accused were clerks in the office of Mr. Salazar, Advocate, which is adjacent to Mr. Godinho's in Kalbadevi.

STORY OF CHEQUE BOOK.
Mr. Godinho, examined by Mr. Carden Noad, prosecution counsel, said he knew both the accused. There was a communication door between his office and Mr. Salazar's. He had one key of his safe in which the cheque-book was kept. He was surprised when on June 21 he was given a duplicate key by the first accused's brother. He had always kept the cheque book in his safe, but now he took it home. (Laughter).

LATE IN LOOKING STABLE.
The Judge:—That is looking the stable after the horse has gone.

At this stage, the witness stated something of his own accord. Thereupon Mr. Noad said: "Remember, you are in the witness-box and not on this side of the table."

SPEAK WHEN SPOKEN TO.
His Lordship:—You must not say anything till a question is put to you. It may be a novelty to you. (Laughter).

SHOCKED.
Further questioned witness said that he got the shock of his life when he got a letter from the Chartered Bank on June 3 telling him that his account had been overdrawn. He had always a large balance in the bank. The case is proceeding.

Toddy Talk Leads To Pandemonium City Fathers Shed Mask Of Temperance And Go Wet

Chaos and confusion reigned supreme in the Corporation Hall on Thursday evening when discussion was resumed on the question of permitting the Municipal Commissioner to sell the right of tapping Municipal trees for drawing toddy.

At the last meeting Sir J. B. Boman Beharam had moved to adopt the committee's report which stated that the policy adopted by the Corporation and the Trust with a view to promoting temperance amongst the citizens, especially the labouring class, had failed in achieving its object owing to the importation of toddy in large quantities from places outside the City and the letting of coconut trees owned by private owners in the City for tapping and therefore recommended to rescind the resolution passed in July 1930.

UPROAR.
Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta in the course of his speech used the word "tout" for those who advocated the use of toddy and there was a great uproar in the house. Some Councillors took umbrage at the word stating that it was unparliamentary. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta sent for Webster's Dictionary and maintained that the word was not unparliamentary and he had used that word in the Legislative Assembly without being pulled up by the President. While he was still reading the meaning from the Dictionary, the uproar increased and he put the Dictionary down.

Hon. Sir Pheroz Sethna then took up the Dictionary and continued reading which, said "one who pleases for customers," "spy," "swindler," "thief," etc. The Mayor then asked Mr. Mehta to withdraw the expression which he did. The discussion then went on and culminated in the adoption of the resolution by a snap majority of two.

HEALTH AND MORALITY.
Mr. Jamnadas said the Government had foisted the question upon the Corporation in a very disingenuous manner. The Corporation had to consider the health and morality of the citizens. By asking the Corporation to reconsider the question Government were practically dictating policy to the corporation, as to what they should do and what they should not. It was true that in America the question of drink was revived as there too were many "touts" of toddy here.

Mr. M. N. Talpade rose to a point of order and asked it the word "tout" was parliamentary. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta: I have used this word in the Legislative Assembly and no one questioned it as unparliamentary.

Prof. Davar: We are not concerned with what the President of the Assembly did or did not. In the criminal courts, it conveys very offensive meaning.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala insisted that the word should be withdrawn.

Mr. Jamnadas then sent for the Webster's Dictionary and was reading the meaning of the word

"tout" when the uproar increased and he put away the Dictionary. Sir P. C. Sethna then took up the dictionary and continued reading the several meanings of the word "tout".

The Mayor then asked Mr. Jamnadas to withdraw the word which he did.

Mr. Jamnadas then urged the House to throw out the resolution as it affected the health of the citizens.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh also supported Mr. Jamnadas and said alcohol was bad and ruinous for health.

Mr. A. Soares supported the resolution and said if the Corporation did not allow good toddy from their trees, bad toddy will come from outside and spoil the health of their citizens.

Prof. Davar said there was no harm in moderate drinking. Besides alcohol was not the only thing that ruined health. Consumption of more sugar and sweets also spoiled health.

The Municipal Commissioner pointed out that it was not the Government, but he, who was responsible for the revival of the question.

A closer was moved and the resolution was carried by 32 votes

HAGENBECK'S CIRCUS WILL ARRIVE TO-DAY

Carl Hagenbeck's Circus, originally due to arrive in Bombay on Wednesday will not reach Bombay until 2-30 a.m. on Friday (to-day) morning.

Mr. Hagenbeck will broadcast to-day (Friday) night, from the Bombay Broadcasting Station at 9-10 p.m.

One-third of the receipts will be given to the Earthquake Relief Fund on the opening night against 23. A poll was demanded and it was declared carried by 33 votes against 31.

PATHE

To-day only 3-30, 6-30 and 10 To the greatest musical of all time

ALL IN TECHNICOLOR
KING OF JAZZ

TO-MORROW
CHARLES LAUGHTON
WORLD'S greatest character actor in

Paramount's melodrama supreme
WHITE WOMAN
A thrilling picture filmed entirely in Malay jungle

WITH
CAROLE LOMBARD

Book Right Now.

STOP THAT COLD Quickly-Surely

Don't let a cold get the best of you. Fight it energetically with Listerine Antiseptic. Gargle every two hours with Listerine, full strength, and you will give nature powerful aid in restoring normal health.

Listerine is effective against colds because it destroys 98% of the germs in the mouth and throat. Yet Listerine is absolutely harmless to delicate

TRADING AND GALLOP NOTES

Pougatchev And Ethics Give Satisfaction

Fairford And Ibrani Shape Well On Track

(By Our Special Correspondent)

Trainers have been busy during the week giving their charges winding up gallops for the big events. The following work was done on the track:

POUGATCHEV (Walker) was sent a mile on the tan. **LE COMMISSAIRE** (R. Boy) joining over the last 4 furlongs. The former finished resolutely and will run well in the Eclipse Stakes.

CASTLETON (Jones) jumped off from the mile, covering the last 4 furlongs in fast timing. Good. **CELEBRATOR** (Obaid) held **SEATON ROSS** (Clarke) over 7 furlongs on the tan.

ETHICS (Munro) was not extended in a mile gallop with **HEREMIA** (Raffaele). The former is in tip top condition, and will be hard to beat in the Eclipse Stakes.

LOCHMORE (Northmore) and **BRAY BEAU** (R. Boy) travelled 9 furlongs on the race track at 3/4 pace. The pair moved freely.

RISQUE (Clarke) stretched **CARLETON** (Graham) over 14 miles on 1/2 pace track. The former shaped very well.

WHOOPEE (R. Boy) finished ahead of **BERRYDALE** (Dobie) and **ARGUS** (Stokes) over 6 furlongs on the race track.

THE GREEK (Munro) was superior in a 10 furlong gallop. **MAID OF ORLEANS** (Raffaele) over 6 furlongs.

LA FONTAINE (R. Boy) held **GLEN GOWAN** (Gethin) over 5 furlongs. The former has improved since last win.

HERITAGE (Brace) covered a fast 6 furlongs in fine style. Must win shortly.

THRACIAN PRINCE (Evans) beat **THE DAWN PATROL** (McCarthy) over 6 furlongs on the race track. Good.

VILL STREET (Selby) made a favourable impression in company with **HIGHNESS** (McCarthy) over a mile. Ignore Wall Street's last lapse.

ESSEXBROOK (McQuade) asserted her superiority over **CHABOOTRA** (Burn) in a 10 furlong gallop of the race track.

INDUCEMENT (Dall Acqua) finished in front of **CLAIRETTE** (Bullock) over a mile. Watch the former.

HERO WORSHIP (Burn) and **ACHIEVE** (Evans) covered a mile on the tan. A fit pair.

LIGNAN (Lowrey) and **MAYA** (Stokes) spurted 3 furlongs. Both are fit and well.

AURANGZEBE (Graham) beat **KNIGHTS' ADVENTURE** (Harding) by a neck over 5 furlongs.

FAIRFORD (R. Boy) prevailed over **FLOURISH** (Harding) in a 5 furlong trial. Good.

DOPATTA (Munro) galloped 6 furlongs on the race track. **COMPREHENSION** (Jones) accompanied him over the first four furlongs. The former is fit and well.

IBRANI (Selby) beat **DOUCEUSE** (Bullock) and **ROLL UP** (Northmore) in a 6 furlong gallop on the race track.

PERMARCH (Harding) and **ALMEIDA** (Marrable) spurted 4 furlongs. Fair.

FRANCOLIN (Selby) galloped 5 furlongs on the race track. Fair. **CAMILLE** (Dillon) covered an easy 6 furlongs. Well.

MOTI KOH (R. Boy) travelled

7 furlongs on the tan. Has improved.

DARTAGNAN (Obaid) **GIFT** (HCR) (Clarke) and **DIOS** (Gethin) galloped a mile on the tan. The first named was best.

GREEK GLEN (McCloud) and **BRIGHT NIGGER** (Northmore) were sent an easy mile. Fair.

BALLINTOY (Brace) and **IN-SOMNIA** (Graham) travelled a mile on the race track. The latter finished a shade better.

ROSETTE (Brace) and **KNIGHT AT ARMS** (Graham) galloped 7 furlongs on the race track. The former was superior.

ZOZAN (Evans) beat the **VICEROY** (McCarthy) over 9 furlongs on the race track very easily.

VICTOR (Northmore) easily beat **BANCO** (Raffaele) over 9 furlongs.

AL HAMIL (Obaid) and **AMIR AKLAKH** (Stokes) galloped an easy 7 furlongs on the grass. They are both well.

SARSAM (R. Boy) galloped an easy ten furlongs. Fair.

HAMIYAH (Raffaele) did pace-work over 9 furlongs. Fit and well.

QUARRY (Dillon) and **HAZIMA** (Marrable) galloped 9 furlongs on the race track. **ZOOLUM** (Marrable) accompanied them over the last mile. Zoolum won by 3 lengths from Quarry with Hazima last.

IRAB QUEEN (Selby) and **TAL AL IRAQ** (McCarthy) travelled 10 furlongs. The former finished well.

LUCKY BOY (Northmore) extended **AL GHAZI** (McCarthy) over 6 furlongs on the grass. Both are fit and well.

BLUE FUNNEL (Brace) easily beat **ANCHOR** (Graham) in a 6 furlong gallop.

WHITE FLOWER (Munro) travelled 6 furlongs on the tan. **PUNJAB** (Jones) accompanied him over the last four furlongs. Both are well.

KAPALA (R. Boy) and **HAPPY KING** (Raffaele) galloped 7 furlongs on the grass. Kaballa won by 6 lengths.

NAZAM BAHADUR (Raffaele) galloped 6 furlongs. Fit and well.

SCINDIA (Dillon) galloped 5 furlongs on the tan. He is ready.

IASIB AL ZAMAN (Dillon) galloped an easy 5 furlongs on the grass. Fit and well.

WAFADAR (Graham) and **AMIR** (Selby) galloped 6 furlongs on the grass. Fair.

REDCAR (R. Boy) galloped an easy 6 furlongs. He is ready.

BLACK KING (Stokes) beat **NASH NASH** (R. Boy) in a 6 furlong gallop.

TENNYSON (R. Boy) galloped 6 furlongs. He is ready.

BURGESS (Burn) was extended over 4 furlongs. Good.

RIYAD II (Meekings) galloped an easy 6 furlongs. Fair.

SUNSPOT (Raffaele) and **DANCER** (R. Boy) did pace-work over a mile. Both are fit and well.

ARGONAUT (Obaid) did pace-work over a mile. Well.

WATCHMAKER (R. Boy) spurted 3 furlongs. Fit and well.

NAZAM (R. Boy) galloped 6 furlongs on the race track. Fit and well.

WATKINS (R. Boy) travelled

ACQUITTED OF RASH DRIVING

Mr. Ahmed Currimbhoy In Collision With Victoria

Mr. Ahmed Currimbhoy Currimbhoy, figured as accused in a case of rash and negligent driving, that came up for hearing before Mr. P. L. Thakkar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon on Wednesday, but was acquitted.

One Balaram Viswanath, a Victoria driver and the principal prosecution witness in his evidence stated that at 7-45 p.m. on September 18, of last year, he was driving his Victoria on the Hornby Vellard Road from the Hornby towards Tardeo. While he was still on the Vellard Road, Car No. W 2686, driven by the accused came from the opposite direction on the wrong side and collided with the Victoria.

Due to the impact the witness fell down from his seat and received injuries the horse was also injured and the Victoria was completely damaged. The car stopped a little ahead and the accused came to the witness and offered to pay the damages. At the time the accident occurred, it was slightly raining and it was also dark. The accused did not blow the horn. At the time of the accident there was no traffic on the road excepting for a stationary lorry standing a few paces away. After giving his name and address the accused left the place and the police came on the scene later.

Abu Premji, the owner of the Victoria, who was in the Victoria when the impact took place, also gave evidence and mostly corroborated the evidence of the Victoria Driver. He stated that he also received slight injuries.

Two other witnesses were examined for the prosecution.

The accused in his statement to the Court pleaded not guilty to the charge and said that he was driving on the proper side of the road on the day in question. He was going at a moderate speed.

Proceeding the accused said that he was going towards Worli. He noticed a Victoria coming from the opposite direction, which suddenly swerved to the right and slightly grazed against the mud-guard of his car. The Victoria was thrown a few yards to his right on to the foot-path. Finding that there was an accident, the accused stopped his car a few paces ahead and waited in his car expecting somebody to come up to him. On seeing that none came, he got down from the car and went up to the witness Abu and told him that it was very unfortunate that the accident should have occurred. He also told the witness that he wanted to settle the matter out of court. He gave his name and number of the car to the witness and, while returning, told the driver of the Victoria that he ought to have driven the Victoria straight. When he returned from the place of the accident he did not know that anybody had received injuries.

The Magistrate in acquitting the accused said that the prosecution evidence was not clear and definite on the question of speed and whether the car was on the proper side of the road. The prosecution evidence, the Magistrate held, was divided on these questions.

The following telegram was sent by Shri Narayan Swami, President, on behalf of the International Aryan League, Delhi, to Babu Rajendra Prasad as well as the Home Member of the Bihar Government.

"The International Aryan League, sympathising with your province, offers to receive orphans how many they may be, in orphanage under Arya Samaj's Volunteers already sent."

Sir George Anderson, Educational Commissioner with the Government of India who is now on a visit to Ajmer in connection with the proposal for the extension of the local Government College addressed the students of the College on Monday evening. He expressed himself pleased with the work which was being done in that College.—A. F.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Only Nine Runners For Eclipse Stakes Of India

The following are the acceptances for the First Day of the Big Meetings to be held on Saturday:

1st Race (1-45 p.m.)

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE (Division II-B)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750 and third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Argonaut 92; Shaiban 91; White Flower 812; Saduzaman 810; Thaboar 89; Young Avar 87; Happy King 84; Zeebar 713; Burgess 80; Injeman II 80; Al Ghazi 710; Wafadar 70; Queen Singer 710; Al Natiq 77; Nash Nash 74; Redcar 70.

2nd Race (2-15 p.m.)

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE (Division II-A)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750 and third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Iraq Gift 90; Sunspot 90; Dancer 84; Moon Spark 812; Blue Star 89; Lamington 89; Kolhapur Queen 87; Suhama 86; Marib 85; Grey King 85; Gurji Beg 82; Kummer 713; Faithful 713; Nasib Al Zaman 712; Mansfield 7-11; Kayid Saud 7-11; Moly King 710; Punjab 77; Amir 77; Palazaman 74.

3rd Race (2-45 p.m.)

THE FORT PLATE (Division II)—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250 and third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Alienist 94; Greek Burn 813; Inducement 82; Superlative 81; Indomita 74; Silverton 713; Golden Trail 713; Gift Horse 712; Arran Comrade 712; Zarane 711; Dandy Brush 78; Mountain Dancer 77; Galactic 72; Dios 613.

4th Race (3-15 p.m.)

THE FORT PLATE (Division I)—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250 and third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Hero Worship 90; Clairette 811; D'Artagnan 88; Facino 84; Bright Nigger 84; Moti Koh 83; Captain Desmond 80; Achieve 80; Greek Glen 78; Tinder Gee 77; Rosette 74.

5th Race (3-45 p.m.)

THE GENERAL OBAIDULLAH KHAN MEMORIAL GOLD CUP—Distance 1-14 miles.

A Gold Cup value Rs. 3,000, presented by the Nawabzadas of Bhopal and Rs. 12,000, from the fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 8,000; second Rs. 3,000 and third Rs. 1,000. For Arabs 4 years old and upwards. Arabs 6 years old, to carry 8st. 7lbs. Arabs 5 years old to carry 8st. Penalties—Winner of a race value Rs. 3,000 or over 7lbs extra. Allowances—Arabs in Classes II and III 7lbs.

Saifuddin 90; Al Hamil 90; Darianor 90; Sarsam 90; Hamiyah 812; Arab Queen 90; Ver-shan 90; Hazima 96; Zoan 812; Bushboos 87; Fakri Pasha 87; Hayar 80; Victor 712; Madhi 77; Banco 77.

6th Race (4-15 p.m.)

THE ADELAIDE PLATE—Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000 and third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Berrydale 90; Billy Button 74; Ibrani 813; Invercarnie 86; Safety Match 812; Flourish 811; Aurangzebe 70; Almeida 89; Ternet 89; Dopatta 87; Comprehension 80; Dinos 87; Camille 84; Lady Brendan 84; Maid of Orleans 83; Picaro 83; Thracian Prince 713; Ballylinch 711; Glen Gowar 711; Nyasa 710; Lignan 710; Roll Up 710; Cavern 77; Permarch 77; Francolin 74.

7th Race (4-45 p.m.)

THE ECLIPSE STAKES OF INDIA—Distance 1-14 miles.

Of Rs. 75,000 of which Rs. 50,000 will go to the winner; Rs. 17,000 to the second and Rs. 3,000 to the third. For Horses 5 years old and 4 years old at the time of starting. English 5 years old horses to carry 9st. English 5 years old mares and geldings 8st 11lbs. English 4 years old fillies and geldings 8st 7lbs. Australian 5 years old horses 9st. Australasian 5 years old mares and geldings 8st 11lbs. Australasian 4 years old fillies and geldings 8st 12lbs. Australasian 4 years old fillies and geldings 8st 9lbs. Penalties—Winner in India of a race value Rs. 10,000 or of races of the aggregate value Rs. 15,000. 4lbs extra, or of a race value Rs. 20,000 or of races of the aggregate value Rs. 25,000 7lbs extra (not cumulative).

Pougatchev 97; Ethics 97; Heremia 811; Castleton 87; Lochmore 94; Celebrator 90; Spenser 811; Risque 811; Centoi 810.

8th Race (5-15 p.m.)

THE CHIEF OF KAGAL MEMORIAL PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,500 and third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Kum Bak 97; La Fontaine 92; Garcon 75; Ootman 811; Vamos 811; Le Commissaire 89; El Drape 77; Costaki Pasha 85; The Greek 81; Whoopee 711; Douceuse 711; Fascicle 77; Seaton Ross 74; The Dawn Patrol 612.

9th Race (5-45 p.m.)

THE IMPORTERS' PLATE—Distance 1-12 miles.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000 and third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for All Horses.

Shipshepe 94; Melesigenes 810; Telawne 90; Carnelian 89; Corcy 88; Bucentaur 711; Greek Burn 710; Essexbrook 710; Chabootra 73; Signifer 710; Recali 70; Prince Khan 612.

10th Race (6-15 p.m.)

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE (Division I)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000 and third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Watchmaker 97; Lucky Boy 88; Rushdi 87; Hijran 86; Empire 85; Funny Face 85; Blue Funnel 77; Tennyson 83; Kaballa 80; Square Deal 74; Nazam 80; Amij 711; El Faras 710; Orient 710; Black King 76; Riyad II 75; Quarry 74; Scindia 74; Nazam Bahadur 73.

TREE TRUNK WORTH RS. 1,000

How A Karen Got His Own Hidden Savings Back

RANGOON. (By Mail.)

How favoured by luck an aged Karen of Thayetpungwa village in Biling township recovered his savings of Rs. 1,000 that were hidden in the trunk of a tree during the last monsoon is reported from Thaiton district.

The Karen hid his savings in the trunk of a tree on the bank of a creek, and with the approach of the monsoon rains the tree was washed away. Despite search the Karen was unable to trace the money.

A few days later another villager picked up the tree which he found floating in the creek. The Karen on hearing this rushed to the place and bought it for Rs. 100. After cutting the portion where he had hidden the money he was astonished to find his savings in tact.—A. F.

New York, Jan. 24.—The Miliard dollar loan has been subscribed six-fold.—Reuter.

A report from Bassein (Burma) states that five villagers were badly mauled by a tiger measuring ten feet.—A. F.

DESERTER AS STOWAWAY

Handed Over To Military Authorities

An army deserter who came to Bombay as a stowaway on board s.s. Springbank from Karachi was arrested by Sergeant Neale of the Passport Branch of the C.I.D. on Tuesday.

Jack Kiely, attached to the Royal Sussex Regiment stationed at Karachi, is alleged to have deserted his regiment, and managed to smuggle himself on board the s.s. Springbank. On a complaint made by the captain of the ship, the accused was arrested.

The police made an application before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay to hand over the deserter to the Military Authorities at Bombay.

The Magistrate passed orders accordingly.

The sentence of capital punishment passed on a Hindu youth named Chananand, of Jhang City for the alleged murder of his father, was reduced to five years imprisonment on Tuesday by Mr. Justice Bakshi Tekchand and Mr. Justice Ayra Kader sitting on the appellate side of the Lahore High Court.

H. O. H. FETE APPEAL

Three More Cinema Shows To Be Given

Bombay's film enthusiasts will shortly be afforded an opportunity of assisting a deserving cause. The management of three local cinemas have consented to hold special shows, the box office receipts of which are to be devoted to the Appeal Fund of the H. O. H. Fete. The first of these shows will be held at the Empire Theatre on January 26, when the film exhibited will be the amusing farce "Meet My Sister". The second show will be at the Regal Theatre on January 31 and is the musical comedy "Meet the Baron". On February 9, the Excelsior will provide a show, the film on this occasion being "Footlight Parade". All three shows will commence at 6-30 p.m. and specially reduced prices of Rs. 2 Re. 1 and annas 8 are offered. Patrons will thus have the satisfaction of combining charity with pleasure.

Lady Brabourne has consented to attend all three performances.

Donations are coming in to the H. O. H. Appeal Fund Committee but many more are wanted before the Committee can feel satisfied. It is realised that the Earthquake Relief Fund is another claim on the charitable, but the H. O. H. Committee hope that the urgent necessities of the hospitals will still be borne in mind and the public will be as generous as they possibly can.

The Committee stress the point that donations given to them reach the hospitals in their entirety. There are no expenses to be met as sometimes happens in other efforts made for charity.

Offer Of Acceptance Of Orphans

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BUY THE BEST

BUY CLOTH AND SEE

The Millowners' Show-Case AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

(From 17th JANUARY to 6th FEBRUARY, 1934.)

WHERE YOU WILL SEE THE FINEST CLOTHS MADE IN INDIA ESPECIALLY BLEACHED GOODS

Retail Purchases may be made from:

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Yarn NEHALCHAND LALOOCHAND Esq., Tamba Kanta, Pvdhoni, BOMBAY.

for fine teeth and sound gum

RODOFEN DENTAL CREAM

BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LD. CALCUTTA

Bombay Agents:—Orient Drug Agency, Princess St.

Good Health means Happiness

Dr. De JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended

"I WANT NO FAVOUR, BUT PROTECTION"

Passage-At-Arms In 'Free Press' Defamation Case

EX-MAYOR ON PEACE COMMITTEE INCIDENT

"I submit, Sir, that my learned friend in making an application in the midst of the defence is making a very bad attempt to prejudice the defence. I have been most grievously prejudiced by the conduct of the prosecution counsel in interrupting the defence. I cannot allow the prosecution counsel to interrupt in the middle of the defence," was the protest made by Mr. Kanuga when the prosecution counsel, Mr. Syed Hassan asked the Magistrate what opinion the Court had formed on the evidence that had been tendered by the police constable at the last hearing about the find of blood stained knives.

PASSAGE-AT-ARMS.

Then followed a sharp passage-at-arms between the counsel. Mr. Kanuga addressing the court said "I do not want any favour from the Court, but I want protection from the Court. This application is not made at the end of the defence, as it is allowed under section 540. It is not a monstrous point on which he is making this application. Let me conduct my defence in peace and I do raise my emphatic protest against these interruptions."

Mr. Syed Hassan: "It is not necessary that the whole case should be finished and we should wait till then to make an application."

His Worship: "I am not going to allow this application at this stage."

ASKING FOR COURT'S OPINION.

Mr. Kanuga: It is most objectionable to ask for the opinion of the court. No side is entitled to ask for the opinion of the Court when the case is progressing."

Mr. Syed Hassan: "The Court can do it at the suggestion of the party."

Magistrate: And supposing I over-rule it?

Mr. Syed Hassan: Then I agree. Your worship can stop me if enough has been said on the point.

Among those examined for the defence at the resumed hearing on Thursday afternoon before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay, of the case in which Maulana Shaikat Ali charged Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Editor and Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Printer and publisher of the "Free Press Journal," were Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University; Mr. P. S. Gopalan who had sent the report of the find of "blood-stained knives" to the "Free Press Journal."

EX-MAYOR IN WITNESS BOX.

Mr. Chandavarkar said that he was Mayor of Bombay in 1932, when the riots broke out in May of that year. He was the President of the Citizens Conciliation Committee which was composed of members of all communities. Witness then narrated the incident at the Peace Committee Meeting of May 9, 1932. The witness said that after his attention had been drawn to the report appearing in the "Free Press Bulletin" by Sir Purshotandas Thakurdas, he told him that the matter appeared to be "sub-judice" as the volunteers had been placed before a Magistrate and it would be improper for him to approach Government in the matter.

AT THE COMMITTEE MEETING.

The complainant entered the Hall at that stage and had neither heard what witness had said, nor what Sir Purshotandas Thakurdas said at the meeting. Mr. Chandavarkar, continued, that he suggested it would be fair to tell Maulana Shaikat Ali what had transpired at the meeting. The Maulana thereafter made a statement, after witness had ruled out the point of order raised by Mr. Lalji Naranji. The purpose of the statement made by Maulana Shaikat Ali was put in the communication. Witness then said that the Maulana asked what the Committee proposed to do. Mr. Talwar stated that the matter in question was between the Editor of the "Free Press Journal" and Maulana Shaikat Ali and Sir Sirdar Sir Sulaiman Cassum Mitha. Witness upheld that view. The Maulana persisted in his desire that the question should be discussed. Witness asked him to resume his seat and refused to

allow any discussion as he had already given his ruling.

"PULLED HIM UP."

The Maulana who was at that time seated behind Mr. Chandavarkar made a statement that the proceedings of the Committee was a farce. I at once pulled him up and asked him to obey the chair and to behave himself," said Mr. Chandavarkar. The complainant then got up and said that "he did not care a damn for the committee and its proceedings and proceeded to leave the meeting."

NOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

Continuing witness said that he did not think that the statement that many people wanted to brow-beat the complainant was correct. Witness offered to vacate the chair when Sirdar Sir Sulaiman Cassum Mitha requested him to resume his seat and proposed a vote of confidence in him which was accepted by the meeting.

Mr. Kanuga: Mr. Talwar was present at the meeting and he says that the Maulana said that he would do what he could. Is that correct or incorrect?

Mr. Chandavarkar: I am not in a position to say whether it is correct or incorrect.

Cross-examined by Mr. Syed Hassan, witness said that Mr. Chagla and himself had drafted the communication. Mr. Chagla was present when the communication was drafted.

POLICE ENTRY.

Mr. Shaikh Mohyuddin Shaikh Vali, Sub-Inspector of the Dongri Police Station, produced an entry in the Marathi Diary purported to have been written by the Police Constable No. 3311.

At this stage Mr. Syed Hassan made an application to the Court to call Mr. Shaikh Mohyuddin Shaikh Vali as either a Court witness or as a witness for the prosecution. Counsel also invited the Court to state what opinion it had formed on the evidence of P.C. No. 3311 who deposed to the finding of blood stained knives in the Ambulance van. Then there ensued the passage-at-arms between counsel.

Manilal Madhavji and Devil Ruda deposed to the incidents of arson and looting and stabbing by Muslim volunteers. There ensued some argument as to relevancy of the evidence tendered by these two witnesses. Mr. Kanuga said the complainant had stated there was no excessive acts on the part of the Muslim volunteers and this evidence was to rebut that suggestion or contention.

REPORTER'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. P. S. Gopalan, who was in May 1932, in the employ of the "Free Press Journal" as a reporter said that on May 19, 1932 he was marked down to cover the reports from the Police Courts and any incidents connected with the riots. He could not proceed further than the Pydownie Police Station except at the risk of his life and so returned to the Esplanade Police Court. He learnt from Mr. Leud, another reporter, about the find of blood-stained knives in an Ambulance Van. He then sent the report to the office of the "Free Press Journal" through a sepoy. Witness was shown the report appearing in the issue of the "Free Press Bulletin" of May 19, 1932. He said it was a substantially correct reproduction of the report he had sent to the Office.

Cross-examined by Mr. Syed Hassan, witness said that he was not responsible for the headlines given to the report. He was not prepared to say that the report appearing in the issue of May 19, 1932, is in the actual language in which he sent it.

At this stage further hearing was adjourned to Friday 3 p.m.

Mr. Syed Hassan, Bar-at-law with Mr. Yusuf Abdullah, Advocate, appeared for the prosecution. Mr. C. N. Kanuga, Advocate defended the accused.

Ahmedabad Cotton Brokers Contribute Rs. 9,000

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 24. Ahmedabad Cotton Brokers Association has contributed Rs. 9,000 to the Relief Fund for the distressed in Bihar opened by the citizens of Ahmedabad.—A. P.

MAYOR'S EARTHQUAKE RELIEF FUND

Rs. 67000 Collected

FOR VICEROY'S "QUAKE FUND"

Further donations received for the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund, for being forwarded to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund. Already acknowledged Rs. 17,248; The Trustees of the N.M. Wadia Charities Rs. 15,000; The Indian Radio and Cable Communications Co., Ltd. Rs. 10,000; Mr. Mathuradas K. Maitani on behalf of the Fort Hindu Relief Committee Rs. 1,361; Mr. N. N. Shah Rs. 251; Mr. Parbhudas Surchand Kothari Rs. 250; Mr. Potlatal Premchand Rs. 250; Mr. Khandesh Press Co. Rs. 151; Messrs. Briggs Brothers Co. Rs. 101; The Bhudeshwar Khambata Khanna Cloth Merchants' Association Rs. 101; Gulawadi Yuwak Mandal (through Mr. T. N. Merchant) Rs. 101; Mr. Kalidas Harjivan Rs. 51; Mr. Thakurdas N. Merchant in the name of the late Bai Vitthalbhai Nanabhai Rs. 50; Dr. M. R. 25; Messrs. Chandulal and Vallabhdas J. Parikh Rs. 25; Mr. Nanabhai V. Desai Rs. 25; The Reliance Agency Rs. 25; Bai Gulbai J. Guddar in memory of her late son Hormusji J. Guddar Rs. 25; Mr. M. I. Guddar Rs. 25; Mr. Ranchod Karsanji Rs. 5; Mr. Vamsaji Juthalal Rs. 2. Total Rs. 19,109-12-0.

"Out of this amount Rs. 5,000 have been specially donated for Relief of stricken cows, etc., and Rs. 5,000 for General Relief Work."

TO BE SENT TO BABU RAJENDRAPRASAD

Further donations received for the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund for being forwarded to the Babu Rajendra Prasad Earthquake Relief Fund:—

Already acknowledged Rs. 6,235-12-0; The Bombay Karianna Merchants' Association Rs. 10,000; Mr. Mathuradas K. Maitani on behalf of the Fort Hindu Relief Committee Rs. 1,361; Mr. N. N. Shah Rs. 251; Mr. Parbhudas Surchand Kothari Rs. 250; Mr. Potlatal Premchand Rs. 250; Mr. Khandesh Press Co. Rs. 151; Messrs. Briggs Brothers Co. Rs. 101; The Bhudeshwar Khambata Khanna Cloth Merchants' Association Rs. 101; Gulawadi Yuwak Mandal (through Mr. T. N. Merchant) Rs. 101; Mr. Kalidas Harjivan Rs. 51; Mr. Thakurdas N. Merchant in the name of the late Bai Vitthalbhai Nanabhai Rs. 50; Dr. M. R. 25; Messrs. Chandulal and Vallabhdas J. Parikh Rs. 25; Mr. Nanabhai V. Desai Rs. 25; The Reliance Agency Rs. 25; Bai Gulbai J. Guddar in memory of her late son Hormusji J. Guddar Rs. 25; Mr. M. I. Guddar Rs. 25; Mr. Ranchod Karsanji Rs. 5; Mr. Vamsaji Juthalal Rs. 2. Total Rs. 19,109-12-0.

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AERIAL VIEW OF 'QUAKE HAVOC'

(Continued from page 1.)

Visitation upon them. From Madani we again took the direct course to Darbhanga and we particularly noted that the quake had played havoc with the railway line and it seemed all over the embankment and had huge rents torn under the track.

RENTS IN EARTH.

The Country was dry but the shock must have been severe as buildings were all down in the town of Madani and everywhere there were great rents in the earth. On our course we passed over Pandaul bungalow and noticed that Mr. Moore, Circle Manager of the Darbhanga Government and his wife had been in the compound of the bungalow which was tottering in ruins. On our left was Sakri sugar factory and a portion of roofing collapsed and that of Cable rail but it should be in operation very shortly as it is learnt that nothing much has happened to the plant.

DARJEELING PLACE.

Passing over the Darbhanga Palace, though the building was standing, a wreckage could be seen and in the field on the right the plane of the Bengal Flying Club which had come to grief. On wards towards Muzaffarpur Road bridges could be seen damaged and the country wooded as during the monsoons. Looking down on Muzaffarpur from the air it seemed that not one house was standing and the wreckage was visible everywhere.

SCHEME FOR CANE CRUSHING.

The standing cane crop must be in the region of hundred lakhs of maunds as the sugar factories are not working and in order to prevent the total loss a scheme is afoot to provide the riots with bullocks and the mills and the planter community with power for the crushing of the cane so that the cane crop could be turned in to gur or deshi sugar. Provided this work is taken in hand at once there are yet a hundred days left in the present season and if help is given it would be possible to prevent a bigger disaster by the loss of the crop which must be valued at about thirty-five lakhs.—A. P.

U. P. GOVERNOR'S APPEAL

LUCKNOW, Jan. 25. His Excellency the Governor of the United Provinces has issued the following appeal to the public:—

"The terrible disaster which has befallen our neighbours in Bihar must make an appeal to all of us and we must be grateful that we ourselves in a great measure have escaped so appalling a tragedy. Our gratitude and our sympathy alike best be shown by supporting the Relief Fund which has been instituted by the Viceroy and I sincerely hope it will receive the most liberal assistance in this province. Contributions may be sent directly to the Secretary of the Fund, but should anyone prefer to send them through me I shall be glad to acknowledge and forward them."—A. P.

PARCELS FOR BEHAR RELIEF

G. I. P. Concessions

The G.I.P. Ry. have decided in response to public appeal considerably to reduce the rates for parcels despatched for relief. They have also undertaken to send them expeditiously by parcel trains and not by goods. But as a measure of safety they will require a certificate signed by some authorised person certifying that the goods are "bona-fide" intended for relief. Mr. K. F. Nariman one of the Jt. secretaries of the Mayor's Relief Fund Committee is authorised to issue such certificates and the same will be available at Sjt. Ganpaty Shankar Desai's office opposite Bhagwady at Kaldadevi Road where Mr. Nariman will attend everyday in the afternoon after 5-0 p.m.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S DONATION

MADRAS, Jan. 25. The Governor of Madras has donated Rs. 1,000 to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund.—A. P.

CALCUTTA MAYOR'S FUND

CALCUTTA, Jan. 25. Rs. 20,000 were received during the course of the day as donation to "Mayor's Earthquake Fund," which has already swelled over Rs. 1 lakh.—United Press.

South Indians To Meet

A meeting of South Indians will be held at the South Indian Association Hall, Matunga, to-day (Friday) at 8.45 p.m. (S.T.) to concert measures for the collection of funds for the above relief. All are requested to attend.

BULSAR DONATES RS. 1,125.

Gujarat Flood Relief Committee at Bulsar has sent the balance of money left with them, viz., Rs. 1,125, to the Bihar Bank, Patna, for the purpose of relief work.

TELEGRAMS TO NORTH BIHAR

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25. The following communique has been issued:—

As the congestion of telegraphic communication in North Bihar is decreasing, express telegrams to all stations in North Bihar will be accepted from Jan. 26. While every effort is being made to expedite the transmission of telegrams it is regretted that for the present some delay must inevitably occur.—A. P.

MADRAS SYMPATHY

MADRAS, Jan. 25. Bartowing accounts of the damage wrought by the recent earthquake in Bihar were given by numerous speakers at a public meeting held to-day under the auspices of the Madras Mahajana Sabha and a resolution was passed expressing deep sympathy with the earthquake stricken people in Bihar and calling on all people to contribute their mite to the relief of the suffering people.—A. P.

COTTON 'FRAUD' 20 YOUTHS INTERNED

Durga Dutt Savalka In Witness Box

Mr. Justice Mirza at the High Court resumed the hearing of the East India Cotton case in which Messrs. Duleral & Co. are claiming Rs. 10 lakhs as damages from the Association and its Directors.

On Thursday, Mr. Durgadutt Savalka, the well-known cotton merchant was examined for the plaintiff.

In his evidence, the witness described the situation in the cotton market in 1930, i.e. at the time material to the suit. He said that the notice issued by the Association on June 9th had a salutary effect on the market.

Witness was also questioned about the interview of Sir Purshotandas which was published in the "Times of India" about the same time.

Witness was then cross-examined by Mr. Colman.

DEWAS DOCTORS WIRE TO VICEROY.

Dr. Joshi and Kunte wire from Pondicherry:—

The following is the text of our to-day's (Jan. 25), telegram to the Viceroy copies of which are also cabled and wired to the Prime Minister, Secretary of State and the Chancellor of the Princes Chamber.

"Most respectfully apologise for submitting this telegram to Your Excellency. His Highness the Maharaja of Dewas Senior's condition indicated a slight improvement. The report to-day of the actual commencement of depositing in state treasury revenues of the three holy 'Samasthans' along with those of all other alienations has shocked him renewing the complications of acute heart trouble to the existing extreme exhaustion due to the penance of fast since one month."

30th DAY OF DEWAS' FAST

Doctors Joshi and Kunte of Pondicherry wire under date January 24:—

This is the 30th day of the fast penance of His Highness the Maharaja of Dewas Senior and although the complication of cardiac trouble is now somewhat better, his condition for anxiety in other respects is in no way diminishing.

MRS. PETIT'S CASE ADJOURNED

At the resumed hearing on Thursday, of the case in which Mrs. Gulbai Petit, her daughter Dinkal P. Petit and son, Phirozsha Petit are charged at the instance of the Bank of India, with fraudulent transfer and concealment of property with a view to avoiding payment to the creditors, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, Counsel for the Bank, continued reading the evidence of Mr. Grey as recorded by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon.

The full examination of the Bank Manager, giving details of the loans sanctioned to the first accused; the Banks demand for the repayment of the loan; the alleged fraudulent transfer of property by Mrs. Gulbai to her daughter; and the later legal proceedings in the High Court were read by counsel.

Mr. Setalvad had not finished reading the cross examination evidence of Mr. Grey, when the Court rose for the day.

Further hearing will be resumed to-day (Friday).

GANDHIJI TO TOUR C. INDIA IN JUNE?

KHANDWA, Jan. 24. It has been finally decided to invite Gandhiji in Central India for his Harijan Uplift Work.

It is understood that Gandhiji will tour in Central India just after his tour in Rajputana, that is, probably in June, 1934.—A. P.

SECRETARIAT PANIC

PATNA, Jan. 25. All the officers and all the staff rushed out pell-mell from the Secretariat Offices this afternoon when the upper portion of the clock tower which had been damaged by the earthquake and was under repairs came down making a terrific sound and burying two persons (coolie women, some small boys and a contractor) under the debris.

Seven persons have been extricated from the debris alive but injured. Three have still to be extricated.—A. P.

C. P. LEADER CONVICTED

Poonamchand Ranka Tried In Jail And Awarded 11 Months' R. I.

NAOPUR, Jan. 25. Seth Poonamchand Ranka, prominent Congress worker in C.P., who was arrested on December 31 last in connection with the Civil Disobedience movement, has been sentenced for 11 months rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 500 fine under section 107 and 128 of the I. P. Code. He has lost 20 lbs in weight and cannot hear properly and is unable to walk due to extreme weakness.

He is offered class 'B' but he is opposed to classification.

The trial took place in jail under Reserve Police Force arrangements. Only seven persons were allowed to attend the proceedings though many had applied for admission. His wife and brother were not allowed to speak even for 5 minutes.—United Press.

DELHI KHADI SHOP RAIDED

Police Hunt For Congress Programme Leaflets

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25. The police to-day searched two houses and the premises of the Khadi Khadi Bhandar in connection, it is understood, with the publication and distribution of handbills giving the programme for the "Independence Day."—A. P.

PLIGHT OF KODINAR CULTIVATORS

(From A Correspondent.)

KODINAR, Jan. 25. Kodinar Taluka is completely ruined owing to excessive rain. Cultivators appealed to the state for remission. But the twenty officers are strictly collecting revenue and cultivators are forced to pay by selling ornaments of their wives and children, household materials and animals by mortgaging them en masse.

DRASTIC RETRENCHMENT

How To Save City From Bankruptcy

The municipal budget was further discussed on Thursday by the Municipal Corporation when Professor Sonrab R. Datar regretted that owing to the extravagance of the Municipality reserve fund to the tune of lacs of rupees was swept away and urged for a drastic retrenchment. It was a puzzling problem to those who knew about economic organisations that in spite of low prices which had reared almost the pre-war level, expenditure should continue to be so high. Referring to the primary education he said he was one of those who believed in primary education but it was his belief that private schools and colleges were more efficient than Municipal or Government institutions. He therefore suggested to reduce the municipal schools and encourage private schools by giving them grants-in-aid. Prof. Datar also suggested to charge small fees to those who took advantage of their medical institutions if they were able to pay.

UNFAIR.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibhanu opposed the proposal for the increase in taxes. It was unfair to the citizens to raise taxes without giving them proper amenities of life. He urged to consider the question of amalgamation of the Improvement Trust in a more rational manner.

Mrs. Malinika Sukhdevani, chairman, Schools Committee, strongly protested against the cut of Rs. 2 lacs in the Schools Committee budget, which she considered as unfair, unjust and arbitrary. She pointed out Malabar Department where Rs. 1,71,000 was spent which could be cut down, and reduce expenditure on the K. E. M. Hospital and restore grant to the Schools Committee. Further debate was adjourned till Monday.

KNOCKED DOWN BY LORRY

Vidhai Baga! was killed on the spot when a motor lorry knocked him down on Olive Road on Thursday afternoon.

It appears that Govin Sakarani was driving Lorry No. Bom. 1083 along Olive Road when the deceased was knocked down.

The Pydownie Police are investigating the case.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25. A gang of armed robbers disguised as policemen robbed a goldsmith in the village of Amirpur of 45 tolas of gold and 25 seers of silver last night. The police are investigating.—A. P.

Telephone No. 23337.
Post box No. 322.

Telegrams "Chronicle."
Registered No. B-1085.

The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY FRIDAY JANUARY 26, 1934

GOVT. OF INDIA MUST ACT

That even so late in the day as January 25—that is to say, fully nine days after the occurrence of the calamity—the Government of India should not be in possession of even a roughly correct estimate of the extent of the loss of life and damage to property sustained by the province of Behar and that the Home Member of the Government should be merely repeating the pious hope expressed by the Governor of Behar that the total death-roll in the province may not exceed 4,000, speaks volumes for both the official anxiety to know the facts and the rapidity with which the wheels of officialdom move even in circumstances of such unprecedented gravity as the present. The plea of lack of communications is one which will appear to most people as preposterous. In view of the fact that the Government of India, if they are really so minded, can commandeer any amount of help from the automobile and aeronautical industries in the country—not to mention their own Air Force—to overcome all obstacles in the way of carrying speedy relief to the hundreds of thousands of people who are in distress. But apparently the Government of India take a complacent view of the situation and seem disposed to leave things entirely to the discretion of the Behar Government. How quickly official circles in Behar are moving in the matter is being made clearer every day. The reply of the Chief Secretary to the Behar Government to Babu Rajendra Prasad's courteous request for facilities to non-official agencies of relief, as well as Pandit Jawaharlal's own experience in Behar, shows how the official world there cannot get rid of its ideas of prestige even in the face of a great disaster like the present.

Their Primary Duty.

Beyond an attempt on the part of the Viceroy to raise a fund in aid of the sufferers, the Government have yet not made up their minds what help they would render to the people of Behar, though they must be fully aware

that every day that passes must be intensifying the sufferings of the homeless and starving tens of thousands in the province. The public would like to know whether the Government of India mean to wait indefinitely to see whether the amounts which the public are subscribing to the various funds started by officials and non-official agencies, would be adequate for the purpose or whether they propose to make independent inquiries into the situation and will immediately place at the disposal of the Behar Government funds ample enough to carry relief to the suffering people without further loss of time. The task of relief and reconstruction is primarily the function of the State. Non-official effort can only supplement but cannot be a substitute for official effort.

Inadequate And Pitiful

We must frankly tell the Governments of India and Behar that the measures they have so far taken and which they have announced that they are contemplating, are viewed by the public as quite inadequate to meet the situation. Considering what the Government of Japan did at the time of the earthquake more than a decade ago the measures taken by the Government of India, are pitiful in the extreme. They must give more tangible evidences of their solicitude for the suffering people before the public of India can be satisfied that they are doing everything in their power to relieve the widespread distress and to undertake the even more important task of reconstruction. Whatever, however, the official world may or may not do, non-official agencies must hasten to render all possible help to the stricken people of Behar. Looking to the magnitude of the calamity, the funds so far collected by these agencies are still far inadequate to meet even the primary needs of the people of the distressed areas. We trust Bombay in particular, will strain every nerve to raise as big an amount as possible.

A Dependency After All

The Indo-British trade treaty was the subject of an interpellation in the Legislative Assembly on the very first day of its present session, evidently because of the constitutional interest of the question. The precise question was why a treaty that primarily concerns and was arrived at by India and Japan should be formally signed in London. Sir Joseph Bhore's reply was plausible but not at all convincing. He stated that the proposed procedure was in conformity with the normal custom, and that though the treaty is a purely commercial one, it is one with a foreign Power. But Sir Joseph speaking of the future and remarking: "When India becomes a Dominion, she also will have the same powers." That India as a Dominion will exercise the powers of a Dominion is a truism which needed no mention or emphasis from Government. The real question is: "Is not India to exercise any of the Dominion powers till she is a full-fledged Dominion? If she can be a member of the League of Nations, if she is, as Mr. Wedgwood Benn put it, enjoying 'Dominion Status in action', and if she is allowed to make a treaty without, as Sir Joseph protests, from any dictation from Britain, why should she not be allowed to go a step further and sign the treaty where she makes one? The presumption seems plain that Britain wants to emphasise the fact that India is still far from Dominion Status that she is after all an Imperial dependency. The emphasis will not be lost upon the country.

To The Readers.

There is none so devoid of human feelings that his heart would not have been rent by the horrible havoc which the earthquake has caused in Behar. And there is none so devoid of human feelings that he would not fall to hear and respond to the call, piteous call of literally destitute humanity, to the cries of children rendered, in a few minutes, orphans without a home, of women who are helpless widows of men who have lost their all. They have neither homes, food, or shelter nor even clothes.

And it is winter with one of the severest of cold waves adding to the torments of their misery. What do you propose to do? We know that you will not fail your brethren and sisters. It is in this knowledge that we have opened our columns to contributions from you. Do your duty and do it promptly. Remember that you owe to Behar's suffering humanity to assist in its rescue. The response so far given by our readers is encouraging. We are grateful to those who have opened their purses for the relief of

INDIANS AND NAZI GERMANY: HOW INTERNATIONAL MIS-UNDERSTANDING IS FOSTERED

(By "OBSERVATEUR.")

"Not content with doing violence to the bodies of men, Hitler aims a double blow to their minds; while turning a blind eye to starvation or exile those who stand out from their fellows as scientists, as scholars, as independent thinkers, he simultaneously deprives the ordinary German citizen of his share in the stream of European thought, in particular keeping him from knowledge of the horrors and contempt into which his Government is bringing Germany in the eyes of the whole civilized world."

In these words of Sir Austen Chamberlain's, reproduced from a speech delivered, not long ago, at a London public meeting, is summed up not merely the essential situation of intellectual existence under the Nazi regime but also that tragic process of international misunderstanding to which Dr. D. N. Bannerjee makes a reference in his article, "India and Germany" which was published in these columns on the 15th instant.

Scholarship and Mass Mind.

In his pro-Nazi 'apologia', however, Dr. Bannerjee supports the case of those who maintain that our boys and girls would do well not to proceed to Germany for prosecuting University or technical studies for a variety of definite and valid reasons. The whole article is a piece of propaganda.

To begin with, in citing Germany's "affinity and kinship with Indian cultural traditions and her philosophical outlook" and her contribution to what he probably means Oriental scholarship, he is guilty of mental confusion which is too glaring even for the weakest intelligence. In the first place the pedantic studies of Germany scholars of fifty years ago have very little to do with the whole nation. European "savants" of non-German nationality, too, have worked in the field of Oriental research and it would be perfectly absurd to refer to this kind of intellectual achievement in formulating the generalisation that the handful of University scholars represent the mass mind of the nationality to which they accidentally belong.

The Difference.

Secondly, we are not concerned with the conditions of the past but those obtaining under the present-day regime of German fascism which differ, it must be emphasised, from those existing before the Nazi revolution; and the difference between them is not merely the difference between Max Muller and Rohm, Hitler's chief-of-staff, but between the charming and wise Rathenau and the brown-shirted storm-trooper of a Nazi battalion.

Nazi Propaganda.

It is a significant fact that the pro-Nazi propaganda that the German Government has organised should invade even India. As I write 'Reuter' broadcasts an interview of a Nazi emissary visiting England and one cannot help admiring the optimism of this Nazi missionary who probably aspires to improve on poor Rosenberg who quoted Oswald Spengler so glibly but who had to beat a hasty and unheroic retreat.

It is quite natural, then, that Dr. Bannerjee should talk so enthusiastically of our Aryan cousins and of the reception that awaits the Indian students in Nazi Germany. But when he oversteps the limits set by his tourists' circular and ventures on the controversial ground by contemptuously referring to "inspired articles" of "adventurous journalists" one is justified in questioning his own 'bona-fides' as practically every statement of alleged fact he makes is totally falsified by what we are in a position to verify by a reference to our information about the conditions of life in Nazi Germany.

Aryans v. Niggers.

For instance while denying that the "Aryan paragraph" covers Indians, he refers to Herr Frick, the Minister of the Interior, as explaining that "for obvious reasons, the German people wish to maintain themselves racially pure, but that they do not look upon any Asiatic people as an inferior nation"—which gives the whole show away.

(To Be Continued)

their afflicted brethren. But there are many who have still not done so. They must lose no time. For, as Gandhiji says, time is the most important factor in this matter.

ART OF ANDHRA

(By KANAIAHAL VAKIL.)

The weary journey to Cocanada was soon forgotten in Cocanada. As it has so often seemed to me during my travels, here and in Europe, the place was the best introduction to its people. The "muggu" drawings which decorated almost every street and threshold greeted my first morning in Cocanada with their festive "Sankranti" message. The drawings were, subsequently, a key to many instructive social and cultural phenomena. I explored the streets and the panorama of patterned thresholds. Once again the fact flashed across my mind. A degenerate and enslaved nation outcasts its art-crafts and leaves them to be preserved by classes segregated from the "respectable" in the community. Who knows? Perhaps, I have described the cause as the effect. I was told that the drawings were executed with transparent earnestness and zeal in quarters allotted to the "singing girls" and with perfunctory dispatch by servant maids in quarters occupied by the "higher" classes. When I saw these drawings, I understood the difference and the distinction, social and artistic. So, the "singing girls" had preserved more than one art. They had preserved the artistic skill they revealed in the "muggu" drawings as well as their inherited skill in music and dance. But the enlightened sect of the exponents who write volumes, inflict elaborate addresses and burden newspaper headlines with their parables on Indian art, philosophy and culture had not observed them. They have refused to give them and their art intellectual and social status. The educated, therefore, read art, speak art, write and discuss art but cannot see art.

THE CHRONIC CONFLICT.

The All-India Khadi Swadeshi

and Art Exhibition at Cocanada demonstrated the same chronic conflict, the conflict between the inherent, refined distinction of the illiterate and the shallow, imitative, ingenuities of educated morbidities. The open air "Shamiana", pillared and domed was a pleasant surprise. The "Kalamkari" prints from Masulipattam, the ivories and toys from the Andhra districts, were a strange contrast with the modern industrial wares exhibited in the lower and upper corridors round the central "Shamiana." The distinction was manifest in the articles, not in the manner they were collected and displayed. The manner was, uniformly, bazaar-like.

DAILY LIFE INCIDENTS.

Upstairs, the paintings, mostly from artists in Andhra, suggested the beginnings of a hopeful and distinct re-awakening. The set mythological stencils in painting "revived" by Havellism as well as the "still life" and similar mechanical exercises in oil and water-colours standardised by western "departmental" art were, no doubt, conspicuously usual. What was rather unusual were the paintings depicting incidents of daily life and surroundings in Andhra. The artists who thus boldly accomplished the note of sincere originality were, rightly awarded special recognition.

THE NEW THEATRE.

The folk-dance staged in the open-air "Shamiana" and "Yi Durgadas" staged by amateur players, educated young men and women, were both something in the nature of incredible novelties and sensation for the "respectable" conventions of Cocanada. I was told that the traditional dancer danced in the villages obscured by civilisation. Their re-entry in civilised function was, thus, obviously

A Distinct Re-Awakening

not expected. And, it was the first time women played women's part on the public stage in Cocanada. Could these incidents mark the founding of the new theatre? The play had another unconventional feature. It had dispensed with songs which were there regarded as the unavoidable ingredient of the drama.

RAM RAO'S RAJAHMUNDRY.

At Rajahmundry, the visit to Ram Rao Art Society, to the gallery in his home and, finally, the discussion with the litterateurs, poets, art lovers and artists confirmed the first impression of the people proudly sensitive to art and the places clearly reminiscent of art in Andhra. At Rajahmundry, as at Cocanada, I had to submit to hours of the keen eagerness with which I was questioned and cross-questioned on all aspects of art in India, past and present. It was clear to me that Andhra had not forgotten the single-handed championship from Bombay that courageously defended Ram Rao, the celebrated Andhra artist, from the wanton onslaught of interested "revivalists" and sectarian pundits and priests of Indian art. Ram Rao's paintings and drawings are, indisputably, the first notable manifestation in art, for example, of the inherent dignity of charm of the women of Andhra. Let us hope that the Academy of Andhra Culture recently inaugurated at Ramchandrapuram will explore all avenues of art and culture and will lead the movement away from empty intellectualism to living realities.

AT MADRAS.

The Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition at Madras was bigger in scale than the one organised at Cocanada but was more or less identical in character. And, the

(Continued on page 7.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

SWADESHI IN IRELAND.

We doubt if Lancashire will welcome the report that the Irish Free State Government has determined that within the next twelve months the full requirements of cotton piecegoods would be woven in the Irish Free State from the yarn spun in the country. There is, indeed, no reason why Ireland should not weave all the cotton cloth she needs from the cotton she can get from America and India. For more reasons than one Ireland is not likely to prefer the over-ripe fabrics, such as Lancashire produces but will be content for the most part with medium counts of yarn. And, if the machinery, which is yet to be installed, is chosen with due regard to its suitability for the spinning of medium counts, India can supply to the Free State a good part of the cotton it needs. For this and other reasons India will wish Ireland complete success in her new venture.

USE SWADESHI YARN.

It is gratifying to note that the total imports of cotton piecegoods into India during November last fell to 47.5 million yards from 53.5 million yards in October. Whether the reduction is due more to trade depression than to the growth of the Swadeshi movement or is a mere accident, the reduction itself is welcome. Imports of yarn, however, increased to 2.9 million pounds from 2 million pounds in October. The increase is partly due to the still lingering but wrong belief that cloth woven on handlooms even from foreign yarn is Swadeshi enough to deserve some special patronage. Some of the handloom interests in Madras who persistently use foreign yarn seriously suggest that the authoritative definition of Swadeshi cloth should be wide enough to include their products. It is a ridiculous suggestion which, if accepted, to any extent, is bound to do irreparable injury, both to Khaddar and the Swadeshi textile industry in general.

"INDEPENDENT" SINKIANG.

A new Government, the Russians say, has been established at Kashgar. And the new Government has published a declaration of Independence with the slogan "Banish the Chinese from Sinkiang." Whether the new Government and its subjects deserve

congratulations or the Chinese sympathy is a moot question, and will remain as such for some time more. But, if the Tass report is full and true, what is the significance in the Kashgar Government concentrating on recognition by Afghanistan and India only? Is it Russian sympathy or antipathy that is being taken for granted by independent Sinkiang? Meanwhile, the Chinese Consulate in Bombay elegantly describes the new Government as one of "a horde of barbarians" and contends that consistently with their obligations to China the Afghan and Indian Governments cannot recognise their Government.

AN UNFAIR TAX.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation cannot be congratulated on its decision to levy a terminal poll tax on all passengers entering or leaving the City. That the Corporation is in a financial mess is patent. Let us assume that the deficit of the Improvement Trust which has been amalgamated with the Corporation can be met only by fresh taxation. But the terminal tax is about the worst that could be devised for the purpose. It discriminates heavily against the poor residents of suburbs who have to visit the city frequently and is, therefore, calculated to check the present healthy tendency among the people of Bombay to relieve the congestion in the city and shift to the suburbs. It almost appears as if the Corporation were out to retard the growth of suburbs. The Corporation must cut its coat according to its cloth. There is still enough scope for retrenchment in its expenditure.

UNEXPECTED DELAY.

If it were a question of revising expenditure on Nation-building activities, or even if it were a question of revising the scales of pay in the Provincial and lower services, Government would be surprisingly prompt with their proposals. But if it is a question of the revision of scales of pay in the I.C.S. or the Indian Police Service, then, according to Sir Harry Haig, "nothing had been decided and there had been some unexpected delay in formulating the conclusions of the Government of India." So the Secretary of State has not yet been addressed. Sir Harry Haig

did not take the Assembly into his confidence as regards the nature of the "unexpected delay." But it seems that providential accidents too favour the Heaven-born services exclusively.

Press Views

A Variety Performance

The Right Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri has delivered three speeches and it was a different Sastri that spoke each time. In the first lecture, it was all sack-cloth and ashes. In the second it was a call to reject the White Paper. And in the third, with the same eloquence clarity and cogency of reasoning, he has argued that co-operation is the only road. Some of Mr. Sastri's followers may be bewildered by all this variety performance, but we are not surprised. Mr. Sastri represents the utter bankruptcy of Indian Liberalism. The latter has got wise things to say on many subjects, but nobody is prepared to listen to them. Liberals are therefore out of touch with all reality, and when they are in the world of dreams, there is no difficulty in going from one extreme to the other. It is all a mere play of fantasy—"Indian Express."

A Commendable Lead

Close upon the expression of von Hinderberg's sympathy with the victims of the earthquake, Messrs. Allianz and Stuttgarter the well-known insurance concern, have contributed the sum of Rs. 5,000 towards relief of the sufferers. The example set by them is specially valuable. The large number of insurance companies that carry on operations in this country, Indian as well as foreign, should now follow in the wake of the German concern and contribute towards relieving the widespread distress that has overtaken the millions in Behar. There are nearly 300 concerns in the country doing insurance, big and small. On an average they can each contribute Rs. 5,000 each without much difficulty. Even we should easily have several lakhs available for earthquake relief. We commend the promptitude of Messrs. Allianz and Stuttgarter to the attention of all insurance companies—"Hindustan Times."

Cete-a-Cete

There is no confirmation yet of the persistent rumour that officials of the Government drawing Rs. 1,000 or over, have contributed 10 per cent. of one month's salary to the Viceroy's Earthquake Fund.

On the other hand, it is suggested that a proclamation should be issued warning all concerned against the consequences—7 years' rigorous and Rs. 1,000 fine to be paid to the victims—of spreading false and panicky rumours.

* * * * *

Gandhiji can understand why orthodox people refuse to contribute to the Harijan funds—they think he is sinning against them and the Almighty.

But he is surprised at Government prohibiting their officials to contribute, which is rather surprising, considering that the Sarkar is not only orthodox but also all-mighty.

* * * * *

Pressed by Mr. B. Das, M.L.A., Sir Joseph Bhore administered a well-deserved and withering snub, both to the Hon'ble member and India.

"When India becomes a Dominion she also will sign the agreement in her own right," he said. And, if you would feel a sympathetic thrill for the dignity and pride with which he denied any right to India.

Three Cheers!—no, not Jal—for Sir Joseph in his own right if not in that of the people to whom he belongs.

* * * * *

Meanwhile we thoroughly agree that there is nothing inherently wrong in Great Britain signing, in HER own right an agreement between Japan and—and what Sir Joseph?

* * * * *

"ARMS TALKS SITUATION BRITAIN MAY MAKE FRESH DECLARATION"

—Evening News.

Thanks. But would it also be refreshingly different from previous ones?

* * * * *

The Chittagong Magistrate has ordered 100 Bhadrak youths to remain in their houses for one month.

The order may be renewed any number of times. But they are not to be called detenus, since they have been specifically denied the right of being transferred to Deoli.

All the same, newspapers had better refrain from expressing any undue sympathy or concern for them.

* * * * *

The Hindu Mahasabha, in its latest communication to the League of Nations, will be "glad to send a delegation to confer with you informally and quite unofficially on the whole subject some time in the summer."

As soon as this demarche is rejected the Sabha will beg to send a delegation to shake hands, in the outer lobbies of the Palais des Nations, with League leaders confidentially and quite uselessly. The points of vital importance are Geneva, Delegation and Summer.

* * * * *

Sheer modesty on the part of our contemporary will preclude it from doing so. We, therefore, gladly take it upon ourselves to announce that Gandhiji's appeal on behalf of Behar sufferers is in consequence of the rebuke administered by the "Nationalist" contributor of the "Times of India"—coincidence apart.

* * * * *

But our contemporary does announce receipt of letters from "several correspondents" suggesting that Gandhiji "should convert, at least, a part of the funds he has already collected for Harijan uplift work to the benefit of the destitute people in Behar."

Atta boys! That's the stuff to be given him, or rather, get out of him for the destitute.

* * * * *

We note with pleasure that fortunately, our contemporary has NOT received any letter suggesting conversion of part of the funds collected every year by Government in India for the uplift of (1) Civil Services; (2) Military Services; (3) Non-descript Services; (4) Administrations; and (5) Government Houses.

We congratulate our contemporary. That's the stuff not to get out of them for the destitute.

* * * * *

"THE OTHER KIPLING" HIS GENIUS ENTITLES ONE TO CALL HIM GREAT.

—Headlines.

And the real Kipling's genius entitles one to call him "Great Britain."

* * * * *

1st Kangaroo: "Annabelle, where's the baby?"
2nd Kangaroo: "My goodness, I've had my pockets picked."

Readers' Views

EARTHQUAKE RE-CONSTRUCTION LOAN

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—In view of the appalling disaster and havoc wrought by the earthquake in Bihar and other parts of our country one is led to enquire as to the policy of the Central and Local Governments to deal with the situation on a comprehensive and adequate scale.

What exactly is the policy of the Government one is unable to detect so far. The mere fact that the Viceroy has started the Earthquake Fund, and the Local Governments have followed suit, may bring some limited relief to the victims of the disaster but that surely is not enough. Charity even on a gigantic scale cannot possibly cope with a disaster, which has brought in its train the terrible loss of lives amounting to more than 25,000, and the destruction of property amounting to crores of rupees. In fact, it is not purely the function of charity to deal with such a great disaster.

It is essentially the function of a civilised Government whether in case of famine, pestilence, earthquake or war to adopt adequate remedial measures without delay, and, for instance, for such a case, to appoint immediately Reconstruction Committees for each of the devastated areas, and to start a Reconstruction Loan or short term Bonds to provide adequate relief under the circumstances. During and after the last War, in France and other countries, the Governments started such Reconstruction Loans and appointed Reconstruction Commissions for the devastated areas. As a result the whole work of reconstruction was carried out systematically and thoroughly, and so by now there is practically reconstruction of all areas devastated by the Great War.

May I, therefore, suggest that the time has arrived for the newspapers as well as public meetings to call upon the Central and Local Governments to take up Reconstruction as the most important problem facing the country to-day. The Government of India has been floating loans galore for one reason or the other. Under the present circumstances, it ought to float an Earthquake Reconstruction Loan on a large scale and lend the money to the local Governments concerned for the sole purpose of reconstruction of the areas devastated by the earthquake.

It should also be necessary to issue instructions to the Local Government to appoint Earthquake Areas Reconstruction Committees for the purpose of undertaking town-planning and village planning as the case may be, on modern lines for the devastated areas. Such Committees should have some representatives of the Local Municipalities and leading citizens. Among the members, there should be at least one Town-Planning Expert, or Village Planning Expert, one Sanitary Expert, and one Financial Expert, who would guide the local Committees in approving and starting the plans of reconstruction without unnecessary delay.

Unorganised charity even on a large scale cannot possibly undertake this essential function of a civilised Government in view of the unprecedented and appalling havoc of earthquake. As is our experience, much of the charitable money goes to the wrong pockets for well-known reasons. It would also be unfair to expect the charitable public to the job, which is really one of the duties of a civilised government, as pointed out above.

May I hope that you will use your great influence with the public to request the Government from its apathy and induce it to lay down a sensible policy of reconstruction for all the areas affected, and to float a Reconstruction Loan and to appoint Local Reconstruction Committees without undue delay.

Such Local Committees would further be in a position to direct the charitable funds in the right channels, and to prevent waste and over-lapping of the effects of unorganised Charitable Committees. The object of this correspondence is only to stimulate the Government to formulate a definite policy, and not in any sense to discourage the flow of charity, which has to be guided into proper channels.—Yours, etc.,

R. K. DADACHANJI,
1A, New Queen's Road,
Bombay, Jan. 24.

Nepal And Earthquake

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—We learn from the dailies that the State of Nepal is equally hard hit by the last earthquake. It is, therefore, necessary that Nepal should also be included for relief in the Mayor's and other funds that are being raised. An authoritative an-

nouncement should at once be made in that behalf to the general public. It has been the earnest desire of several contributors that Nepal should have a share in the funds that are being raised for relieving the distress of the suffering humanity. Unless the public is assured about the same the contributors shall have to earmark a part of their donations for Nepal.—Yours, etc.,
JHINABHAI P. JOSHI.

H. O. H. Fete

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—A propos the correspondence that has appeared in your esteemed paper over the signatures of Mrs. Batsy Sabawalla and the organisers of the H.O.H. Fete, will you be so good as to allow me a few words? All along, explanations are being held out for reducing and increasing the number of beds in the J. J. group of hospitals and other Indian hospitals, but not a word or an explanation is coming forth for the St. George's Hospital for Europeans! Will the organisers of the H.O.H. Fete tell the public what economical measures have been taken in reducing the unnecessary high expenditure of the St. George's hospital? How many beds have been reduced though the hospital is equipped and managed beyond its required usefulness? What is the staff of the hospital in proportion to the number of in-patients, and what is the cost of a patient per day compared to the Indian hospitals? And yet, we take it for granted that a good slice of the income of the H.O.H. Fete will be earmarked for this all-favoured hospital!—Yours, etc.,
M.D. etc.

Jan. 25.

For The Behar Distressed

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—For the relief of the unfortunate victims of the earthquake I am collecting wearing apparel, blankets, rugs, sheets, saris, carpets, curtains, anything and everything to cover their shivering bodies from the abnormal cold. I appeal to the people of Bombay who are luckily preserved safe and snug in their homes to spare all they can from their wardrobes to relieve the distress of these sufferers. Parcels will be received at any of the following addresses, convenient to the sender. With best thanks.
Yours, etc.,
PHEROZA R. S. CAPTAIN,
C/o Captain & Vaidya,
Solicitors,
121, Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay.

"Wilderness",
Andheri.

Earthquake And Fetes

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—Since reading the letter of Mr. L. R. Taisee appearing in your popular daily I have also begun to think likewise and am sure that everybody who has gone through it must be of the same opinion. Mr. Taisee has really made a fine suggestion to the organisers of the H.O.H. and the Nine Nights Fetes in requesting them to grant certain share of their profits to the Behar Relief Fund. The cause is very sound and requires monetary help from every quarter and that too at the earliest opportunity. Prominent leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Babu Rajendra Prasad have appealed to everybody to contribute his might for this humanitarian cause without any loss of time. It will be therefore much better if the N.N. Fete which has already commenced in Bombay and the H.O.H. which is going to open during the first week of the next month, allot one day's income to the said Fund. Similarly every cinema or drama house and other sources of amusements be approached by the Bombay Relief Committee to give one day's income to such a worthy cause, which must be first attended to. I am sure that the authorities will surely agree to the suggestions of the committee and will arrange for charity performances without the least hesitation. It is learnt with great satisfaction that relief funds are being organised all over the country and that too with generous response from the wealthy people. The middle class people can only contribute to such a cause by attending charity performances and hence the above suggestion. It is my earnest wish that Bombay should lead by contributing the highest amount and thus maintain its long standing reputation as a generous city helping others in their hours of need.—Yours, etc.,
V. H. COWLEY.

Khadi For Behar

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—With reference to the gift of cloth for sufferers from earth-

SHARE YOUR FOOD WITH AFFLICTED BRETHREN

Will You Not Respond To Gandhiji's Appeal?

The havoc caused by the earthquake in Behar and adjacent parts is as heart-rending as it is unprecedented in the history of India. Cities, towns and villages have been ruined, homes have been destroyed, hundreds of lives have been lost and thousands have become permanently disabled. Lives lost cannot be recalled, but the children who have become orphans, the women who have become widows and all those, men, women and children, who have become penniless and homeless, having lost all their earthly belongings, look to their fellow-countrymen for timely and adequate assistance. Nor will immediate and adequate relief be enough. Even more important will be the work of reconstruction.

All this requires money—money, not merely out of the wealth of the very rich but also out of the comparatively slender resources of the middle classes and even out of the poverty of the poor who, as experience shows, are often more charitably inclined than their more favoured brethren and sisters.

In order to enable all classes of people more easily to contribute their bit to the work of relief, the "Bombay Sentinel", the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" have, in association, decided to open a fund called the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund in their columns. All sums no below Re. 1/- will be accepted. All money will be sent to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Behar Central Relief Committee as soon as it is received.

"Remember" says Gandhiji, "that time is the most essential element at the present moment. I shall be glad to know that my appeal has not fallen on deaf ears."

We appeal specially to the readers of the "Chronicle", the "Samachar" and the "Sentinel" to lose no time in subscribing to this Fund for, as Rajen Babu says relief delayed is relief denied. All contributions will be acknowledged in the columns of all the three papers. Contributors whose names are inadvertently omitted are requested to draw attention to the omission.

All cheques sent to the "Chronicle" should be drawn in the name of "The Chronicle Earthquake Relief Fund".

Contributors are requested to see that they get receipts from this office for the amounts contributed by them.

READERS' RESPONSE: Rs 9,289 SUBSCRIBED

Rs.	Previously Acknowledged	Rs.	Previously Acknowledged
2073	Jain Agarwal Mitra Nandal	105	Ratilal Khimchand Shah
	C. G. Desai	125-8-0	A Teacher.
25	Mansingh Kasabchand	5	Manahar Ratilal Gabhroo-
	Ashgarali Ebrahim		Dhal
5	Maganlal Harishanker	2	Balkrishna
	Bhutu	1	Ranchod Girder
51	Dayaram Ratanji Mistri	5	Varjivandas
5	Vishwanath M. Kothari	5	Rajaram Sitaram
25	Ranchodas Govindji	1	Pandit
	Ashar	5	Lalshanker
25	Purshottam Soorchand	51	Shivshanker
	Moolchand Madhavji	100	Ratilal Gandhi
20	Tenants of Moolji	56	Raoji
	Vakil's Chawl	56	Chandoolal Hiralal Mehta
1	Seth Shamji Damji	18	Messrs. A. H. Wheeler's Staff
10	Seth Tejmal Virchand	51	F. B. Patel
11	Sadatwala	2	Mrs. M. B. Patel
	Mafatalal Prabhooram	1	Seth Khimji Joram
10	Chimanlal Vadilal and Ra-	1	Seth Moolji Khimji Shah
2	tial Maneekchand	5	A Zoroastrian
2	Bai Manibai Odhasji Soon-	101	Kalidas Hindoo Lodge
	derji	10	Bapooibhai B. Desai
1	Jamadas Tarachand	5	Trikamlal Chotalal
5	Mansooklal H. Shroff	5	A Zoroastrian
2	Laxmishanker D. Trivedi	1	Kohinoor Mills Weaving
1	Bhailshanker M. Trivedi	1	Department and general
1	Mohanlal C. Pandit	1	clerks
	Rameshwar Sodhar	1	Kohinoor Mills Engineering
1	Trimbak Kashinath	10	Department
	Bombay Stove and Hard-	68-12-0	Charandas Bhagwandas
	ware Depot	251	Lavana
51	Dalsookram Maganlal	11	Dhanji Deoji
	Gandhi	253	Staff of Ganeshlal Sambhag-
101	Sadanand B. Mahatre		mal
5	R. C. Balliwala		Indian Staff of Yorkshire
100	Sympathiser	32-13-0	Insurance Co.
31	Malukchand Shantidas	51	Poonja Jivan
50	E. M. Bhaddorji	10	Champsai Dharsi
	Sha. Varjivandas Narandas	51	Thakarchand G. Shah
50	Mehta	11	and Co.
25	Akhandsha Madan Zaveri	2	M. G. Goradin
	Aksharshanker Harishanker	10	Patel Ashooibhai Umedbhai
	Yagnik	230	Mathuradas Doongersi
51	Pestonji Hormasji Mistri		Ranchodas Vanmalidas
1	Nijananand Manilal	5	Barfiwal
101	Parsi Fried of India	25	Bombay Provincial Co-op-
25	A. E. Dastoor		erative Bank's Head Ofce
2	Shri Krishna Vasooodeo	15	Staff
5	R. S. Krishnawala	15	Vithaldas Kanji Bhoota
1	Trikamlal Meghlibhai	10	J. A. D.
101	Somnath Roopidas	10	V. A. Kavli
10	H. M. Nanavati	5	Workmen of the Shri Anand
1	Sister Sooshila		Sagar Press
	Mr. Vora	51	A Zoroastrian
	Old Bordan Gali Mer-	5	Ramrao P. Kabad!
	chants	2	V. P. Koolkarni and
405-4-0	R. S. T.		others
1	Jivanlal M. Anandilal	6-12-0	
100	J. B. Patel	5	Ardeschi Cursetji Dastoor
65	Maganlal D. Booch	1	Byramji Cowasji Jilla
	Navalshanker S. Booch	5	
5-4-0	Joshi Bhooralal		Total

quake, only Khadi cloth should be sent so that village spinners and weavers may benefit. As some of our own dishonest countrymen, to their shame be it said, sell foreign Khadi and palm it off as Indian on unsuspecting customers care should be taken to buy only genuine hand-spun and hand-woven Swadeshi Khadi at recognised Khadi shops. Further, only honest distributors of relief among the sufferers should be selected for the work who would scorn to misappropriate public relief funds for their own use. Again, there must be rich sufferers from the earthquake who should be provided for by their wealthy relatives and not from public funds. Wealthy relatives of rich sufferers will help

shirk their duty and refer them for relief to public funds which should not be allowed. I am afraid that rich sufferers will be given the lion's share while the really deserving poor sufferers will be dismissed with a pittance from public fund which should not be tolerated. The public relief fund should be mainly, if not exclusively, for the relief of the poor beginning with the poorest. I am glad that the "Chronicle" has opened a relief fund. I hope to purchase from a Khadi Bhandar and send Rs. 25 worth of genuine Khadi to the sufferers when I get my salary for the month from my office at the end of this month.—Yours etc.,
PARSI

Bharat Kala Mandai's Concert In Aid Of 'Quake Relief Fund

A Grand Variety Entertainment At Royal Opera House, To-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.), under the presidentship of Dr. JAVLE, Mayor of Bombay. Tickets are available at the Royal Opera House from 9 a.m. or at the "Vanguard Studio." TICKETS LOST. N.B.—4 tickets of Rs. 10- each (No. A-11, 12, 13, 14), 9 tickets of Rs. 7 each (No. G-1-7, 12, 13), and 2 tickets of Rs. 3 each (No. B-14, 15) are lost. They are therefore, cancelled, but duplicates are available from the Box at Opera House. Prices:—Rs. 10, 7, 5, 3, 2, 1.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Thursday.
Once again the proposal to introduce physical training in the Colleges of the Bombay University will come up for discussion before the University Senate, which is to be held on Saturday next. It was 1930 that the Senate had decided to introduce, gradually, compulsory physical training in the colleges of the University. With that ideal in view a Director of Physical Training was appointed by the Senate. In 1933, the University Syndicate throw out the motion for continuing the post of the Director. Later in the year the Vice-Chancellor called a conference of the Principals of the various affiliated colleges to consider a scheme of Physical Training to be introduced at least in the affiliated colleges. The Conference decided on asking every affiliated college to employ a physical Director or Games Master to organise the physical activities of the students of the college with a view of gradually realising the ideal set forth by the Senate in 1930.

The above resolution, with a clause that the scheme of physical training should not involve any expenditure from the University funds, is coming up for discussion before the Senate at the end of this week. At the last Senate meeting a resolution for the introduction of physical training in all the colleges of the University was lost.

Unemployment Tragedy

A tragic sequel to the acute unemployment prevailing among the mill operatives of Bombay which has reduced many to pauperism, is unfolded in a letter addressed to the Municipal Schools Committee by its secretary in which he says that a large number of children of mill workers attending the upper primary schools are unable to pay their fees and that their names may have to be struck off the roll immediately.

"In the interest of the education of the pupils," he writes, "it is desirable that they should not be so required to leave school and to discontinue their studies before the annual examinations which are now approaching, inasmuch as if they do not appear for the examinations, all the money they have spent hitherto on fees and all the trouble they have taken to attend the school, will be practically wasted. This will be specially true in the case of pupils who are due to appear for the ensuing Vernacular Final examinations in April next."

He points out the grim fact that unemployment in the mill area is acute and the inability of the pupils to pay their fees is felt in all Urdu schools and in the Marathi and Gujarati schools in the mill area. The existing percentage of free studentship, which had been fixed by the Schools Committee at 23 had been made applicable to all the schools of Parel and yet there were a large number of pupils who found it impossible to pay their fees.

The Secretary, therefore, sought permission of the Schools Committee to investigate into the condition of each school with the help of the respective superintendents and to pick up cases of pupils really unable to pay fees and to give necessary concessions to such pupils as regards payment of past arrears as well as future payment of fees till the end of March this year. He suggested that in the case of pupils appearing for the Vernacular Final examinations the concessions would

have to be extended to the end of May.
The permission asked for has been granted by the Schools Committee.

Police Campaign

Against Beggars

The City Police, it seems, have been waging war for the last fortnight or so against the beggars. It appears the Maharabadi, Esplanade Road, Princes Street, and Phallan Road police stations have been responsible for the arrest of about 1,000 beggars during this period and their campaign is still going on. The immediate reason for this sudden action seems to be, according to the police, the increasing number of petty thefts occurring in the city in various localities. The present step taken by the police is, no doubt, in the right direction, provided due commonsense is used. It is impossible to get rid of all sorts and classes of beggars from the city. There are certain beggars who are really blind, lame or disabled and who have no other means of maintaining themselves but public charity. It is hoped that the Police will take this fact into account during their campaign.

After their arrest, the beggars are marched to the respective police stations where inquiries are instituted and those found with one or more previous convictions to their credit are deported from the city at once. During such arrests the police came across a gang of Iranis consisting about 35 members who, it was found, had no occupation in the city except begging. With the permission of the local Magistrate the whole gang was deported from the city by the Police.

Crimes of a serious nature have been taking place almost every day for the past several months. It cannot be said that the beggars alone are responsible for such crimes. There are, undoubtedly other classes of professional criminals behind such crimes. As soon as the police get a bit of relief from the beggar nuisance, it would be better if they direct their attention to tracing those persons who are responsible for daring daylight robberies, motor car thefts, demands for money from the public at the point of clasp knives, etc. Real drastic action against such people is of immediate necessity.

ART OF ANDHRA

(Continued from Page 6.)
discussion on "Swadeshi" brought forth the gratifying assurance from the organisers that they had already determined not to overlook the art and cultural aspects and possibilities of Swadeshi exhibition. They had already thought of a special sub-committee to undertake that work.

SUPREME COUNCIL'S "NO" TO INSULL

ATHENS, Jan. 24.
Samuel Insull's appeal against extradition order whereby he must leave Greece by the month end has been rejected by the Supreme State Council.
The verdict was based on a letter from the Ministry of the Interior stating that refusal was necessary in the interest of maintenance of friendly relations with the United States.—Reuter.

SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC
CURES MALARIA, INFLUENZA & FEVERS
FOR THE MILLIONAIRE AND THE MILLIONS
MADON SONS & CO.
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

Nation's Response To Wail Of Woe

Purse Strings Cut Loose To Rescue Homeless And Distressed

At a general meeting of the local Share and Stock Brokers Association held on Thursday meeting the sum of Rs. 40,000 was collected for the relief of the earthquake stricken area.

KARIANA MERCHANTS' HELP

Collect Rs. 12,823 Upto Wednesday

At an urgent meeting of the Managing Committee of the Kariana Merchants' Association held on Monday last, it was resolved to start the "Earthquake Relief Fund" in the Kariana Bazaar. The following is the list of donations received upto the 25th Jan. 1934.

of only cows & cattle.	5,000
Ruttonji Shapurji Tata & Co.	400
Seth Vallabhdas Tejpal	500
Seth Manilal Mulji	500
Ranchhodas Purshotam & Co.	500
Dadajee Bhikjee & Co.	500
Laljee Godhi & Co.	500
Lakshminand Vasanji & Co.	500
Lalji Lakshmidas	500
Narandas Marudadas Naraiwal	500
Vasundadas Hirjee & Co.	500
Union Chemical Agency	500
Mathradas Manilal & Co.	500
L. Vasanji & Co.	500
Khatani Vallabhdas & Co.	500
Gopalji & Co.	500
C. M. Marji Sundarji & Co.	500
Gopalji Champs & Co.	500
Karandas Ladha	500
Mulji Raghavji	500
Mohandas Keshavnal & Co.	500
Vajji Laxman	500
Waghaji Lakshmidas	500
Narottamas Harivalabhdas	500
Amritlal Mohanlal	500
Jetha Bhanji	500
Chimanlal Mulji	500
Narvalal Savai	500
Lakshmidas Shamji	500
Gordhandas Tokarjee	500
Jayantilal Jambadas	500
Chimanlal Mulji	500
Narvalal Savai	500
National Steamship Co.	500
(Tha. Ranchhodas Jethabhai)	500
Tulaldas Thakrar	500
Moraji Mulji	500
Tejaji Jansaram Kharawala	500
B. Shivchand Jethalal & Co.	500
Pranlal Sakarchand	500
Sorabji Navroji	500
F. S. Kerr & Co.	500
Total upto 24th Jan. (Wednesday)	12,823

Gandhi Seva Sena's Quota

The following donations have been wired to Babu Rajendra Prasad through the Gandhi Seva Sena—	
Congressman	1,000
Mr. D. S. Captain	500
Mrs. Sitabai Callian Yandya	500
Mrs. Purshotamdas R. Sonawala	500
(for installation)	500
Messrs. Narayan Manohar	500
Parsee Sympathiser	500
Mrs. Bachubai M. Sorabjee	500
Mrs. N. D. S. Captain	500
Mr. M. S. Captain (for installation)	500
Mrs. Banobhai Bilimoria (through Unity Club)	500
Mrs. Manekbai P. Jejeebhoy	500
Through Unity Club	500
Messrs. Sorabji S. Engineer & Co.	500
Mrs. G. M. S. Captain	500
Bai Jambhavan Parshotam	500
A Swadeshi worker	500
Total	4,458

Cotton Brokers' Quota

A sum of Rs. 29,070 has been promised by the members of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association and still more promises are being received.

It is expected that the Association will send about Rs. 35,000 towards the Bihar Orissa earthquake Relief Fund.

This Association has already sent Rs. 10,000 to Baboo Rajendra and Rs. 5,000 to the Marwari Relief Society and still more amount is being sent.

ARYA SAMAJ RELIEF FUND
The Bombay Arya Samaj Seva Samiti have sanctioned rupees five hundred for immediate help to sufferers from earthquake disasters. The Hindu Mahasabha and local Arya Samaj institutions have started relief work in Bihar and the East and Bombay Arya Samaj Seva Samiti has decided to co-operate with those institutions who have already started the relief work in the affected area.

The undersigned appeals the public to send their contributions to the following address and request the donors to render the help as soon as possible.

Contributions for rendering help without any difference of caste and creed may be sent to: The Secretary, Arya Samaj, Bombay, Girgaum.

Diamond Merchants Contribute Rs. 3,000/-

Messrs. Hemchand Mohanlal & Co., on behalf of the diamond merchants of Bombay sent on the 23rd instant, Rs. 3,000 by telegram to Mr. R. C. Pandit, Treasurer, the Bihar Central Relief Committee, through the Imperial Bank of India Ltd., Mandvi. The following is the list of merchants who contributed:—

Hemchand Mohanlal & Co. Rs. 500;	K. & Co. Rs. 300;	Bhagyalal Laherchand Rs. 200;	Dahyalal Makaniji Rs. 200;	Vithaldas Ranchhodas Rs. 200;	Amritlal Balchand Rs. 150;	H. B. Shah Rs. 150;	Kothari Jivraj Becharadas & Co. Rs. 130;	Jesinglal Delchharam Rs. 100;	Manilal Rikhavchand Rs. 100;	Laxminand Tribhuvandas Rs. 100;	Chandulal Khushchand Rs. 50;	Patubhal Chhuni Lal Rs. 50;	Jhaverlal Motilal & Co. Rs. 50;	Radlal Bepulal Rs. 50;	Chimanlal Manchand Rs. 50;	Upendranath Doss Rs. 30;	Bhaderlal Tribhuvandas Rs. 30;	Kamarsingh Nagindas Rs. 25;	Manilal Velchand Shah Rs. 25;	Manilal Velchand Shah Rs. 25;	Girindhar Jagmohandas Rs. 20;	Ramprakash Gangaram Rs. 15;	Muni Bhupatral Harakhji Rs. 15;	Vithaldas Vandravandas Rs. 10;	Maheshji Premji Rs. 10-4;	Motiram Govindji Rs. 10-4;	Savachand Jagjiwandas Rs. 10-4;	Dhanjibhai Ramjibhai Rs. 10-4;	Kalidas Laxmichand Rs. 10;	Bhikachand Neergardas Rs. 10;	Harilal & Valjibhai Rs. 5-4;	Ishwardas Tulisdas Rs. 5;	Chhotatal Godaddas Rs. 5;	Motilal Ujmalal Rs. 5;	Fulchand Kesrichand Rs. 5;	Bhura Karan Rs. 3;	Nagindas Mathubhai Rs. 2;	Chimanlal Purshotam Rs. 2;	Pranmanand Dass Re. 1.
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BUDDHIST RELIEF FUND

Devapriya Vallisinha, General Secretary, Maha Bodhi Society, Sarnath, Benares, India writes:—

Buddhists of India and other countries are greatly grieved to hear the enormous loss of life and property as a result of the unprecedented earthquake.

We are anxious to render whatever assistance possible towards the amelioration of the sufferings of the people. Accordingly two workers have been sent to the affected areas to report and undertake relief work.

A fund is being raised among the Buddhists for the purpose both in India and abroad. Those Buddhists and sympathisers whom we cannot approach individually are requested to send their donations to me. They will be acknowledged duly. Accounts will be published in the journal of the Society and other periodicals.

AJANTA CINETONE QUOTA.

The Staff of the Ajanta Cinephone Ltd., have collected more than Rs. 500 for the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund.

M. CHHAGANLAL TRUST QUOTA.

The following contribution is made to the Babu Rajendra Prasad's Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund:—

Mr. Kanaiyalal Munshi and other trustees of the late Sheth Mansukhlal Chhaganlal's Trust Fund" Rs. 1,000

SWASTIK LEAGUE JOINS RESCUE WORK

The Swastik League of Bombay which has been carrying on Ambulance and other beneficent activities in this city for the last four years, proposes to collect money in Bombay and the suburbs for the purpose of affording relief to those who have suffered during the recent earthquake in Patna, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr and other places in North India. The League is therefore sending round Volunteers for the purpose of collecting funds, which will be immediately forward to the charitable bodies working in the afflicted districts. The volunteers will be in charge of sealed boxes in which the money will be collected, and these boxes will be opened in the presence of the responsible office-bearers of the Swastik League.

PT. NEHRU FORMS RELIEF COMMITTEE

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 25.
Allahabad has not been slow in responding to the call for help for the sufferers of the earthquake disaster.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has formed here a provisional relief committee to co-operate with the central relief committee at Patna and it is expected that the Rt. Hon'ble Sir Tej ahadur Saprui, Mr. C. Y. Chintamani and other leading citizens will join it.

Nagrik Mandal and Muslims assembled at a public meeting under the chairmanship of Dr. Sharaf Ahmad Khan and formed relief committees.—A. P.

DOHAD'S EFFORT

A meeting of the leading citizens and merchants of Dohad was held on 23rd January under the presidency of Seth Maganlal Mansukhlal.

A resolution of sympathy for the sufferers in the earthquake in Behar and Orissa was passed and a committee of the following gentlemen to collect the funds for the distressed was formed. *Seth Maganlal Mansukhlal and Laxmidas M. Shreekanth are appointed as the President and the Secretary of the committee respectively. The following are the members of the committee:—

(1) Seth Maganlal Mansukhlal, President, Grain Merchants Association; (2) Mr. L. M. Shreekanth, Vice-President, Bhl Seva Mandal; (3) Seth Maneklal Chhaganlal, Member, Grain Merchants Association; (4) Seth Maganlal Chhaganlal, Secretary, Grain Merchants Association; (5) Maganlal Damodardas, Member, Grain Merchants Association; (6) Dr. V. K. Phatak; (7) Seth Mahasukhlal Jechandbhai, Cloth Merchant; (8) Mahendralal C. Desai, E.A., L.L.B., Member, Dohad Municipality; (9) Narvalal G. Parik, High Court Pleader; (10) Narayandas Bhagwandas Vaidya; (11) Kamalashanker L. Pandya.

The work for collection has already begun and a decent sum is expected. The collection will be sent to Babu Rajendra Prasad.

MILLOWNERS TO SEND CLOTH

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25.
The Ahmedabad Millowners' Association has decided to collect cloth from local mills to be sent to Bihar and other places affected by the earthquake.—A. P.

"Hindu" Quake Relief Fund

MADRAS, Jan. 24.
The "Hindu" Earthquake Relief Fund now totals nearly Rs. 11,985/- Contributions received by the "Madras Mail" to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund amounts to Rs. 1,300/- of which Rs. 1,000/- was contributed by the paper.—A. P.

RS. 500 DONATED TO VICEROY'S FUND

(From Our Correspondent)
BANGALORE Jan 25
The Municipal Commissioner of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore at its special meeting held this morning, Mr. G. H. Shook, I.C.S. presiding, adopted on the motion of Mr. Mohamad Haneef, a resolution expressing profound sorrow at the loss of several fellow countrymen who have suffered in Bihar and elsewhere. Mr. B. G. Rajagopala I addalar moved that Rs. 500 be sanctioned from the Municipal funds to the Viceroy's earthquake relief fund and this was also accepted.

In response to an appeal issued by the Cox Town Athletic Association for relief to the distressed in the earthquake, the following have subscribed: Sir C. V. Pamen Rs. 50; Dr. C. B. Rama Rao Rs. 50; Mr. V. K. Obedullah Rs. 30; Mr. G. K. Cooke Collector Rs. 20; and the Kaiser-I-Hind Mills Rs. 50.

Volunteers For Monghyr

The Bombay Provincial Jail Reforms Conference inform us that the following volunteers left Bombay on Monday night with Sardar Jamiat Singh for Monghyr:—

(1) Mr. S. Mohamad Quazi; (2) Mr. Mohamad Siddiq; (3) Mr. Motilal Shah; (4) Mr. Devchand Shah; (5) Mr. Shankar Linga Patil; (6) Mr. Harbans Singh; (7) Mr. Narayana Singh; (8) Mr. S. Yacob; (9) Mr. Govardhan Sharma.

The galba carried 220 blankets (200 received from Mr. Motilal Vasanji of Bazar Gate and 20 from Mr. K. C. Marriott) and a parcel of medicines sent by Princess Street Chemists. The arrangements for sending further batches of volunteers are in the hands of Sardar Pratap Singh.

The G. I. P. Railway has refused to grant any concession for the volunteers.

Suggestion For A Prayer-Day

Sardar Abdur Rasque Khan, Ex-Agha Consul for Bombay and Consul General Meshed (Persia) has sent the following telegram to Maulana Kifayatullah President of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind Delhi:—

"I understand from the reports of news papers that Jamiat-ul- for the relief of distressed people of Behar.

I hope this appeal will not go unheeded. In this connection I would like to propose Jamiat and all such religious bodies of every caste and "rec" in India to fix a day for universal prayers and penitence to ward off the calamity of disastrous earth-quake.

I think next Friday will be the most suitable day. I trust Almighty-God will have mercy upon us."

FROM M. L. A. TO "HOPELESS VAGABOND"

Gayaprasad Singh, Eye Witness, Details 'Quake Shock Havoc

NEW DELHI: (By Mail)
"Providence has saved me from the jaws of death", observed Mr. Gayaprasad Singh, M.L.A. when an Associated Press representative met him this morning. Mr. Gayaprasad is the first Member of Assembly from Bihar to come to Delhi. He has received no communication from other members of Bihar. He added "At the time of the earthquake which swept over the country, I was at my own residence in Muzaffarpur taking a cup of milk with my grand daughter on my lap. I was a miraculous escape when I rushed in the open with the child and other inmates to see the adjoining houses coming down with a terrible crash spreading a storm of dust all round. Fortunately my family escaped with little damage as my two sons were away from Muzaffarpur one at Benares while the other in Patna."

"HOPELESS VAGABOND NOW."
Proceeding he observed with visible feelings of sorrow in his countenance that his house was standing a shattered wreck. His other house in a village Jnan-daha has been completely brought to the grounds. "I am a homeless vagabond now", He added with a smile.

Asked as to the actual casualties in Muzaffarpur, Mr. Gayaprasad said, as long as he remained there he had thoroughly surveyed the whole area. The population of the town is between 40 to 50 thousand. Now there is not a single house standing. And even those which are still standing are not inhabitable. His own modest estimate from the appearance of the wreckage is that at least 4,000 to 5,000 have perished. After the unprecedented calamity water works have failed to a great extent. Electric supply has completely stopped, and the whole town was plunged in darkness.

Homeless wandering humanity are crying for drinking water. Now people are living in improvised shelters to a great extent exposed to bitter cold.

FEAR OF EPIDEMIC.

Another great fear expressed by Mr. Gayaprasad was the possible outbreak of epidemic. He said the drains in Muzaffarpur town have been completely choked with mud and brinks falling from shattered buildings with result stagnant water spreads all over. It may take several days before the debris could be removed and the corpses that are still lying under the wreckage are emitting horrible smell with vultures hovering overhead.

APPEAL FOR HELP.

He appeals for lavish donations and contributions in kind. Medical relief was of utmost im-

12,000 DEAD IN MONGHYR

Curfew Order To Prevent Plunder

(From Our Correspondent.)
PATNA, Jan. 25.
News from Monghyr says that the death register of the Municipal Office records 12,000 dead. To prevent Goondas, who have come as far as from Calcutta for plundering the buried wealth, a curfew order will be enforced after nightfall.—United Press.

22 RELIEF SOCIETIES AT WORK IN MONGHYR

They Are Working In Full Coordination With One Another, Says Mahasabha Secretary

PATNA, Jan. 25.
Mr. Jagat Narainlal, Secretary of the Hindu Mahasabha, states that having been detained in organising relief and despatching workers and volunteers to different centres, he could visit Monghyr only yesterday. He described the scene of wreckage and desolation wrought by the earthquake as indescribably horrifying. The buildings on the main bazars and its cross-roads toppled down with such suddenness within the fateful few minutes of the earthquake that the dwellers, merchants and passers-by were all buried in the twinkling of an eye.

Dead bodies are still being dug out on the stinking smell of rotting corpses still under the debris issued out at several places. The dead body of a boy student just unearthed lay in the street with his mourning relative.

MAGNIFICENT BUILDINGS IN RUINS
The magnificent buildings of the richest merchants and zamindars of Monghyr are lying in ruins. It is unfortunate that instantaneous arrangements for keeping a record of the deaths at the burning ghats and burial places was not made; else some correct idea of the deaths could have been made. The official estimate of the number of deaths is extremely low. Non-official estimates persist in keeping the figure never below 10,000. After walking through all the streets and lanes in the worse affected parts and verifying facts from survivors and sufferers as far as possible, one cannot help

mediate necessity. Tents, blankets, food stuffs are welcome to any extent. The local authorities are doing their utmost under the circumstances. But in his opinion the relief given at present is not adequate enough to cope with the magnitude of the loss and damages inflicted. If outside help was rushed immediately several lives could yet be saved from being wasted under the debris or for want of medical aid.

Another remarkable feature of the earthquake was that several openings on the earth occurred throwing up water, sand and other darkish materials, rendering a vast area unfit for cultivation. Road and railway communications have been considerably disorganised. He himself had to travel by car up to Goraul three stations away from Muzaffarpur Railway Station to take train for Delhi.

ZAMINDAR KILLED.

He said Babu Gobind Saran Singh, zamindar was also killed. Concluding Mr. Gayaprasad Singh expressed his grateful thanks to His Excellency the Viceroy for starting the "Earthquake relief fund," and other agencies and individuals who have been doing their might to help the victims.—A. P.

PIRWARI FAIR AND EARTHQUAKE FUND

Arrangement Made For Special Steamer
The Annual Pirwari (Uran) Fair will be held on Sunday (28th inst.) The recent introduction by Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co., of week-end trips to this charming spot has brought the public in a closer touch with the secluded land of beauty.

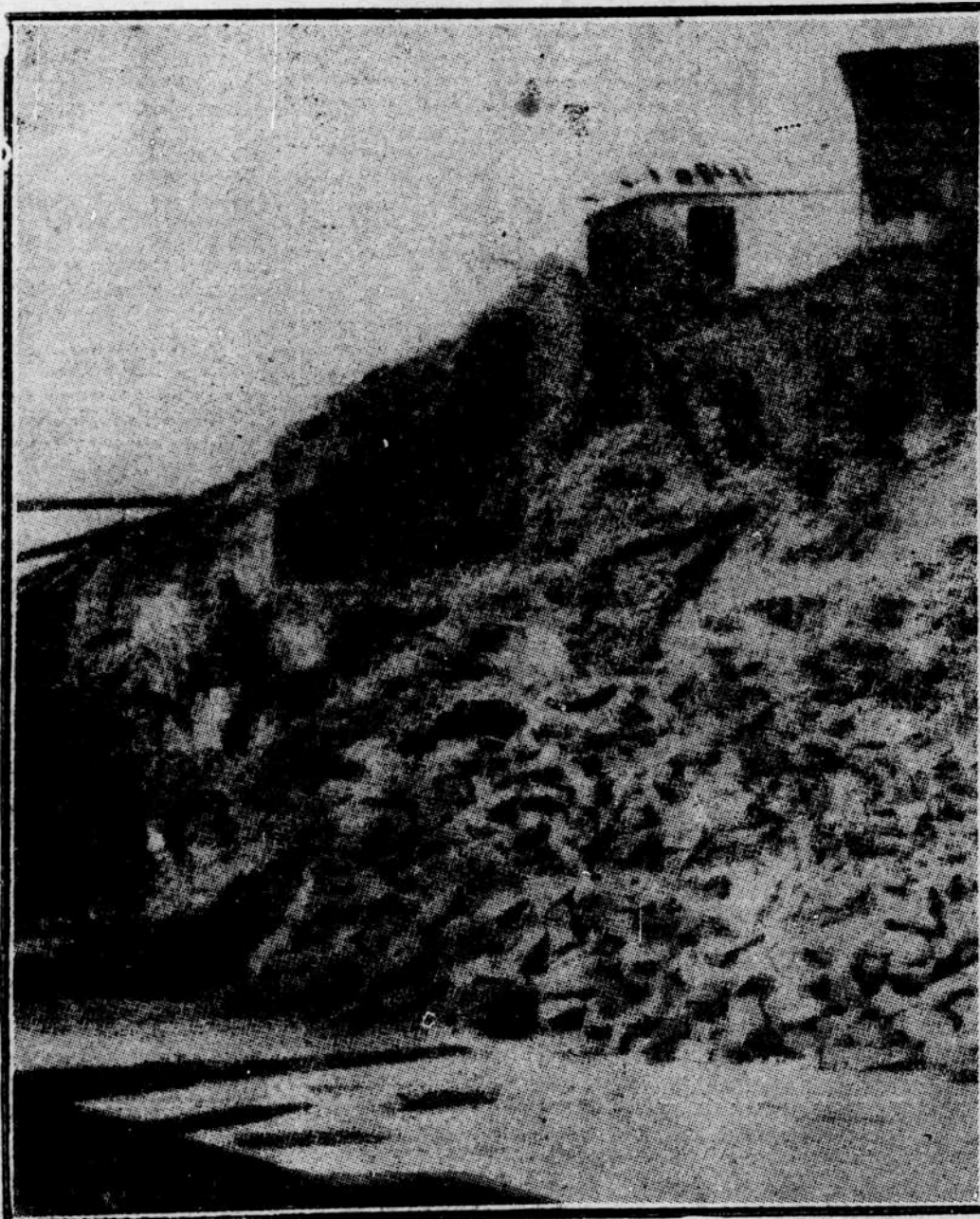
At the fair occurs on a moon-light night, visitors will be much delighted by scenery. In addition to this a splendid display of fireworks will be given by an expert of Bombay. Visitors can have their food in the restaurant. A special tea-stall will be opened. Its receipts will go to the Earthquake Relief Fund. Visitors to this stall are requested to contribute according to their capacity. People, while having their tea here, will be, at the same time, helping their distressed brethren of Bihar.

Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co., will run a special steamer for the Fair from the Gate-Way of India at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) which will return to Bombay the next morning, starting from Morn (the pier for Pirwari) at 8 a.m. (S.T.)

The following are the timings of the daily steamer services between Bombay (Ferry Wharf) and Morn.

Leaving Ferry Wharf for Morn at 7-15 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Leaving Morn for Ferry Wharf at 8-0 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Besides this motor launches and boats will be available at Apollo Bunder throughout the day and night. Motor cars also go to Pirwari direct from Bombay via Thana and Uran—a distance of about 88 miles.



Ruins in Muzaffarpur.

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Draconian Legislation Death Penalty For Offences Under Indian Arms Act!

Bengal Govt. To Introduce Bill Seeking To
Make Existing C. L. A. Acts Permanent

CALCUTTA Jan. 23.—With the object of dealing more effectively with terrorism a bill known as Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Bill of 1934 will be introduced at the current session of the Council by the Home Member (Mr. R. N. Reid), providing death penalty for possession and manufacture of arms and explosives if the offenders intend to use them for the commission of murder or abetment.

The Bill also makes provision for the extreme penalty for sale of firearms with the intent to murder or abetment of the offence. According to the statement of objects and reasons the necessity for this provision has arisen from the fact that several cases of use of country-made arms have recently come to the notice of the Government.

MAKING THEM PERMANENT. The Bill seeks to make the existing temporary Criminal Law Amendment Acts of 1925 and 1930 permanent as in the opinion of the Government "Terrorist Conspiracy" has unfortunately gone past the stage when it can be regarded as ephemeral movement and temporary legislation keeps alive in the mind of the terrorists that Government will before long be deprived of their special measures.

The Bill proposes to amend the Indian Press Act relating to Bengal empowering Government to demand security or forfeit security or forfeit the Press for publication of prohibited information expressing "undue concern and sympathy for detenus and convicts in Andaman Islands." The Press is also made liable for publication of identity of witnesses before special courts when this is forbidden.

DETERRENT CLAUSES. The statement of objects and reasons says: "The Bill seeks to supplement the existing criminal law so as to enable the local Government to grapple more effectively with the terrorist movement. Some of the clauses are of a deterrent nature, but most are preventive and are the outcome of an endeavour to prevent the recruiting of young persons to the movement and to enlist the assistance of parents and guardians in saving those for whom they are responsible from being debauched by the terrorist groups."

DEATH PENALTY! It is proposed to provide the penalty of death for certain offences under the Indian Arms Act of 1925 and the Explosive Substances Act of 1908, to make certain additions to the cases in which security can be demanded and the security or press can be declared forfeited under the Indian Press Act, to prohibit the publication of information notified by the local Government as tending to create an atmosphere favourable to recruitment to the terrorist movement; to make the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Acts of 1925 and 1930 permanent; to make provision for the dictation of evidence by Commissioners appointed under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act of 1925 and special magistrates under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act 1932, to shorten the procedure in trials before Special Tribunals where abscon-

ders who might have been tried jointly with others are apprehended during the process of a trial or after its conclusion; to empower District Magistrates to restrain the movements of persons under the age of 21 years found consorting with terrorist suspects; to penalise the possession of certain classes of literature; and to restrict the activities of associations which encourage the commission of crimes of violence or intimidation.

COUNTRYMADE ARMS. Clause 3 of the Bill proposes to inflict death sentences for manufacture, conversion or sale of arms, ammunition or military stores but this will be confined to offences committed in circumstances indicating that the offenders intended to use the arms for the commission of murder or abetment or knew it likely that the arms would be so used. The necessity for this provision will be found in the fact that several cases of country-made arms by terrorists have recently come to the notice of Government.

Dealing with the press the statement says that since the passing of the Press Act of 1931, direct encouragement of murder or violence has perforce been abandoned, but recourse is still freely had to indirect methods such as the expression of undue concern and sympathy for detenus in the detention camps and convicts in the Andaman Islands; commemoration of terrorist convicts and detenus, and the publication of laudatory accounts of revolutionary movements in other countries all of which are bound to have the effect of putting revolutionary ideas into the susceptible minds of the young.

REVOLUTIONARIES AND THEIR HOPE. Reasons for making B.C.L.A. Acts of 1925 and 1930 permanent whose life was fixed at ten and five years respectively the statement goes on to state that experience has shown that there is not the smallest doubt that temporary legislation keeps alive the hope in the minds of those concerned in the revolutionary conspiracy that Government will before long be deprived of the power to continue against them the special measures which they from time to time put in force.

As for the clause dealing with the dictation of evidence, it is stated that the object is to lighten the work of the Commissioners who usually have to handle voluminous evidence and thereby speed up the trial.

CHARTER TO DISTRICT MAGISTRATES. The Bill also gives power to District Magistrates to take action without reference to local Government, but after consultation, where practicable, with parents or guardians. The provision relating to parents etc. has been introduced with the definite aim of securing the support of those who are anxious to save their children from corruption.

There is also a clause in the Bill which makes a person liable to imprisonment for three years and fine if he has in his possession any newspaper, book or other document which had been prohibited under the Sea Customs Act, declared forfeited to the Government etc.—United Press.

SHAUKAT ALI FOR ALIGARH

Muslim Ittehad Board Meeting On Feb. 3

BOMBAY, January 24.

With a view to giving practical shape to the resolutions passed at the All-India Muslim Conference held at Lucknow last month, an All-India Muslim Ittehad Board has been set up.

The first meeting of this Board will be held at Aligarh under the presidency of Nawab Mohamed Ismail Khan on February 3 and 4.

Moulana Shaikat Ali, the working Secretary of the Board, will be leaving for Aligarh on February 1.

It is learnt that the Ittehad Board is deputed Moulana Shaikat Ali to undertake a propaganda tour in Bengal and Burma some time in February.

It is understood that H.H. the Aga Khan is meeting at Delhi prominent Muslims of different schools of thought in the month of February.—A.P.

LATEST GAZETTE NOTIFICATIONS

The Government of Bombay (Transferred Departments) are pleased to withdraw, with effect from the 1st February 1934, the powers conferred on the Thana Municipality by Government Notification No. 3896, dated the 29th August 1933.

The Government of Bombay (Transferred Departments) are pleased to withdraw the powers conferred on the Poona Municipal Corporation by Government Notification No. 3896, dated the 3rd October 1933.

AMBERNATH COMMITTEE. Messrs. Laxman Govind Navare, Daji Bhau Patil, M. A. Nursinhachary, F. A. Bergman and S. R. Rathi have been appointed as members of the Notified Area Committee of Ambernath for the Triennium commencing January 30, 1934.

Imperial Bank Rate Unchanged

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.—The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at three and a half per cent.

Our Baroda Letter:

MAHARAJA MILL STARTS WORK

Depositors To Get Five Annas In Rupee In Cash

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, January 23. In Baroda State every village has got a panchayat. About 13rd members, sit in the village panchayats. Patel is the President, a nominated member. Elections are held every three years. The functions of village panchayats are to observe cleanliness, sanitation to help charitable institutions and to supervise, to look after education and to promote protective and preventive measures. Then there are Mahal panchayats and District panchayats.

MILL CRISIS OVER. The Maharaja Mill has begun its work already. The depositors will get 5 as. in cash and 1 anna preference cumulative shares for the value of one rupee. The shares are devalued from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 200. Thus by the settlement of Zhaverlaxmichand Mills, and the resuming of Maharaja Mill working, the mill crisis is over.

EXHIBITIONS. A fruit, flower and vegetable exhibition will be held here in the month of February. An Industrial exhibition also it is understood will be held here in the month of March. Plans are in progress to start a school of economics in Baroda, and it is understood that, if established, it will concentrate on the current problems of Baroda Economies.

REVENUE OFFICER SUSPENDED

Sequel To Police Search & Seizure Of Gun

MYMENSINGH, Jan. 25. Dwijendra Mohan Dutta Gupta, Superintendent of the Collectorate has been suspended from service and asked to show cause why he should not be dismissed. It will be recalled that the house of Mr. Dutta Gupta was recently searched by Police and his gun was seized.—(United Press)

BOMBAY GAZETTE

Notification Of Civil Appointments

The following notifications have been made:—

Mr. C. C. Hukoti, on return from leave is to be District and Sessions Judge, Sholapur, vice Mr. G. E. Salvi.

Mr. G. H. Salvi, on relief is to continue to officiate as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Sholapur.

Mr. J. D. Kapadia, I C S, Assistant Collector and a Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Bijapur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr. T. V. Thadani is to continue to officiate as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Hyderabad, up to the 29th March 1934 inclusive.

Mr. B. H. Taylor to do duty as Assistant Superintendent of Police, Poona, vice Mr. E. J. Jenner transferred.

Mr. Dadiba C. Mehta, Officiating Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind is to hold inquiries into municipal election cases generally in the judicial district of Karachi.

Sir William T. W. Baker, Judge of the High Court of Bombay is permitted to retire with effect from the 6th December, 1933.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT. Mr. J. A. Madan, on relief is to officiate as Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, vice Mr. S. H. Covernton, I.C.S., proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. C. N. Sharples, I C S, to officiate as Assistant Revenue Officer, Lloyd Barrage and Canals Construction, vice Mr. A. D. Gorwala, I C S, pending further orders.

Boarding House For Lady Students

RAJKOT, Jan. 24.

Seth Ranchoddas Gandhi of Mahuva has decided to finance the project of a boarding house for lady students desirous of availing themselves of the Majiraj Girls School, the Alfred and Sanatan Dharma High Schools, the Mahila Vidyalaya and the Dakshinamurti Vidyalaya Bhuvan at Bhavnagar.—A. P.

SENSATIONAL FINISH AT SECUNDERABAD

(Continued from Page 12) over the wicket nearly knocking Levett over in doing so. Another ten minutes of quiet play followed, and then walking yards out of the crease Naidu drove Verity cleanly for another sixer, the second of the innings. But even more spectacular were Naidu's cuts which were made with excellent timing and power. The century of innings was reached at 2-40 after the innings had lasted 110 minutes, which was a very good going after 50 in 65 minutes.

With a single, Naidu reached his 50 in 80 minutes. In this score there were two sixes and 5 fours. The then squarecut Verity to the boundary. The tea interval was taken at 3-45. C. K. Naidu not out 57 and Hussain not out 15, extra one, total for three wickets at tea being 113.

70 MTS. TO PLAY.

When the game was continued for the last time at 4-5 p.m. the home team had 70 minutes to play in which to get 109 runs to win. Sensing what methods the batsmen would adopt Walters placed his field mostly on boundaries. There were no slips at all. Nichols was at deep, third man and Human, Gregory, Bakewell, Mitchell, Valentine all on boundaries and Townsend at the extra-cover.

Nayudu refused to take even easy singles but in hitting out recklessly was lucky to have the field too deep. Hussain made some brilliant hits which were splendidly saved and was then caught by Gregory on leg boundary.

Amarsingh followed and was caught by Mitchell on cover boundary and a fine hit and a fine catch. The score showed C. K. Naidu (not out) 63.

Every minute was now precious if the home side were to win. Nazir Ali made cannon drive and was splendidly caught by Langridge at the deep mid-off. (41/63)

It was now 4-32 and at the way field was placed to save boundaries and with Townsend and Verity bowling to make sixes impossible without the grave risk of throwing away one's wicket it seemed impossible for the home side to force win.

C. K. NAYUDU OUT.

C. S. did his bit by driving Townsend for a six and piercing the well-spread out field with a fine four but C. K. Nayudu was out trying to hit a sixer against Nichols (who came on at 172) and was caught by Mitchell.

C. K. Nayudu was batting for 130 minutes and his chief hits were two sixes and seven fours.

C. S. HITS OUT MERRILY.

The situation now changed from one of forcing a win to forcing a draw. C. K. and C. S. had themselves battled as though they had despaired of victory and with C. K. Nayudu's departure, such possibility was absolutely barred. C. S. Nayudu however revealed in the possibilities that the situation presented and hit out merrily. Two consecutive off-drives against Verity which literally scorches the ground were effortlessly fielded by Walters. C. S. on-drove the third ball and was well caught by Langridge running in from boundary. C. S. was out at 5-3 for 25. There were still 12 minutes time for play and two wickets to fall.

Walters tried Human for the first time for the last over of the day. To make excitement and suspense still greater, Bharat Chand was caught at silly mid-off off Human's first ball. Ujjah came in at 5-12 when three minutes and five balls were left for the play and the last wicket to fall.

MATCH DRAWN.

The field clustered round Ujjah and there were no less than six fielders with eight yards of him providing glaring contrast to the field as it was set only a quarter hour ago. Ujjah refused to be overawed and hit out lustily. He got two on the leg-side then two through the slips. Then fittingly wound up the sensational innings by swiping Human's last ball of the day to the boundary past Walters standing well forward at mid-off.

The match ended amidst great excitement in draw.

M.C.C. (2nd Innings)

Walters c Hussain b Mushtaq Ali 36
Mitchell l.b.w. b Amarnath 42
Langridge c C. S. Naidu b Amarnath 29
Verity l.b.w. b Amarsingh 8
Valentine b Amarsingh 39
Gregory l.b.w. b Amarsingh 23
Townsend c Hussain b Amarnath 21
Nichols (not out) 55
Bakewell c M. Ali b Amarsingh 18
Human c b Amarsingh 4



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Levett l.b.w. b C K Naidu ... 9
Extras ... 19
Total ... 303

BOWLING ANALYSIS
Nazir Ali 12 2 32 0
Amarsingh 42 8 85 5
Mushtaq Ali 18 4 46 1
Bharatchand 2 1 2 0
C K Naidu 123 4 20 1
C S Naidu 5 1 17 0
Naomal 1 0 1 0
Amarnath 26 5 84 3

MOINUDDOWLA XI (2nd Innings)
Naomal l.b.w. Verity ... 16
Mushtaq Ali st. Levett b ... 1
Townsend ... 26
Amarnath c Nichols b Townsend ... 0
C. K. Naidu, c Mitchell, b Nichols ... 79
Hussain, c Gregory, b Townsend ... 21
C. S. Naidu, c Langridge, b Verity ... 25
Bharatchand, c Mitchell, b Human ... 1
Amarsingh, c Mitchell, b Verity ... 1
Nazir Ali, c Langridge, b Human ... 3
Hadi (not out) ... 4
Ujjah (not out) ... 5
Extras ... 8

Total (for 9 wickets) ... 188

BOWLING ANALYSIS.
Nichols 6 1 16 1
Verity 29 7 78 3
Townsend 24 3 76 3
Langridge 1 0 5 0
Human 1 0 8 1
The M.C.C. are leaving for Bangalore to-morrow morning.

MADRAS TEAM TO PLAY AGAINST M. C. C.

Naidu Brothers Express Inability To Play

(From Our Correspondent.)
MADRAS January 24.
The Madras Presidency team to play against the M.C.C. Tourists

on February 3, 4 and 5 has been selected.

The team will be captained by H. P. Ward.

Major C. S. Nayudu and C. S. Nayudu who were selected, it is understood expressed their inability to play.

The following will compose the team:
H. P. Ward (Captain), Maharajkumar, Vizianagram, Bharatchand, M. J. Gopalani, C. P. Johnstone, R. I. P. McIntosh, R. Nallor, P. E. Padia, A. G. Ramsingh, Capt. F. Rogers, M. A. Uttappa. Reserves: A. V. Krishnaswami Shahabuddin and Capt. H. A. White.

Official And Social
Sir Montagu Webb lunched at Government House on Wednesday.
His Excellency the Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Brabourne attended the Final of the Western India Championship Polo Tournament on Wednesday, and afterwards gave away the Cups.
Lady Brabourne presided at the Annual Public Meeting of the Y.W.C.A. on Wednesday.
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Latest Commercial News

SHARP DECLINE IN LONDON GOLD

N. Y. Cotton Futures
UnchangedFURTHER DECLINE IN
LOCAL SILVER PRICESCommodities Quiet And
Featureless

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.
On Thursday, the sterling-dollar cross-rate was a shade easier but the sterling franc cross-rate rose a little.

NEW YORK COTTON SLIGHTLY EASIER.

Decided lack of confidence due to the continued absence of news regarding the Farm legislation caused further easiness in New York cotton prices to-day.

The uncertainty surrounding the Monetary Bill was a bearish factor.

SHARP DECLINE IN LONDON GOLD.

London gold price declined, sharp to-day and silver was also slightly easier. The local silver prices were depressed and gold was also easy.

CHICAGO GRAINS QUIET.

Chicago grains ruled quiet to-day in the absence of any stimulating news. Liverpool wheat was dull and uninteresting.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN UNCHANGED.

The 3-1/2 per cent G. P. Note remained unchanged at £87-3/4.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK
COTTON PRICES

(May 1934.)	
New York, Jan. 25.	
Previous closing rate	11.25
To-day's opening rate	11.19
Difference	—0.06
To-day's closing rate	11.25
Difference	Unchanged.
Broach Expectation	Rs. 195

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1934.)	
Liverpool, Jan. 25.	
Previous closing rate	5.77
To-day's opening rate	5.74
Difference	—0.03
To-day's closing rate	5.72
Difference	—0.05

NEW YORK
COTTON MARKET

The decided lack of confidence due to the continued absence of news regarding the Farm legislation caused further easiness in cotton prices which gradually sagged under the disappointed long liquidation and realising. Moreover the uncertainty surrounding the Monetary Bill due to some modifications suggested therein constituted another bearish factor.

Trading in May commenced at 11.19 i.e., six points lower than the previous closing. The market weakened on London liquidation influenced by unfavourable Liverpool advices and disappointing New York Stock Exchange which steadily forced May down to 11.16. At this level trading became quieter and movements narrow with nothing particular doing.

The New York cotton market closed unchanged at 11.25.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 25.
The following were the opening quotations:—
March (11.21/11.21) 11.05/11.05.
May (11.35/11.34) 11.19/11.17.
July (11.50/11.48) 11.36/11.35.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 25.
The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—
American January (5.77) 5.74.
American March (5.77) 5.73.
Egyptian January (8.23) 8.26.
Egyptian March (8.18) 8.23.

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 25.
11-0 P.M.
Broach cotton for April/May delivered was traded in at Rs. 193-12 at night when New York cotton futures were reported to be 9 points down.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan. 25.
Liverpool wheat opened quiet at 52 for March, 53-3/8 for May and 55-3/8 for July i.e. 3/8 penny lower than the previous closing. The market was quiet and easier with very little business passing in the absence of any stimulating advices from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET

Chicago, Jan. 25.
Chicago wheat opened steady with May 90, July 88-1/4 and September 89-1/2. The market was quiet and slightly easier in sympathy with stock exchange.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, Jan. 25.
Trading in Chicago oats opened at 37-7/8 for May and in rye at 51-3/4 for May. Both markets continued quiet and featureless with nothing doing.

ARGENTINE LINSEED.

Buenos Aires, Jan. 25.
Argentine linseed opened steady with February at 11.69 while prices further improved on shorts covering and foreign buying which brought the quotation up to 11.74 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan. 25.
The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

METALS.	
Tin (£227-5/8) £226 1/2 easy.	
Lead (£11-3/4) £11-5/8 easy.	
Iron (£65) £65.	
Electrolytic Copper (£37 to £37 1/4) £36 to £37.	
TEA.	
Indian Pekoe (1-1-1/4) 1-1-1/4.	
Indian Pekoe higher (2-2) 1-3 1/4.	
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4.	
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10 1/4) 1-10 1/4.	

JUTE.	
First Market c.i.f. Continent	
New Crop Feb./Mar. (£16-1/2)	
£16-1/4 paid and sellers.	
Dundee Feb. (unquoted) £18-3/4.	
Lightning Feb. (unquoted) £17-1/2.	

RUBBER.	
Spot (4-17/32) 4-21/32 paid and buyers.	
Jan./Mar. (4-21/32) 4-3/4 paid and buyers.	

LINSEED.	
Linseed Bombay Jan/Feb (£11-7/16) £11-3/8 sellers.	
Linseed Calcutta Jan/Feb (£11-1/4) £11-1/8 sellers.	
Linseed La Plata Jan/Feb (£9-7/16) £9-3/8 sellers.	
Rapeseed Toria Feb./Mar. (£9) £8-7/8 sellers.	

CARDAMOM MARKET REPORT.

Kombal, Jan. 25.
The result of to-day's auction per "thulam" of 810 tolas of Cardamom is as follows:—
Prices per tolas weight of ungarbled estate bulk tharapandams was 19 to 20. Mysore store-pandams 21 to 22. Mysore store-pandams 23 and Pure cardamoms seeds 26.
200 "thulams" were sold. The market was firm with an upward tendency.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Jan. 25.
Silver opened steady at Rs. 54 1/4, 54 1/2 and 57 1/2 for ready, Mah and Fagn delivery. The market eased on some scattered selling due to easiness in the Shanghai Exchange while prices further gave way on disappointing London silver cables and closed quiet at Rs. 53 1/2, 53 1/4 and 57 1/2. Gold opened steady at Rs. 32-10/3, 32-10/6 and 32-11 for ready, Mah and Fagn delivery. Prices early gave way due to weaker Paris Exchange but at the lower level banks appeared as buyers. However subsequently the market again fell back on further weakness in Paris rate. The rates were 32 7/9, 32 3/8 and 32 3/8.

STOVE TRADE AGAIN!

The primus stove claimed another victim on Thursday when Manibai, aged 19, a Hindu girl succumbed to her injuries at the G. T. Hospital.
It appears that Manibai, who resides at Karwar Street was lighting a stove at 3-30 p.m. when her saree got fire and she received extensive burns. She was removed to the G. T. Hospital where she died at 8-30 p.m.

OIL & COPPER SHARES FIRM
ON THE STOCK EXCHANGEMarkets Cheerful But Business
Patchy

GOOD TURNOVER IN COCOA.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

On the Stock Exchange, recent favourites were again in good demand, notably Oils, on recent favourable developments in the oil industry of America, Coppers, on United States Development and Rhokana Corporation's good report, also Tobaccos and Brazilian bonds.

Otherwise although markets were cheerful, business was somewhat patchy. Large business was again experienced in cocoa and though metals were somewhat reactionary, good turnover was also reported.

INDIAN STERLING
LOAN

London, Jan. 25.
The 3-1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day unchanged at £87 3/4.

LONDON STOCK
EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 25.
(3-30 P.M.)
The general tone was rather irregular. Gilt-edgeds were quiet and generally easier. Oil shares were an outstanding feature. Coppers and Tobaccos were also very firm.

BRITISH FUNDS.	
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75-5/8)	£75 5/8.
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8.	
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 1/4) £109 1/8.	
4 per cent Funding Loan (£111 7/8) £111 3/4.	
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101-3/8) £101-1/4.	
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110-7/8) £110-3/4.	

INDUSTRIALS.	
Brazilian Traction (dol. 13 1/8)	dol. 13 1/8.
International Holding (dol. 2 1/8)	dol. 2 1/4.
Hydro-Electric (dol. 7 3/8) dol. 7 1/2.	
Electrical Musical Insurance (18-9)	18-10 1/2.
Princhin John (32-6) 32-9.	
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (33-0)	32-10-1/2.
Woolworth New Ordinary (94-10)	94-10.
Swadish Match "B" (10/6) 10-4	12.
Dunlop Rubber (42-9) 42-0.	
Uniliver Ordinary (24-6) 24-0.	
Ford Motors (24-6) 24-5.	
Cables and Wireless "B" (11 1/2)	11-7.
British American Tobacco (115)	117-6.
Cameras "A" (£8) 28-1/8.	
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (114-3)	118.
P. and O. S. N. Co. Def. (18-9)	18-9.
Distillers (82-6) 83-3.	
Bradford Dyers (15-6) 15-6.	
British Celanese (13-1 1/2) 13.	
J. and P. Coats Ordinary (62)	61-9.
Courtaulds Ordinary (43-3) 43-6.	
Fine Cotton Spinners (14-9) 14-9.	
Vickers Ltd. Ordinary (9-0) 9-0.	
Inter. Nickel (dol. 23) dol. 23-1/8.	
Bengal Iron and Steel (6-0) 6-0.	
Tata Iron and Steel (£109) £109.	

RUBBER SHARES.	
Anglo-Dutch Rubber (21-9) 22-6.	
Gula Kelampungan (20-0) 20-0.	
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (28-7 1/2)	29/3.
MINING SHARES.	
Nundydoo (64-0) 61-3.	
Burma Corporation (13) 13.	
Rio Tinto (20 3/4) 20 7/8.	
East Rand Proprietary (44) 43/8.	
Rand Mines (122 1/2) 121 3/4.	
OIL SHARES.	
Venezuela (37 1/2) 38/8.	
Anglo-Persian (50/0) 50-7 1/2.	
Burma Oil (90-7 1/2) 91-3.	
Mexican Eagle (12-0) 12-6.	
Shell Transport (54-4 1/2) 55-7 1/2.	
Royal Dutch (£23) £23 1/2.	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	
New York, Jan. 25.	
The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange:—	
General Motors (dol. 38-1/8) dol. 38 7/8.	
Anacosta Copper Mining (dol. 16 3/4) dol. 16 3/8.	
U. S. Steel (Common) (dol. 56 7/8) dol. 56 1/2.	
U. S. Steel (Preference) (unquoted) dol. 78-1/2.	

JUTE SHARES QUIETER.

CALCUTTA, January 25.
Jute Shares ruled quieter though transactions were of a moderate dimension. In Coals Bengal improved a few points while others showed very little alteration. Teas firmed up further and fair business was reported. In Miscellaneous Sugars were easier, while Burn & Co. ordy. marked up about 11 points. Securities were firm. Following were the closing quotations:—
Securities: 3 1/2 per cent. paper 63 1/2; 3 1/2 per cent. New Loan 1947/50 95 1/2; 4 per cent. Loan 1960/70 99 1/4 small lot; 5 per cent. loan 1945/55 114 1/2; 5 per cent. loan 1939/44 106 7/8; 4 per cent. Punjab Bonds 1948 99 1/2.
Banks:—Central Bank 24 1/2 small lot; Imperial Bank conty. 30 1/2.
Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan pref. 95 cum. div.; Howrah Amta Light 88 ex. div. small lot.
Coals:—Bengal 23 1/8; Burrakur 13 1/8; Equitable 19 1/4; New Beerbloom 12 1/8; Raneeungee 41 1/4; Standard 29 1/4.
Jutes:—Adamjee pref. 103; Al-

ASSEMBLY TURNS
A MARKET PLACE

(Continued from page 1.)
written laws of the United Kingdom. (Applause).
Proceeding Pandit Sen criticised Gandhiji's "unreligious movement."
Pandit Sen warned the Government against another mutiny and asked them to intervene by putting a stop to Gandhiji's "irreligious campaign."
Mr. Jadhav occupied half an hour replying to the criticisms against the measure. He maintained that whatever might be the origin of untouchability the untouchables were entitled to be treated as human beings.
POONA PACT ECHO
Dewan Bahadur Krishnamachari in moving circulation of the Bill for opinion till August 1 referred to the Poona Pact under which it was agreed by Gandhiji that legislation against untouchability would be passed in the first national Parliament and in the meantime no coercion would be used to remove it.
Mr. Ranga Iyer asked if the passing of the legislation meant coercion.
D. B. Krishnamachari replied that any legislation was coercion if it was against the conscience and religion of the people.
DIG AT GANDHIJI
Continuing Dewan Bahadur Krishnamachari maintained that this Bill interfered with religion. He took to task those persons who had no occupation and passed themselves as reformers and went about the country wasting their own time and others' money and thrusting their non-religious beliefs on others.
"HARLIAN"
His epithet of "Harlijan" for "Untouchables" was widely resented by Untouchables themselves and one Mr. Srinivasan had stated so in a Madras paper.
Mr. M. C. Rajah asked, "Have you seen Mahatma Gandhi's reply?"
Dewan Bahadur Krishnamachari said that he was more concerned with the view of the people concerned (Untouchables) and not with Mahatma Gandhi's reply which was liable to be changed from day to day.
IF GOD TELLS ME!
He admitted that before God all were equal. If to-day God ordered him (speaker) to carry Mr. M. C. Rajah on his shoulders, he was prepared to do so.
A voice queried, "How are you to know that God orders you?"
Dewan Bahadur Krishnamachari replied, "Just as he did in case of Lokasarakamani!"
Concluding the speaker said that revolutionary changes had occurred in the social life of India during the last 30 years and many more were expected in the next 15 years. Why then impose them by force and thereby lose the good chance of uniting all together and attaining the goal.
Mr. Ranga Iyer in a brief and unconvincing speech demanded the right of Harijans to walk elect in the Hindu society.
INDO-JAP TREATY
The adjourned motion regarding the signing of the Indo-Japanese Treaty was taken up.
Mr. B. Das referred to the fact that when it was decided to have the conference in India it was acclaimed as giving a new status to India. Now, however, it was proposed that Indian delegates should only initial the Treaty in India and the formal signature should take place in London. This treaty was merely a domestic matter concerning India and Japan and Mr. Das asked what objection could the Foreign Office in London take to that.
A STRAIGHT QUESTION.
He asked: "Did the Government

of India ask the British Government to confer with the Plenipotentiary Powers in this respect so that formality of signing might also be done in India. If not, why not?" He added that India had signed the Treaty of Versailles as a separate entity and also Locarno and Kellogg Pacts. Now the Indian delegates to the Universal Postal Congress would sign an agreement at Cairo. Why should not the right be given in the case of this purely commercial convention with Japan, when India was supposed to enjoy fiscal autonomy convention and when Britain's foreign relations were not disturbed thereby.
IF BRITAIN SAYS 'NO.'
Mr. Azharali supported Mr. Das and pointed out that the Secretary of State for India in a Despatch in 1923 admitted India's right regarding all fiscal matters. Now there was demonstration in England against Japan. Supposing England decided not to enter into a Treaty, then what would happen to the labours of all these discussions in India?

Mr. Ranga Iyer regarded the motion as frivolous.
Mr. S. C. Mitra said that no international obligation of the British Government was violated by the agreement. He hoped that Government would not stand on formalities and would pay heed to national sentiment and self-respect.
Mr. Mitra thought that Mr. B. Das had rendered a national service by bringing this matter before the House.
GOVT. REPLY.
Sir Joseph Bhoré replying on the debate emphasised the constitutional position of India and said that the only exception he knew of was the Versailles Treaty. Sir Joseph continued:—India is not an international unit and has never been treated as an independent unit of the Commonwealth. If my friend's suggestion is that the constitution should be changed it is a perfectly logical position. But so long as the constitution stands, we can't get away from the consequences of that constitution."

STRAINING AFTER A SHADOW!
He declared:—"The conclusions embodied in the treaty were ours and our alone (applause) and were arrived at by the Government of India as being in their judgment in the best interest of this country. The treaty will be signed in London between representatives of His Majesty's Government and the Government of Japan but the signing of this treaty will not alter by one jot or tittle the substance of the agreement (Hear, hear). The Government of India claim that the Fiscal Autonomy Convention is honoured in the spirit and in the letter. Mr. Das is straining after a shadow when we already have the substance in our hand!"
Concluding Sir Joseph said:—"For the first time in our soil we have entered into an agreement with representatives of foreign country. That marks a definite epoch in our history and I would ask this House whether it is for that they move this motion in order to censure Government." (Applause). He asked Mr. Das to withdraw the motion.
MOTION WITHDRAWN.
Mr. B. Das said that his speech had been misunderstood. He did not say that the Government of India did not act rightly but he wanted them to ask the British Government to confer plenipotentiary powers on the three Indian delegates to sign the treaty.
Mr. B. Das withdrew his motion and the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

STAVISKY DUEL MAHATMA IN
KOILPATTI

Addresses And Purse
Besides Other
Presents

KOILPATTI, Jan. 25.
After leaving Tuticorin Mahatma Gandhi with his party arrived at Koilpatti this morning. He addressed a mammoth public meeting in the Swaraj Ashram Maidan. He also received four addresses, a silver cup and a charka besides a public purse of Rs. 79, presented by the Gandhi Reception Committee.
The party afterwards motored to Rajapalayam.—A. P.

Ex-Minister Of Justice And
Journalist Stage Revolver
Fight

LONDON, Jan. 25.
Paris.—Two shivering dwellers, in the biting northeast, exchanged four shots in the Parc des Princes stadium this morning. The duellists were Andre Hesse, ex-Minister of Justice who formerly acted legally for Stavisky and journalist Beineux, whom Hesse accused of insulting him in an article on the Stavisky affair appearing in "Paris Midi".
The duellists stood 75 feet apart in the windswept stadium and all shots went wide. The master of ceremonies was the celebrated authority on duelling, Joseph Renaud. It is understood that the antagonists are unreconciled.—Reuter's Extra Special.

VALUATION OF JEWELS

LONDON, Jan. 25.
Bayonne.—Wide divergence between private and official valuations of certain jewels placed in the Credit Municipal Bank. Bayonne is one of the revealing sidelights provided in the Stavisky scandal inquiry. The expert revalued the jewels in the presence of the magistrate and Henri Cohen (the arrested valuer attached to the Credit Municipal), and declared their value was but 500 sterling compared to Cohen's valuation of 22,500 sterling. For instance, one box labelled "Necklace value 7,500 sterling: Loan 6,250 granted" contained a necklace worth 16 sterling.—Reuter's Extra Special.

Further Liquidation In New York Market

MILLS FREELY ABSORB OFFERINGS

Mixed Feeling On Slow Progress Of Acreage Reduction

LOOKS LIKE IRREGULAR TRADING

BOMBAY, Jan. 25. The New York cotton futures market was nervous and irregular on Wednesday, unsettling factors being strength of Wall Street. Prices declined on long liquidation. Slow progress of the acreage reduction is creating doubts among bulk operators, inducing long liquidation. There was some selling of optional cotton by the Federal agencies. But spinners absorbed all offerings and the action of the market was impressive. In the absence of any fresh development the market looks like fluctuating within a narrow range. However recent liquidation is improving the technical situation of the market. The actual situation is gaining strength and large quantities of raw cotton are now rapidly moving into consuming establishments. The main trend of cotton prices is upward and we advise purchase in quiet markets as chances are decidedly in favour of higher prices.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 7 points with May 11.35 and immediately reached the highest level of the day when prices were quoted 8 points above previous close. Spinners were free buyers. Later on prices declined on long liquidation influenced by doubts regarding compulsory restriction of cotton production over the U. S. Cotton Belt. Prices steadily declined 13 points from the highest level and May delivery reached the lowest level 11.23. The market closed quiet at a decline of 2 to 3 points for near months while distant deliveries closed 8 to 7 points lower. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points to 11.08.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON. The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 5 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points to 11.08.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 5 to 6 points. There was some short-covering which met with scattered continental selling. Later on business was moderate with straddle buying and price fixing by trade. The market closed quiet at a rise of 8 to 9 points. Midland American spot cotton prices improved by one point to 6.02d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of 2 points with January 4.77, March 4.74 and April 4.77.

EGYPTIAN COTTON. Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady with scattered buying. Sakels futures closed at a rise of 13 to 11 points with spot cotton 45 points higher at 8.43. Uppers futures advanced 8 to 10 points with spot cotton 2 points higher at 6.73d. The Alexandria cotton market was closed on Wednesday.

STATISTICAL STRENGTH. Liverpool friends of Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co. in the course of their weekly report state:—

"In the 'Arrival' Market the turnover has been considerable, the feature being the purchase of new crop positions for investment purposes. The small premiums demanded in the Liverpool market, viz. 3 points for one year, and 16 points for 2 years ahead, compared with 70 points in the New York market for 11 months ahead, have consequently attracted buyers."

For several days the Agricultural Adjustment Administration have been selling futures in the American market, thus converting some 200,000 bales of cotton into actual cotton. It is estimated that the Government still hold about 600,000 bales of futures, which will be converted into spots when the present later months become the near positions. The acreage reduction campaign for 1933/34 commenced on January 1st and approximately 125,000,000 will be paid to cotton producers under the 1934 adjustment programme.

ACREAGE REDUCTION. It is understood that a Bill is before Congress whereby power will be given to the Government to control all gins. Farmers will therefore only be able to have their quota of cotton ginned based on the result of the acreage allotted to them. The original scheme was to produce 10,000,000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 25.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPTS	
2-1/2 p.c. G.P.N. Sett	83-11
2-1/2 v.c. G.P.N. Cash	83-6
4 p.c. 1960/70 Sett	98-4
4 p.c. 1960/70 Cash	98-5
5 p.c. 1945-55 Sett	113-15
5 p.c. 1945-55 Cash	114-0
TAXFREES.	
4 p.c. 1953/63 Mysore	100-4
5 p.c. 1953 Mysore	113-8
5-1/2 p.c. 1938 Mysore	109-8
6-1/2 p.c. 1935 BDL	105-14
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	
5-1/2 p.c. 1945/50 Cash	95-9
4 p.c. 1934/37 Cash	100-8
4 p.c. 1934 Cash	101-8
4-1/2 p.c. 1954 Cash	101-0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955/60	106-2
5 p.c. 1930/41 Cash	106-6
5 p.c. 1940/42 Cash	106-10
5 p.c. 1935 Cash	103-8
5-1/2 p.c. 1938/40 Cash	107-5
6-1/2 p.c. 1935 TB	105-6
CORPORATION LOAN (TAXABLES.)	
4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974	94-0
4 p.c. M. Deb. 1974	93-0
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959	105-8
6 p.c. M. Deb. 1954	117-12
6 p.c. K.P.T. 1956	118-0
6-1/2 p.c. B.T. 1937	108-0
3 p.c. G.P. Notes opened at Rs. 83/11/6 and closed as above.	

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

Bank Bill 3 months market rate	1 p.c. to 1-1/16 per cent.
Bank Bill 6 months market rate	1-1/8 p.c. to 1-1/8 per cent.
Fine Trade Bill 3 months market rate	2 p.c. to 2 p.c.
Fine Trade Bill 6 months market rate	2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.
Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 p.c.	
Interest 7 Days Market Loan 0-3/4 p.c.	

LONDON EXCHANGES.

T. T. London on	
Berlin	13.30
Amsterdam	7.82
Brussels	22.55
Madrid	39.06
Milan	59.78
Berne	16.24
Paris	80.06
Prague	110.03
London on New York	4.99-3/8

LONDON METALS.

	London, Jan. 24.
Copper Braziers	45-1/4
Yellow Metal	37-1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-7/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	16-1/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B.	228

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

	London, Jan. 24.
Chartered Bank of L. & A. and China	15-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	435
P. & O. Banking Corporation	105-8
National Bank of India	47
Consolidated Loan 4 p.c. 1911	111-7/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	102-1/8
Rupia Paper 3-1/2 p.c. 1912	61-1/2
Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. 1931 or later	75-1/2
Indian Stock 4-1/2 p.c. 1930/55	108-1/4
Consols 2-1/2 p.c. 1952	75-5/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1952	101-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 p.c. 1917	110-7/8

NEW YORK COTTON.

	New York, January 24.
March, 1934	11.11-03
May, 1934	11.25-03
July, 1934	11.42-02
October, 1934	11.53-05
December, 1934	11.64-07
Spot	11.45-05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	New York, January 24.
March, 1934	11.03-05
May, 1934	11.09-03
Spot, 1934	11.09-05

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

	New York, January 24.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	18,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	11,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

	Liverpool, Jan. 24.
Quotations	5.80-08
January, 1934	5.79-08
February, 1934	5.78-08
March, 1934	5.77-08
April, 1934	5.76-08
May, 1934	5.75-08
June, 1934	5.74-08
July, 1934	5.73-08
August, 1934	5.72-08
September, 1934	5.71-08
October, 1934	5.70-08
November, 1934	5.69-08
December, 1934	5.68-08
January, 1935	5.67-08
Middling Spot	5.66-08

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

	Liverpool, Jan. 24.
SAKELLARIDES	
January 1934	8.26
March 1934	8.22
May 1934	8.18
July 1934	8.14
October 1934	8.02
November 1934	8.02
January 1935	8.02
F. G. F. Spot	8.43

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

	New York, Jan. 24.
Good	44.15-33c
Superfine	44.30-35c

NEW YORK SILVER.

	New York, Jan. 24.
Good	44.15-33c
Superfine	44.30-35c

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations.

	Bombay, Jan. 25.
B. C. Rate T.T. & D.D. 1/6	
LONDON—	
Banks selling T.T. & D.D. 1/6 1/16	
January	
Banks selling T.T. 1/6 1/32 Feb. Mar.	
Banks selling T.T. 1/6 April	
Banks buying T.T. 1/6 1/8	
Banks buying D.D. 1/6 1/8	
Banks buying 3 Mos. 1/6 3/16 Jan. Mar.	
Banks buying 3 Mos. 1/6 3/32 April, May.	
NEW YORK—	
B. C. Rate T.T. 260 1/2	
Banks selling T.T. 260 1/2	
Banks buying T.T. 260	
PARIS—	
Banks selling D.D. 600	
Banks buying D.D. 610	
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D.D. 58 1/4	
JAPAN—	
Banks selling 60 Days 78 3/4	
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D.D. 100	
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D.D. 20	
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D.D. 156 3/4	
JAVA—	
Banks selling D.D. 98	
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D.D. 99 1/4	
CROSS RATE—	
New York London 4.98 7/4 24th inst.	
Shanghai London 1/4 1/8 24th inst.	
London Italy 30 75 24th inst.	
London Paris 80.00 24th inst.	
London Belgium 22.54 24th inst.	
London Switzerland 16.20 24th inst.	
London India 30 75 24th inst.	
London Stockholm 19.39 24th inst.	
London New York 5.00 1/4 24th inst.	
Holland London 7.50 1/2 24th inst.	
Java London 7.78 24th inst.	
Tone of Sterling Exchange—Steady.	
Doll.	
Gold 26-12-9 23rd inst. 26-12-10 24th inst.	
Silver London Ready 19 1/2 23rd inst. 19 1/2 24th inst.	
Silver London Forward 19 9/16 23rd inst. 19 7/16 24th inst.	
Silver New York Ready 44 1/2 23rd inst. 44 1/2 24th inst.	
London Discounts 3 Mos. T. 1/16 p.c. 23rd inst. 1 1/16 p.c. 24th inst.	
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.c. 23rd inst. 1 1/8 p.c. 24th inst.	
Bank of England Rate 2 p.c. Money—Call 2 p.c. 3 Mos. 2 p.c. 6 Mos. 2 1/2 p.c. Tone—Steady.	

GOLD & SILVER.

	Bombay, Jan. 25.
The local silver market ruled quiet to-day on lower Shanghai advices. Prices opened at Rs. 54/2 and improved to Rs. 54/6 but later on eased off to Rs. 54/4. The Gold market was steady with a limited business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. The market opened at Rs. 32/10/3 and later on prices declined to Rs. 32/9/9. At this level the market was steady.	
Ready Silver	54 3 0
February Settlement	54 4 0
March Settlement	57 6 0
Ready Gold	32 9 9
February Settlement	32 10 0
March Settlement	32 10 3

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

	Bombay, Jan. 25.
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.	
Since 1st September	
In full-pressed Bales.	
Yesterday	
This year	
1933-34	124,943
1932-33	76,016
1931-32	79,347
1930-31	69,825
1929-30	162,107
1928-29	35,840
1927-28	16,184
1926-27	7,715
1925-26	5,214
1924-25	12,064
1923-24	67,306
1922-23	31,096
1921-22	8,773
1920-21	3,357
1919-20	5,106
1918-19	493
1917-18	18,178
1916-17	49,307
1915-16	24
1914-15	22,784
1913-14	710,073

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

	Bombay, Jan. 25.
1st Sept. to 18th Jan.	
In full-pressed Bales.	
Yesterday	
This year	
1933-34	730
1932-33	157,108
1931-32	5,250
1930-31	81,325
1929-30	8,291
1928-29	45,931
1927-28	17,326
1926-27	5,880
1925-26	309,981

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

	Bombay, Jan. 25.
Extra	
Spr-fine Sup Fl FG Good	
MG Bengal UP	152 149 146 142
MG Punjab	152 149 146 142
MG Rajputana	152 149 146 142
MG Oomra No 3	183 180 178 175
MG CP No 1	196 193 191 188
MG CP No 2	189 188 184 181

INDIAN COTTON.

	Liverpool, Jan. 24.
BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	4.45
Fine (Good Staple)	4.60
Superfine (Good Staple)	4.75
OOMRA—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.70
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	4.85
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.00
BENGAL—	
Good	3.81
Fine	3.91
Superfine	4.01
SCINDE—	
Good	3.91
Fine	4.01
Superfine	4.11

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 25. In sympathy with a decline of 3 points in New York futures the local market opened at Rs. 196/8 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 195/4. The market was quiet and featureless. There was a small business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Later on there was increased selling by option dealers and prices declined to Rs. 195/4. Liverpool market opened at a decline of 3 points against expected decline of 2 points. The market was quiet with Broach A/M. delivery quoted at Rs. 195/8. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

COTTON TENDERS.

	To-day	Total
Bengal D/J.	100	16,800
Oomra D/J.	500	9,800

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, Jan. 25.
Old	
New	
Bengal Superfine	154
Bengal Fine	151
Bengal FG	147
Sindh-Punjab Fine	151
Sindh-Punjab FG	147
Wardha-Hingri Finpe	171 190
Nagpur Savner Fine	171 190
Yemotal Fine	168 184
Arvi Fine	168 184
Ellichpur Fine	168 185
Amraoti-Berar Fine	168 179
Khamgaon Fine	168 179
Mulapur Fine	161 173
Khandesh Fine	161 170
Jalna/Sailu Fine	164 170
Burwah Sanavav Fine	168 179
Broach Fine	182
Punjab/American	206
Punjab-American mix	200
Cambodia	241
Miraj/Sangli	171
Compta Good	176
Besoga	324
Kampala	331
Manza	306

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Fine (Good Staple)	4.60
Superfine (Good Staple)	4.75
OOMRA—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.70
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	4.8

JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., Ltd. has
its Head Office in Fort,
Bombay.
J11

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1934

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agen-
cies in principal towns
in India.
J12

SENSATIONAL FINISH AT SECUNDERABAD M. C. C. Piles Up Big Total In Second Venture

**BUT HOME SIDE FIGHTS BACK
AND FORCES DRAW**

M. C. C. (1st Innings)	112
MOIN-UD-DOWLAH'S XI (1st Innings)	194
M. C. C. (Second Innings)	303
MOIN-UD-DOWLAH'S XI (2nd Innings)	188

(for 9 wks)

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 25.

There was a sensational finish to the M.C.C.'s match against Moin-ud-Dowla's XI on Thursday.

The M.C.C. were all out in their second innings for 303 at 12-40 p.m. leaving the home side 190 minutes play in which to make 212 runs to win. Nichols remained not out with 55 for M.C.C.

The home side lost 3 wickets for 49 but there was a good partnership between C. K. Nayudu and Hussain which added 78 runs.

C. K. Nayudu made 79 in 139 minutes, hitting two 6's and seven 4's.—A. P.

The start of the match today was sensational. Townsend and Nichols faced the bowling of Amarsingh and Amarnath, the latter being raised to the position of opening bowler probably in view of his success yesterday. Nor did he belie his captain's expectations for he got Townsend caught behind wicket off his first ball of the day. Townsend attempted to drive him and gave a snick to S. M. Hussain who made no mistake.

BAKEWELL MISSED ONCE.

Bakewell was badly missed behind the stumps by Hussain off Amarsingh when he had made only one run. C. K. Nayudu made a double chance bringing on Nazir Ali and Mushtaq Ali, but the latter was well hit by Bakewell, and he was quickly replaced by Amarsingh again.

With a drive to the screen Bakewell sent up 250 in 275 minutes. The batsmen played as though they were not troubled by the quick changes and made some fine strokes, but Bakewell in trying to turn Amarsingh to leg gave a catch to Mushtaq Ali at short-leg, the eighth wicket falling at 380.

AMARSINGH IN FORM.

Bakewell was out to the first ball of Amarsingh's second over, and the Kathiawar bowler caught and bowled Human with the last ball of the same over for four runs. The ninth wicket was thus down at 11-50 a.m. and the total was 284.

At noon the game was stopped for two minutes during which period the umpires, batsmen and fielders stood in line bare-headed on the pitch to pay their respect to the deceased mother of Nawab Moinuddowla.

NICHOLS SCORES 50 RUNS.

With the object of rounding off the innings as quickly as possible Naidu again reshuffled his bowling, but without avail. Levett batting most aggressively, one of his earliest strokes being square-cut to the boundary off Amarnath. In twenty minutes the pair added 26 runs, and the M.C.C. were now over 200 runs ahead.

C. K. Naidu who had not so far bowled to-day, now came on for the first time, vice Amarnath.

Nichols who had been batting altogether for 105 minutes then reached his 50 with a boundary hit off Amarnath. The score at 11-50 a.m. was 284.

NICHOLS, who made 55 not out in the M. C. C.'s second innings.

12-30 p.m. was 298 for nine wickets.

M.C.C. SCORE 303.

C. K. Naidu did succeed in breaking up the last wicket partnership which had added a valuable 39 runs. The M.C.C. second innings ended at 12-45 p.m. for 303, Nichols remaining not out with 55. His was a chanceless

innings full of merit because of the failure of the M.C.C.'s regular batsmen.

He had seven 4's in his score.

REQUIRE 222 RUNS TO WIN

Requiring 222 runs to win in 195 minutes the Moinuddowla XI commenced their second innings at 12-50 p.m. with Naomal and Mushtaq Ali. Nichols opening from Spencer's end sent down two no balls in his first over which yielded seven runs. Naomal squarecut Verity's third ball powerfully to the boundary sending the first ten runs in five minutes.

At lunch the score was fifteen for no wickets, Naomal not out 8, Mushtaq Ali not out 7.

Moinuddowla's XI 38 for 2

When resumption was made at 2 p.m. Moinuddowla's XI with 180 minutes before them wanted 207 runs to win. Naomal and Mushtaq Ali set about very briskly each getting four off the first pair of bowlers, Townsend and Verity. Langridge was introduced to make these two bowlers change ends, and this move immediately succeeded, Verity getting Naomal out l.b.w. for 15 out of 31 runs (31-1-15).

AMARNATH OUT

Mushtaq Ali was rushing out of the boundary to drive slow bowlers, once hitting Townsend safely over in the field to the screen, but in trying to repeat the stroke against Verity he was nearly caught by Nichols although the ball did not go to his hand. Amarnath made a weak hook against Townsend giving the easiest of catches to Nichols at short leg. Second wicket fell at 2/25.

CAME SLOWS DOWN

With the advent of Naidu instead of game brightening up, it slowed down. Evidently it was Naidu's policy to play himself in first before opening out. Twice he cocked up the ball just near the wicket, and although neither of these was a catch the crowd exhorted Naidu to play steady. After blocking patiently for 20 minutes, Mushtaq Ali went out to his Townsend, and was very smartly stumped by Townsend for 28.

C. K. Naidu safely lifted Verity but the boundary was saved, and then twice cut him beautifully to the boundary. When he had scored 19 he had three fours to his credit.

Fifty appeared on the board at 2/55 in just over an hour's play.

NAIDU'S SIXERS

After batting with almost unnatural restraint for nearly an hour, Naidu opened out. His first ball was a magnificent sixer against Townsend which sent the ball sailing out of the ground. Naidu brilliantly hooked the next ball to the boundary. To avoid hitting the wicket in his follow through, he clean hurried (Continued on page 9)

PARSI GIRL DISAPPEARS

**Police Investigating
Mystery Of Lahore
School-girl**

LAHORE, Jan. 24. The disappearance of a 15-year-old Parsi girl-student of a Lahore College has caused great excitement among the local Parsi community.

The girl who was a student of the First-Year Class, is stated to have left her house on Friday last for College as usual, but did not return home in the evening. Inquiries at the College showed that she did attend college on Friday morning, but soon left the institution on the ground that she was ill.

The Police are investigating.

DEVIDAS TAKES TO JOURNALISM

Joining Staff Of "Hindustan Times"

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 25. Mr. Devidas Gandhi who was prevented last year by the Chief Commissioner's order from residing in Delhi is now taking up an appointment in "The Hindustan Times." For the present he will be put on the managerial side and will later come over to the editorial department.

The idea of Mr. Devidas is to make journalism his career and in this he would be following the traditions established by his father and by his brother who is editing "Indian Opinion" in South Africa.

VILLAGE OFFICERS SUSPENDED

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24. Six village officers have been suspended by Mr. P. B. Pool, the District Collector, Delhi, under the Land Revenue Act for allegations of not assisting the Police in their inquiries in a murder case in which the notorious gang of Rishalsingh is now being tried.

The "Numberdars" appeared before the Collector to explain their conduct and refute the police allegations. As the Police Sub-Inspector, who reported against them was absent, consideration of the matter was postponed.

It may be mentioned that this is the first instance that village-officials have been suspended under this Act.—United Press.

N A W A B MOINUDDOWLAH BEREAVED

**Mother Dies After Sudden
Illness**

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 25. The large crowd that turned up this morning to watch the third day's play in the match between the M. C. C. and Moinuddowla's XI heard with great sorrow the news of the death last night of the mother of Nawab Moinuddowla who is sponsor of the Secunderabad team. She was about 65 years old and was well-known for her wide culture and advanced outlook. Well-versed in English and French she was President of various women's associations. She had a sudden stroke of paralysis on the night of Jan. 22nd to which she succumbed yesterday.

The funeral will take place this afternoon. The game will be stopped for two minutes at 10-30 p.m. out of respect to her memory.—A. P.

Surat.—At a meeting of the Surat Municipality, with Mr. Sanjana in the chair, Mr. Hussainbhai Navlakhi has been elected vice-president of the ensuing year. A Standing Committee of 12 members has also been elected under the chairmanship of Mr. Nathbhai Choksi.—United Press

4 COOLIES DROWNED

**Tragic Accident In
Rangoon River**

RANGOON, Jan. 25. Four Telegu coolies were drowned in Rangoon river on Tuesday night, when a sampan capsized on the mid-stream, being struck at the rear by a launch.

A report was made to the police, who in the course of their search recovered a body last night which is believed to be that of one of the victims.

The sampan of the launch has been detained by the police.—A. P.

NO DICTATORSHIP FOR LABOUR PARTY

**Party Executive Favours
Democratic Govt.**

LONDON, Jan. 24. The British Labour Party's strong repudiation of individualism advocating dictatorship was enunciated at the conclusion of a special meeting of the Party executive.

The Labour Party, it declares, bases its appeal to the public on the far-reaching economic and social change to be effected by the democratic Government, a free electoral system, an active and efficient Parliamentary machine.—Reuter's Special.

NEW GOVT. IN KASHGAR.

NEW DELHI, January 24. The following communique has been issued:

According to latest reports from Kashgar, there is very marked rise in the prices of foodstuffs not only in Kashgar but also in other parts of the Sin-Kiang. There is no change in the local situation in the country between Khotan and Amirshah Mansur.

Kashgar Old City has set up a new Moslem Government of its own under Sabit da Mulla, as Prime Minister.

Kashgar, New City, is held by Tungan leader Ma Chan Vohan Tsang.

The country between Kashgar and Askur appears to be under Khoja Niaz Haji who claims to be the chief leader and also claims control over Kashgar.

The latter has recognised Sabit da Mulla's Government in Kashgar, Old City.—A. P.

486 DETENUS FOR DEOL

CALCUTTA, Jan. 24. Enunciating Government's policy with regard to detenus the Home Member said in the Bengal Legislative Council to-day that he had never been cordially released merely because of their readiness to give an undertaking.

The primary consideration was whether having regard to their past history and activities, any reliance could be placed on the undertaking offered.

The Home Member added that 486 detenus had been transferred to Deol.—A. P.

CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE PRISONERS

**2,778 At The End Of
December**

NEW DELHI, January 24. A statement giving the total number of persons, convicted either under the ordinary law or the Central and Provincial Acts which replaced Ordinance Ten of 1932, who were undergoing imprisonment in connection with the civil disobedience movement in December 1933 shows a decline for British India as a whole of 524, as compared with the previous month, the total at the end of December having been 2,778 against 3,312 at the end of November. Bombay, N.W.F.P., Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and the U.P., show decrease of 150, 146, 65 and 34 respectively.

LEARN LESSON FROM CALAMITY

**'Quake Is Divine Punishment For Our Sins,'
Says Mahatma**

TUTICORIN, Jan. 25. Mahatma Gandhi visited Tenkasi, Tuticorin and a number of villages yesterday and received addresses and prayers for the cause of the Harijans.

At a mammoth meeting last evening at Tuticorin attended by not less than 25,000 persons, Mahatma was presented to him including an address from the local municipality. In all the meetings Gandhi made an appeal on behalf of the afflicted Harijans.

For the time being distinctions between Congressmen and non-Congressmen have been abolished and all the parties are supplementing efforts of one another. I know for a variety of reasons that only a limited number of persons could contribute to this purpose. But I wish, all without distinctions of race religion and creed including the Government servants give whatever they can to the sufferers in Bihar.—A. P.

DERIVE A LESSON.

"I want you to be superstitious enough with me to believe that the earthquake is a divine chastisement for the great sin we have committed and are still committing against those whom we describe as untouchables, pulayas and whom I describe as Harijans. Let us derive a lesson from this calamity that this human life is no more permanent than that of a moth, which we see every night dancing round the lights for a few minutes and then becoming destroyed."

"This earthly existence of ours is more brittle than very delicate glass bangles that the ladies wear. You can keep the glass bangles for a thousand years if you treasure them in a chest and let them remain untouched, but this earthly existence is so flimsy that it may be wiped out in the twinkling of an eye."

"Therefore whilst we have yet breathing time let us get rid of distinctions and purify our hearts and be ready to face our Maker when an earthquake or some natural calamity or death overtakes us."

A cheque of hundred rupees was given at the meeting for the Bihar Relief Fund.

Gandhi left this morning for Rajmatalam en route to Madurai.—A. P.

GANDHIJI'S HARIJAN TOUR

22/1/34 to 23/1/34 from Monday to Tuesday, days of silence, editing and correspondence at the Cape.

24/1/34 to 28/1/34 from Wednesday to Sunday Five days for touring in southern section of Tamil Nad.

29/1/34 to 5/2/34 from Monday to Monday Eight days of complete rest and recuperation, including correspondence work at Coonoor except two hours on Saturday afternoon.

6/2/34 to 11/2/34 from Tuesday to Sunday Six days in Northern and Eastern sections of Tamil Nad.

12/2/34 to 13/2/34 from Monday to Tuesday 8 days of silence, editing and correspondence in Madras (Kodambakkam).

14/2/34 to 17/2/34 from Wednesday to Saturday Four days' tour in Karnataka districts (arrive Bellary at 5 a.m. on 14/2/34 and leave Bijapur at 5 p.m. on 17/2/34).

18/2/34 on Sunday Hyderabad (Deccan) 8-6 a.m. to 12-50 p.m. and journey to Bezwada reaching it at 10-30 p.m.

19/2/34 to 20/2/34 from Monday to Tuesday Days of silence, editing and correspondence at Bezwada.

21/2/34 to 25/2/34 from Wednesday to Sunday Five days' tour in Orissa coastal districts, leaving Bezwada at 5-3 a.m. on 21/2/34.

26/2/34 to 27/2/34 from Monday to Tuesday Days of silence, editing and correspondence in Balasore or a place nearby.

28/2/34 on Wednesday Reach Calcutta at 7-8 a.m. by Puri Express.

Shanghai Rocked By Earthquake

**Thousands Rendered Homeless
And Many Buried In Debris**

Ominous Rise In Overflowing Yellow River

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24. An earthquake lasting from two to three minutes was experienced in the Provinces of Shansi and Suiyuan.

A number of buildings in Wuyuan district, and South Suiyuan, collapsed and numerous soldiers and civilians were reported buried in the debris.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS
4,000 are rendered homeless, and hundreds of homes are damaged by the overflowing Yellow River or the borders of Honan and Chihli provinces. 3,000 refugees were rescued from roofs and tree-tops.

DROWING FATALITIES

Only ten were drowned but a major catastrophe is feared as the river continues to rise.—Reuter's Special.

JOURNALISTS' DECREE SIGNED

**Attempt At "Disciplining
Pressmen"**

BERLIN, Jan. 24. Stringent provisions for disciplining the journalists are contained in a decree signed by Herr Goebbels, Minister of Propaganda, and Herr Guertner, Minister of Justice.

The Decree establishes a Journalists' Court in connection with every State Press Association with the Court of Appeal at Berlin.

These courts are purely professional, and the State Prosecutor will not be appearing. Cases will be heard by the Presiding Judge with Assessors chosen from the publishers and editors.

The penalties range from fines to striking the offender's name off the list of the Nazi journalists entailing the loss of a right to exercise in the profession.

The Civil and Criminal cases, including high treason, are not under the jurisdiction of the Press Courts, but the latter will naturally take account of any sentence pronounced by the ordinary courts against the journalists.—Reuter.

EX-KAISER'S BIRTHDAY ON JAN. 28

Frick Fears Unusual Demonstration By Monarchists

BERLIN, Jan. 24. Apprehending an unusually fervent celebration of ex-Kaiser's birthday on Jan. 28, Herr Frick, Minister of the Interior, issued a stern warning to Monarchists and other opponents of the present regime who had collected under the Monarchist mantle.

Chancellor Hitler and his Ministers, he said, would defend to the last breath their places in which Providence has put them.—Reuter's Special.

SALE OF FARM PRODUCTS ABROAD

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24. Representative Dies introduced a Bill for creating an Agricultural Surplus Exchange Board to arrange for the sale of farm products abroad and for silver bullion, which will be accepted up to 25 per cent above the world price, and deposited in the Treasury as reserve for silver certificates to be issued.—Reuter's Special.

OIL OUTPUT IN UNITED STATES

**Restriction To Be Imposed
In February**

(Special Cable).
NEW YORK, Jan. 25. Mr. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior, has approved the proposal of oil industry that the entire production of oil in the United States should be limited to 27,140,000 barrels in February.

TEA EXPORT QUOTA

(Special Cable).
LONDON, Jan. 25. The Tea export quota of the Dutch East Indies for the first year restriction ending March 31st remains fixed at 50,658,000 Kilogrammes, according to the Amsterdam correspondent of the "Financial Times". On the basis of potential production the actual percentage of restriction amounts to 49.28.

LONDONDERRY LEAVES KARACHI

KARACHI, Jan. 25. The outward air-mail left Karachi at 9-25 a.m. to-day with four passengers, including Lord Londonderry, Secretary of State for Air.—A. P.

BERAR CONFERENCE POSTPONED

(From Our Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, Jan. 24. The Berar All Parties Conference which was to be held on January 28 is now postponed to February 24.